(19) World Intellectual Property Organization

International Bureau





(43) International Publication Date 23 September 2004 (23.09.2004)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number WO 2004/080980 A1

(51) International Patent Classification⁷: **C07D 239/48**, 405/12, 403/12, 401/12, 401/14, A61K 31/506, 35/00, A61P 37/00, 29/00

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/EP2004/002616

(22) International Filing Date: 12 March 2004 (12.03.2004)

(25) Filing Language: English

(26) Publication Language: English

(30) Priority Data:

 0305929.2
 14 March 2003 (14.03.2003)
 GB

 0319227.5
 15 August 2003 (15.08.2003)
 GB

 0322370.8
 24 September 2003 (24.09.2003)
 GB

(71) Applicant (for all designated States except AT, US): NO-VARTIS AG [CH/CH]; Lichtstrasse 35, CH-4056 Basel (CH).

(71) Applicant (for AT only): NOVARTIS PHARMA GMBH [AT/AT]; Brunner Strasse 59, A-1230 Vienna (AT).

(72) Inventors; and

(75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): GARCIA-ECHEV-ERRIA, Carlos [ES/CH]; Engelgasse 126, CH-4052 Basel (CH). KANAZAWA, Takanori [JP/JP]; 27-8-203, Higashi-arai, Tsukuba-shi, Ibaraki Pref. 305-0033 (JP). KAWAHARA, Eiji [JP/JP]; 4-20, Inarimae, Tsukuba-shi, Ibaraki Pref. 305-0061 (JP). MASUYA, Keiichi [JP/JP]; 1-2-1 Tsukuho, Tsukuba-shi, Ibaraki Pref. 300-3257 (JP). MATSUURA, Naoko [JP/JP]; 2-4-1-507, Amakubo, Tsukuba-shi, Ibaraki Pref. 305-0005 (JP). MIYAKE,

Takahiro [JP/JP]; 2-4-1-102, Amakubo, Tsukuba-shi, Ibaraki Pref. 305-0005 (JP). **OHMORI, Osamu** [JP/JP]; 2-4-6-406, Sengen, Tsukuba-shi, Ibaraki Pref. 305-0047 (JP). **UMEMURA, Ichiro** [JP/JP]; 2-3-7-406, Ninomiya, Tsukuba-shi, Ibaraki Pref 305-0051 (JP).

(74) Agent: GRUBB, Philip; Novartis AG, Corporate Intellectual Property, CH-4002 Basel (CH).

(81) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of national protection available): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW.

(84) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of regional protection available): ARIPO (BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European (AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

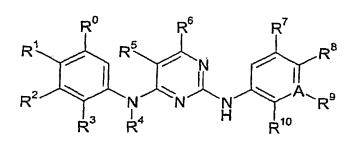
Published:

(I)

with international search report

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

(54) Title: 2, 4- DI (PHENYLAMINO) PYRIMIDINES USEFUL IN THE TREATMENT OF NEOPLASTIC DISEASES, INFLAMMATORY AND IMMUNE SYSTEM DISORDERS



(57) Abstract: Novel pyrimidine derivatives of formula (I), to processes for their production, their use as pharmaceuticals in the treatment of neoplastic diseases, inflammatory and immune system disorders and to pharmaceutical compositions comprising them.

WO 2004/080980 △

Pyrimidine Derivatives

The present invention relates to novel pyrimidine derivatives, to processes for their production, their use as pharmaceuticals and to pharmaceutical compositions comprising them.

More particularly the present invention provides in a first aspect, a compound of formula I

wherein

each of R⁰, R¹, R²,and R³ independently is hydrogen, C₁-C₈alkyl, C₂-C₈alkenyl, C₂-C₈alkinyl, C₃-C₈cycloalkyl, C₁-C₈alkyl, C₅-C₁₀arylC₁-C₈alkyl, hydroxyC₁-C₈alkyl, C₁-C₈alkyl, aminoC₁-C₈alkyl, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, unsubstituted or substituted C₅-C₁₀aryl, unsubstituted or substituted 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl comprising 1, 2 or 3 hetero atoms selected from N, O and S, hydroxy, C₁-C₈alkoxy, hydroxyC₁-C₈alkoxy, C₁-C₈alkoxy, haloC₁-C₈alkoxy, unsubstituted or substituted C₅-C₁₀arylC₁-C₈alkoxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclyloxy, or unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclylC₁-C₈alkoxy, unsubstituted or substituted amino, C₁-C₈alkylthio, C₁-C₈alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₈alkylsulfonyl, C₅-C₁₀arylsulfonyl, halogen, carboxy, C₁-C₈alkoxycarbonyl, unsubstitued or substituted sulfamoyl, cyano or nitro;

or R⁰ and R¹, R¹ and R², and/or R² and R³ form, together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached, a 5 or 6 membered carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring comprising 0, 1, 2 or 3 heteroatoms selected from N, O and S;

R⁴ is hydrogen or C₁-C₈alkyl;

each of R⁵ and R⁶ independently is hydrogen, C₁-C₈alkyl, C₁-C₈alkoxyC₁-C₈alkyl, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, C₁-C₈alkoxy, halogen, carboxy, C₁-C₈alkoxycarbonyl, unsubstituted or substituted carbamoyl, cyano, or nitro;

each of R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , and R^{10} independently is C_1 - C_8 alkyl, C_2 - C_8 alkenyl, C_2 - C_8 alkinyl, C_3 - C_8 cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_8 cycloalkyl, C_5 - C_{10} aryl C_1 - C_8 alkyl, hydroxy C_1 - C_8 alkyl, C_1 - C_8 alkyl, amino C_1 - C_8 alkyl, halo C_1 - C_8 alkyl, unsubstituted or substituted C_5 - C_{10} aryl, unsubstituted or substituted 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl comprising 1, 2 or 3

hetero atoms selected from N, O and S, hydroxy, C_1 - C_8 alkoxy, hydroxy C_1 - C_8 alkoxy, C_1 - C_8 alkoxy, halo C_1 - C_8 alkoxy, unsubstituted or substituted C_5 - C_{10} aryl C_1 - C_8 alkoxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclyloxy, or unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclyl C_1 - C_8 alkoxy, unsubstituted or substituted amino, C_1 - C_8 alkylthio, C_1 - C_8 alkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_8 alkylsulfonyl, C_5 - C_{10} arylsulfonyl, halogen, carboxy, C_1 - C_8 alkoxycarbonyl, unsubstitued or substituted sulfamoyl, cyano or nitro; wherein R^7 , R^8 and R^9 independently of each other can also be hydrogen;

or R⁷ and R⁸, R⁸ and R⁹, and/or R⁹ and R¹⁰ form together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached, a 5 or 6 membered carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring comprising 0, 1, 2 or 3 heteroatoms selected from N, O and S;

A is C or N, most preferably C; and salts thereof.

The general terms used hereinbefore and hereinafter preferably have within the context of this disclosure the following meanings, unless otherwise indicated:

Where the plural form is used for compounds, salts, and the like, this is taken to mean also a single compound, salt, or the like.

Any asymmetric carbon atoms may be present in the (R)-, (S)- or (R,S)-configuration, preferably in the (R)- or (S)-configuration. The compounds may thus be present as mixtures of isomers or as pure isomers, preferably as enantiomer-pure diastereomers.

The invention relates also to possible tautomers of the compounds of formula I.

 C_1 - C_8 alkyl denotes a an alkyl radical having from 1 up to 8, especially up to 4 carbon atoms, the radicals in question being either linear or branched with single or multiple branching; preferably, C_1 - C_8 alkyl is butyl, such as n-butyl, sec-butyl, isobutyl, tert-butyl, propyl, such as n-propyl or isopropyl, ethyl or methyl; especially methyl, propyl or tert-butyl.

 C_2 - C_8 alkenyl denotes a an alkenyl radical having from 2 up to 8, especially up to 5 carbon atoms, the radicals in question being either linear or branched with single or multiple branching; preferably, C_2 - C_8 alkenyl is pentenyl, such as 3-methyl-2-buten-2-yl, butenyl, such as 1- or 2-butenyl or 2-buten-2-yl, propenyl, such as 1-propenyl or allyl, or vinyl.

 C_2 - C_8 alkinyl denotes a an alkinyl radical having from 2 up to 8, especially up to 5 carbon atoms, the radicals in question being either linear or branched; preferably, C_2 - C_8 alkinyl is propinyl, such as 1-propinyl or propargyl, or acetylenyl.

C₃-C₈cycloalkyl denotes a cycloalkyl radical having from 3 up to 8 carbon atoms, such as cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl or cycloctyl, preferably cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl.

C₁-C₈alkoxy is especially methoxy, ethoxy, isopropyloxy, or tert-butoxy.

HydroxyC₁-C₈alkyl is especially hydroxymethyl, 2-hydroxyethyl or 2-hydroxy-2-propyl.

HydroxyC₁-C₈alkoxy is especially 2-hydroxyethoxy or 3-hydroxypropoxy.

 C_1 - C_8 alkoxy C_1 - C_8 alkoxy is especially 2-methoxyethoxy.

 C_1 - C_8 alkoxy C_1 - C_8 alkyl is especially methoxymethyl, 2-methoxyethyl or 2-ethoxyethyl.

Halogen is preferably fluorine, chlorine, bromine, or iodine, especially fluorine, chlorine, or bromine.

HaloC₁-C₈alkyl is preferably chloroC₁-C₈alkyl or fluoroC₁-C₈alkyl, especially trifluoromethyl or pentafluoroethyl.

 $HaloC_1-C_8$ alkoxy is preferably chloro C_1-C_8 alkoxy or fluoro C_1-C_8 alkoxy, especially trifluoromethoxy.

 C_1 - C_8 alkoxycarbonyl is especially tert-butoxycarbonyl, iso-propoxycarbonyl, methoxycarbonyl or ethoxycarbonyl.

Unsubstitued or substituted carbamoyl is carbamoyl substituted by one or two substituents selected from hydrogen, C_1 - C_8 alkyl, C_2 - C_8 alkenyl, C_2 - C_8 alkinyl, C_3 - C_8 cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_8 cycloalkyl, C_5 - C_{10} aryl C_1 - C_8 alkyl, hydroxy C_1 - C_8 alkyl, C_1 - C_8 alkyl, halo C_1 -

-4-

 C_8 alkyl, unsubstitued or substituted C_5 - C_{10} aryl, or amino C_1 - C_8 alkyl, or carbamoyl wherein the substituents and the nitrogen atom of the carbamoyl group represent a 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl further comprising 0, 1 or 2 hetero atoms selected from N, O and S; and is preferably carbamoyl, methylcarbamoyl, dimethylcarbamoyl, propylcarbamoyl, hydroxyethylmethyl-carbamoyl, di(hydroxyethyl)carbamoyl, dimethylaminoethylcarbamoyl, or pyrrolidinocarbonyl, piperidinocarbonyl, N-methylpiperazinocarbonyl or morpholinocarbonyl, especially carbamoyl or dimethylcarbamoyl.

Unsubstitued or substituted sulfamoyl is sulfamoyl substituted by one or two substituents selected from hydrogen, C_1 - C_8 alkyl, C_2 - C_8 alkenyl, C_2 - C_8 alkinyl, C_3 - C_8 cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_8 cycloalkyl, C_5 - C_{10} aryl C_1 - C_8 alkyl, hydroxy C_1 - C_8 alkyl, C_1 - C_8 alkyl, halo C_1 - C_8 alkyl, unsubstitued or substituted C_5 - C_{10} aryl, or amino C_1 - C_8 alkyl, or sulfamoyl wherein the substituents and the nitrogen atom of the sulfamoyl group represent a 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl further comprising 0, 1 or 2 hetero atoms selected from N, O and S; and is preferably sulfamoyl, methylsulfamoyl, propylsulfamoyl, cyclopropylmethyl-sulfamoyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethylsulfamoyl, dimethylaminoethylsulfamoyl, dimethylsulfamoyl, hydroxyethyl-methylsulfamoyl, di(hydroxyethyl)sulfamoyl, or pyrrolidinosulfonyl, piperidinosulfonyl, N-methylpiperazinosulfonyl or morpholinosulfonyl, especially sulfamoyl or methylsulfamoyl.

Unsubstitued or substituted amino is amino substituted by one or two substituents selected from hydrogen, C_1 - C_8 alkyl, C_2 - C_8 alkenyl, C_2 - C_8 alkinyl, C_3 - C_8 cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_8 cycloalkyl, C_1 - C_8 alkyl, C_5 - C_{10} aryl C_1 - C_8 alkyl, hydroxy C_1 - C_8 alkyl, C_1 - C_8 alkyl, halo C_1 - C_8 alkyl, unsubstitued or substituted C_5 - C_{10} aryl, amino C_1 - C_8 alkyl, acyl, e.g. formyl, C_1 - C_8 alkylcarbonyl, C_5 - C_{10} arylcarbonyl, C_1 - C_8 alkylsulfonyl or C_5 - C_1 0arylsulfonyl, and is preferably amino, methylamino, dimethylamino, propylamino, benzylamino, hydroxyethyl-methyl-amino, di(hydroxyethyl)amino, dimethylaminoethylamino, acetylamino, acetyl-methyl-amino, benzoylamino, methylsulfonylamino or phenylsulfonylamino, especially amino or dimethylamino.

AminoC₁-C₈alkyl is especially aminoethyl, methylaminoethyl, dimethylaminoethyl or dimethylaminopropyl.

Unsubstitued or substituted C_5 - C_{10} aryl is, for example, phenyl, indenyl, indanyl, naphthyl, or 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalenyl, optionally substituted by C_1 - C_8 alkyl, C_1 - C_8 alkoxy C_1 - C_8 alkyl, halo C_1 - C_8 alkyl, hydroxy, C_1 - C_8 alkoxy, methylenedioxy, amino, substituted amino, halogen,

carboxy, C_1 - C_8 alkoxycarbonyl, carbamoyl, sulfamoyl, cyano or nitro; preferably phenyl, tolyl, trifluoromethylphenyl, methoxyphenyl, dimethoxyphenyl, methylenedioxyphenyl, chlorophenyl or bromophenyl, whereby the substituents may be in ortho, meta or para position, preferably meta or para.

 C_5 - C_{10} aryloxy is especially phenoxy or methoxyphenoxy, e.g. p-methoxyphenoxy.

C₅-C₁₀arylC₁-C₈alkyl is especially benzyl or 2-phenylethyl.

 C_5 - C_{10} aryl C_1 - C_8 alkoxy is especially benzyloxy or 2-phenylethoxy.

Unsubstitued or substituted 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl comprising 1, 2 or 3 hetero atoms selected from N, O and S may be unsaturated, partially unsaturated or saturated, and further condensed to a benzo group or a 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl group, and may be bound through a hetero or a carbon atom, and is, for example, pyrrolyl, indolyl, pyrrolidinyl, imidazolyl, benzimidazolyl, pyrazolyl, triazolyl, benzotriazolyl, tetrazolyl, pyridyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinolinyl, piperidyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, piperazinyl, purinyl, tetrazinyl, oxazolyl, isoxalyl, morpholinyl, thiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, oxadiazolyl, and benzoxadiazolyl. Substituents considered are C_1 - C_8 alkyl, hydroxy C_1 - C_8 alkyl, C_1 - C_8 alkoxy C_1 - C_8 alkyl, C_1 - C_8 alkoxy C_1 - C_8 alkoxy, halo C_1 - C_8 alkyl, hydroxy, amino, substituted amino, C_1 - C_8 alkoxy, halogen, carboxy, C₁-C₀alkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₀alkoxycarbonyl, carbamoyl, C₁-C₀alkylcarbamoyl, cyano, oxo, or unsubstitued or substituted 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl as defined in this paragraph. 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl preferably comprises 1 or 2 hetero atoms selected from N, O and S, and is especially indolyl, pyrrolidinyl, pyrrolidonyl, imidazolyl, N-methylimidazolyl, benzimidazolyl, S,S-dioxoisothiazolidinyl, piperidyl, 4-acetylaminopiperidyl, 4-methylcarbamoylpiperidyl, 4piperidinopiperidyl, 4-cyanopiperidyl, piperazinyl, N-methylpiperazinyl, N-(2hydroxyethyl)piperazinyl, morpholinyl, 1-aza-2,2-dioxo-2-thiacyclohexyl, or sulfolanyl.

In unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclyloxy, heterocyclyl has the meaning as defined above, and is especially N-methyl-4-piperidyloxy. In unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclyl C_1 - C_8 alkoxy, heterocyclyl has the meaning as defined above, and is especially 2-pyrrolidinoethoxy, 2-morpholinoethoxy, 3-morpholinopropoxy, 1-methyl-piperidin-3-ylmethoxy, 3-(N-methylpiperazino)propoxy or 2-(1-imidazolyl)ethoxy.

-6-

In a 5 or 6 membered carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring comprising 0, 1, 2 or 3 heteroatoms selected from N, O and S, and formed by two adjacent substituents together with the benzene ring, the ring may be further substituted, e.g. by C₁-C₈alkyl, C₁-C₈alkoxy, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, hydroxy, amino, substituted amino, C₁-C₈alkoxy, halogen, carboxy, C₁-C₈alkoxycarbonyl, carbamoyl, cyano, or oxo. The two adjacent substituents forming such a ring are preferably propylene, butylene, 1-aza-2-propylidene, 3-aza-1-propylidene, 1,2-diaza-2-propylidene, 2,3-diaza-1-propylidene, 1-oxapropylene, 1-oxapropylene, methylenedioxy, difluoromethylenedioxy, 2-aza-1-oxopropylene, 2-aza-2-methyl-1-oxopropylene, 1-aza-2-oxopropylene, 2-aza-1,1-dioxo-1-thiapropylene or the corresponding butylene derivatives forming a 6 membered ring.

Salts are especially the pharmaceutically acceptable salts of compounds of formula I.

Such salts are formed, for example, as acid addition salts, preferably with organic or inorganic acids, from compounds of formula I with a basic nitrogen atom, especially the pharmaceutically acceptable salts. Suitable inorganic acids are, for example, halogen acids, such as hydrochloric acid, sulfuric acid, or phosphoric acid. Suitable organic acids are, for example, carboxylic, phosphonic, sulfonic or sulfamic acids, for example acetic acid, propionic acid, octanoic acid, decanoic acid, dodecanoic acid, glycolic acid, lactic acid, fumaric acid, succinic acid, adipic acid, pimelic acid, suberic acid, azelaic acid, malic acid, tartaric acid, citric acid, amino acids, such as glutamic acid or aspartic acid, maleic acid, hydroxymaleic acid, methylmaleic acid, cyclohexanecarboxylic acid, adamantanecarboxylic acid, benzoic acid, salicylic acid, 4-aminosalicylic acid, phthalic acid, phenylacetic acid, mandelic acid, cinnamic acid, methane- or ethane-sulfonic acid, 2-hydroxyethanesulfonic acid, ethane-1,2-disulfonic acid, benzenesulfonic acid, 2-naphthalenesulfonic acid, 1,5-naphthalene-disulfonic acid, 2-, 3- or 4-methylbenzenesulfonic acid, methylsulfuric acid, ethylsulfuric acid, dodecylsulfuric acid, N-cyclohexylsulfamic acid, N-methyl-, N-ethyl- or N-propyl-sulfamic acid, or other organic protonic acids, such as ascorbic acid.

For isolation or purification purposes it is also possible to use pharmaceutically unacceptable salts, for example picrates or perchlorates. For therapeutic use, only pharmaceutically acceptable salts or free compounds are employed (where applicable in the form of pharmaceutical preparations), and these are therefore preferred.

- 7 -

In view of the close relationship between the novel compounds in free form and those in the form of their salts, including those salts that can be used as intermediates, for example in the purification or identification of the novel compounds, any reference to the free compounds hereinbefore and hereinafter is to be understood as referring also to the corresponding salts, as appropriate and expedient.

The compounds of formula I have valuable pharmacological properties, as described hereinbefore and hereinafter.

- In formula I the following significances are preferred independently, collectively or in any combination or sub-combination. In each of the following significances A is C or N preferably C:
- (a) each of R⁰ or R² independently is hydrogen, C₁-C₀alkyl, e.g. methyl, ethyl or isopropyl, hydroxyC₁-C₀alkyl, e.g. hydroxyethyl or hydroxybutyl, haloC₁-C₀alkyl, e.g. trifluoromethyl, unsubstituted or substituted C₅-C₁₀aryl, e.g. phenyl or methoxyphenyl, unsubstituted or substituted 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl comprising 1 or 2 hetero atoms selected from N, O and S, e.g. morpholino, piperidino, piperazino or N-methylpiperazino, C₁-C₀alkoxy, e.g. methoxy, ethoxy or isopropoxy, haloC₁-C₀alkoxy, e.g. trifluoromethoxy, C₅-C₁₀aryloxy, e.g. phenoxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclyloxy, e.g. 1-methyl-4-piperidyloxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclylC₁-C₀alkoxy, e.g. 2-(1-imidazolyl)ethoxy, 3-morpholinopropoxy or 2-morpholinoethoxy, unsubstituted or substituted amino, e.g. methylamino, dimethylamino or acetylamino, C₁-C₀alkylsulfonyl, e.g. methylsulfonyl, halogen, e.g. fluoro or chloro, unsubstituted or substituted carbamoyl, e.g. cyclohexylcarbamoyl, piperidinocarbonyl, piperazinocarbonyl, N-methylpiperazinocarbonyl or morpholinocarbonyl, unsubstituted or substituted sulfamoyl, e.g. sulfamoyl, methylsulfamoyl or dimethylsulfamoyl; preferably hydrogen, piperazino, N-methylpiperazino or 1-methyl-4-piperidyloxy, in particular hydrogen;
- (b) R¹ is hydrogen, C₁-C₈alkyl, e.g. methyl, ethyl or isopropyl, hydroxyC₁-C₈alkyl, e.g. hydroxyethyl or hydroxybutyl, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, e.g. trifluoromethyl, unsubstituted or substituted or substituted C₅-C₁₀aryl, e.g. phenyl or methoxyphenyl, unsubstituted or substituted 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl comprising 1 or 2 hetero atoms selected from N, O and S, e.g. morpholino, piperidino, piperazino or N-methylpiperazino, C₁-C₈alkoxy, e.g. methoxy, ethoxy or isopropoxy, haloC₁-C₈alkoxy, e.g. trifluoromethoxy, C₅-C₁₀aryloxy, e.g. phenoxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclyloxy, e.g. 1-methyl-4-piperidyloxy, unsubstituted or

substituted heterocyclylC₁-C₈alkoxy, e.g. 2-(1-imidazolyl)ethoxy, 3-morpholinopropoxy or 2-morpholinoethoxy, unsubstituted or substituted amino, e.g. methylamino, dimethylamino or acetylamino, C₁-C₈alkylsulfonyl, e.g. methylsulfonyl, halogen, e.g. fluoro or chloro, unsubstituted or substituted carbamoyl, e.g. cyclohexylcarbamoyl, piperidinocarbonyl, piperazinocarbonyl, N-methylpiperazinocarbonyl or morpholinocarbonyl, unsubstituted or substituted sulfamoyl, e.g. sulfamoyl, methylsulfamoyl or dimethylsulfamoyl; preferably hydrogen, piperazino, N-methylpiperazino, morpholino, 1-methyl-4-piperidinyloxy, 3-morpholinopropoxy or 2-morpholinoethoxy, in particular hydrogen;

- (c) R³ is hydrogen, C₁-C₂alkyl, e.g. methyl or ethyl, hydroxyC₁-C₂alkyl, e.g. hydroxyethyl or hydroxybutyl, haloC₁-C₂alkyl, e.g. trifluoromethyl, unsubstituted or substituted 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl comprising 1 or 2 heteroatoms selected from N, O and S, e.g. 2-pyrrolidonyl or S,S-dioxoisothiazolidinyl, C₁-C₂alkoxy, e.g. methoxy, substituted amino, e.g. acetylamino, acetyl-methyl-amino, benzoylamino, methylsulfonylamino or phenylsulfonyl-amino, C₁-C₃alkylsulfonyl, e.g. methylsulfonyl, C₅-C₁₀arylsulfonyl, e.g. phenylsulfonyl, halogen, e.g. fluoro or chloro, carboxy, substituted or unsubstituted carbamoyl, e.g. carbamoyl, methylcarbamoyl or dimethylcarbamoyl, unsubstituted or substituted sulfamoyl, e.g. sulfamoyl, methylsulfamoyl, propylsulfamoyl, isopropylsulfamoyl, isobutylsulfamoyl, cyclopropylmethyl-sulfamoyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethylsulfamoyl, dimethylsulfamoyl or morpholinosulfonyl; preferably sulfamoyl, methylsulfamoyl or propylsulfamoyl;
- (d) each pair of adjacent substituents R⁰ and R¹, or R¹ and R², or R² and R³ are -CH₂-NH-CO-, -CH₂-CH₂-NH-CO-, -CH₂-CH₂-CO-NH-, -CH₂-CH₂-NH-SO₂-, -CH₂-CH₂-NH-SO₂-, -CH₂-CH₂-NH-SO₂-, -CH₂-CH₂-SO₂-NH-, -CH₂-CH₂-SO₂-NH-, -CH₂-CH₂-SO₂-, -CH₂-CH₂-SO₂-, -O-CH₂-O-, or -O-CF₂-O-, and such pairs wherein hydrogen in NH is replaced by C₁-C₈alkyl; preferably the pair of adjacent substituents R⁰ and R¹, or R¹ and R² being -O-CH₂-O-, and the pair of adjacent substituents R² and R³ being -CH₂-NH-CO- or -CH₂-NH-SO₂-.
- (e) R⁴ is hydrogen or C₁-C₈alkyl, e.g. methyl; preferably hydrogen;
- (f) R⁵ is hydrogen; C₁-C₂alkyl, e.g. methyl or ethyl, halogen, e.g. chloro or bromo, haloC₁-C₂alkyl, e.g. trifluoromethyl, cyano or nitro; preferably hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, chloro, bromo, trifluoromethyl or nitro; in particular chloro or bromo;
- (a) R⁶ is hydrogen:
- (h) each of R⁷ and R⁹ independently is hydrogen, C₁-C₈alkyl, e.g. methyl, ethyl or isopropyl, hydroxyC₁-C₈alkyl, e.g. hydroxyethyl or hydroxybutyl, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, e.g. trifluoromethyl, unsubstituted or substituted C₅-C₁₀aryl, e.g. phenyl or methoxyphenyl, unsubstituted or substituted 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl comprising 1 or 2 hetero atoms selected from N,

O and S, e.g. morpholino, piperidino, piperazino or N-methylpiperazino, C_1 - C_8 alkoxy, e.g. methoxy, ethoxy or isopropoxy, halo C_1 - C_8 alkoxy, e.g. trifluoromethoxy, C_5 - C_1 0aryloxy, e.g. phenoxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclyloxy, e.g. 1-methyl-4-piperidyloxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclyl C_1 - C_8 alkoxy, e.g. 2-(1-imidazolyl)ethoxy, 3-morpholinopropoxy or 2-morpholinoethoxy, unsubstituted or substituted amino, e.g. methylamino, dimethylamino or acetylamino, C_1 - C_8 alkylsulfonyl, e.g. methylsulfonyl, halogen, e.g. fluoro or chloro, unsubstituted or substituted carbamoyl, e.g. cyclohexylcarbamoyl, piperidinocarbonyl, piperazinocarbonyl, N-methylpiperazinocarbonyl or morpholinocarbonyl, unsubstituted or substituted sulfamoyl, e.g. sulfamoyl, methylsulfamoyl or dimethylsulfamoyl; preferably hydrogen, methyl, isopropyl, trifluoromethyl, phenyl, methoxyphenyl, piperidino, piperazino, N-methylpiperazino, morpholino, methoxy, ethoxy, isopropoxy, phenoxy, 3-morpholinopropoxy, 2-morpholinoethoxy, 2-(1-imidazolyl)ethoxy, dimethylamino, fluoro, morpholinocarbonyl, piperazinocarbonyl, or cyclohexylcarbamoyl;

- (i) R⁸ is hydrogen, C₁-C₈alkyl, e.g. methyl, ethyl or isopropyl, hydroxyC₁-C₈alkyl, e.g. hydroxyethyl or hydroxybutyl, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, e.g. trifluoromethyl, C₅-C₁₀aryl, e.g. phenyl or methoxyphenyl, unsubstituted or substituted 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl comprising 1 or 2 hetero atoms selected from N, O and S, e.g. morpholino, piperidino, piperazino or Nmethylpiperazino, C₁-C₀alkoxy, e.g. methoxy, ethoxy or isopropoxy, haloC₁-C₀alkoxy, e.g. trifluoromethoxy, C₅-C₁₀aryloxy, e.g. phenoxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclyloxy, e.g. 1-methyl-4-piperidyloxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclylC₁-C₈alkoxy, e.g. 2-(1imidazolyl)ethoxy, 3-morpholinopropoxy or 2-morpholinoethoxy, unsubstituted or substituted amino, e.g. methylamino or dimethylamino, C₁-C₀alkylsulfonyl, e.g. methylsulfonyl, halogen, e.g. fluoro or chloro, unsubstituted or substituted carbamoyl, e.g. cyclohexylcarbamoyl, piperidinocarbonyl, piperazinocarbonyl, N-methylpiperazinocarbonyl or morpholinocarbonyl, unsubstituted or substituted sulfamoyl, e.g. sulfamoyl, methylsulfamoyl or dimethylsulfamoyl, cyano, or nitro; preferably hydrogen, methyl, piperidino, piperazino, Nmethylpiperazino, morpholino, methoxy, ethoxy, trifluoromethoxy, phenoxy, 1-methyl-4piperidyloxy, 3-morpholinopropoxy, 2-morpholinoethoxy, 3-(N-methylpiperazino)-propoxy, methylamino, fluoro, chloro, sulfamoyl or nitro;
- (j) R¹⁰ is C₁-C₈alkyl, e.g. methyl, ethyl or butyl, hydroxyC₁-C₈alkyl, e.g. hydroxyethyl or hydroxybutyl, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, e.g. trifluoromethyl, C₁-C₈alkoxy, e.g. methoxy or ethoxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclylC₁-C₈alkoxy, e.g. 2-(1-imidazolyl)ethoxy, unsubstituted or substituted amino, e.g. methylamino or dimethylamino, halogen, e.g. fluoro

- or chloro; carboxy, carbamoyl, or unsubstituted or substituted sulfamoyl, e.g. sulfamoyl, methylsulfamoyl or dimethylsulfamoyl; preferably methyl, butyl, methoxy, ethoxy, 2-(1-imidazolyl)ethoxy, methylamino, dimethylamino or fluoro; and
- (k) each pair of adjacent substituents R⁷ and R⁸, or R⁸ and R⁹ or R⁹ and R¹⁰, are –NH-CH=CH-, -CH=CH-NH-, –NH-N=CH-, –CH=N-NH-, -CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-, -CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-, -CH₂-CH₂-, -CH₂-CH₂-, -CH₂-CH₂-, -CH₂-CH₂-, -CH₂-CH₂-, -CH₂-CH₂-, -CH₂-CH₂-, or -O-CH₂-O-, or -O-CF₂-O-; preferably the pair of adjacent substituents R⁷ and R⁸ or R⁸ and R⁹ being -O-CH₂-O- or the pair of adjacent substituents R⁹ and R¹⁰ being -NH-CH=CH-, -CH=N-NH-, -CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-, -CH₂-CH₂-CH₂- or -O-CF₂-O-.

More preferred are the following meanings, independently, collectively or in any combination or sub-combination:

- (a') each of R⁰ or R² independently is hydrogen, C₁-C₈alkyl, e.g. methyl, ethyl or isopropyl, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, e.g. trifluoromethyl, unsubstituted or substituted 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl comprising 1 or 2 hetero atoms selected from N, O and S, e.g. morpholino, piperidino, piperazino or N-methylpiperazino, C₁-C₈alkoxy, e.g. methoxy, ethoxy or isopropoxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclyloxy, e.g. 1-methyl-4-piperidyloxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclylC₁-C₈alkoxy, e.g. 2-(1-imidazolyl)ethoxy, 3-morpholinopropoxy or 2-morpholinoethoxy, unsubstituted or substituted amino, e.g. methylamino, dimethylamino or acetylamino, halogen, e.g. fluoro or chloro; preferably hydrogen, piperazino, N-methylpiperazino or 1-methyl-4-piperidyloxy, in particular hydrogen;
- (b') R¹ is hydrogen, C₁-C₈alkyl, e.g. methyl, ethyl or isopropyl, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, e.g. trifluoromethyl, unsubstituted or substituted 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl comprising 1 or 2 hetero atoms selected from N, O and S, e.g. morpholino, piperidino, piperazino or N-methylpiperazino, C₁-C₈alkoxy, e.g. methoxy, ethoxy or isopropoxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclyloxy, e.g. 1-methyl-4-piperidyloxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclylC₁-C₈alkoxy, e.g. 2-(1-imidazolyl)ethoxy, 3-morpholinopropoxy or 2-morpholinoethoxy, unsubstituted or substituted amino, e.g. methylamino, dimethylamino or acetylamino, halogen, e.g. fluoro or chloro; preferably hydrogen, piperazino, N-methylpiperazino, morpholino, 1-methyl-4-piperidinyloxy, 3-morpholinopropoxy or 2-morpholinoethoxy, in particular hydrogen;
- (c') R³ is hydrogen, C₁-C₈alkyl, e.g. methyl or ethyl, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, e.g. trifluoromethyl, unsubstituted or substituted 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl comprising 1 or 2 heteroatoms selected from N, O and S, e.g. 2-pyrrolidonyl or S,S-dioxoisothiazolidinyl, C₁-C₈alkoxy, e.g.

methoxy, substituted amino, e.g. acetylamino, acetyl-methyl-amino, benzoylamino, methylsulfonylamino or phenylsulfonylamino, C₁-C₈alkylsulfonyl, e.g. methylsulfonyl, C₅-C₁₀arylsulfonyl, e.g. phenylsulfonyl, halogen, e.g. fluoro or chloro, carboxy, substituted or unsubstituted carbamoyl, e.g. carbamoyl, methylcarbamoyl or dimethylcarbamoyl, unsubstituted or substituted sulfamoyl, e.g. sulfamoyl, methylsulfamoyl, propylsulfamoyl, isopropylsulfamoyl, cyclopropylmethyl-sulfamoyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethylsulfamoyl, dimethylsulfamoyl or morpholinosulfonyl; preferably sulfamoyl, methylsulfamoyl or propylsulfamoyl;

- (d') each pair of adjacent substituents R⁰ and R¹, or R¹ and R², or R² and R³ are -CH₂-NH-CO-, -CH₂-NH-SO₂-, -CH₂-CH₂-SO₂-, -O-CH₂-O-, or -O-CF₂-O-, and such pairs wherein hydrogen in NH is replaced by C₁-C₈alkyl; preferably the pair of adjacent substituents R⁰ and R¹, or R¹ and R² being -O-CH₂-O-, and the pair of adjacent substituents R² and R³ being -CH₂-NH-CO- or -CH₂-NH-SO₂-.
- (e') R⁴ is hydrogen;
- (f') R⁵ is hydrogen, halogen, e.g. chloro or bromo, haloC₁-C₀alkyl, e.g. trifluoromethyl, or nitro; preferably hydrogen, chloro, bromo, trifluoromethyl or nitro; in particular chloro or bromo;
- (g') R⁶ is hydrogen;
- (h') each of R⁷ and R⁹ independently is hydrogen, C₁-C₂alkyl, e.g. methyl, ethyl or isopropyl, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, e.g. trifluoromethyl, unsubstituted or substituted C₅-C₁₀aryl, e.g. phenyl or methoxyphenyl, unsubstituted or substituted 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl comprising 1 or 2 hetero atoms selected from N, O and S, e.g. morpholino, piperidino, piperazino or Nmethylpiperazino, C₁-C₈alkoxy, e.g. methoxy, ethoxy or isopropoxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclyloxy, e.g. 1-methyl-4-piperidyloxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclylC₁-C₈alkoxy, e.g. 2-(1-imidazolyl)ethoxy, 3-morpholinopropoxy or 2morpholinoethoxy, unsubstituted or substituted amino, e.g. methylamino, dimethylamino or acetylamino, halogen, e.g. fluoro or chloro, unsubstituted or substituted carbamoyl, e.g. cyclohexylcarbamoyl, piperidinocarbonyl, piperazinocarbonyl, N-methylpiperazinocarbonyl or morpholinocarbonyl, unsubstituted or substituted sulfamoyl, e.g. sulfamoyl, methylsulfamoyl or dimethylsulfamoyl; preferably hydrogen, methyl, isopropyl, trifluoromethyl, phenyl, o-, m- or p-methoxyphenyl, piperidino, piperazino, Nmethylpiperazino, morpholino, methoxy, ethoxy, isopropoxy, phenoxy, 3morpholinopropoxy, 2-morpholinoethoxy, 2-(1-imidazolyl)ethoxy, dimethylamino, fluoro, morpholinocarbonyl, piperidinocarbonyl, piperazinocarbonyl or cyclohexylcarbamoyl;

- (i') R⁸ is hydrogen, C₁-C₈alkyl, e.g. methyl, ethyl or isopropyl, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, e.g. trifluoromethyl, C₅-C₁₀aryl, e.g. phenyl or methoxyphenyl, unsubstituted or substituted 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl comprising 1 or 2 hetero atoms selected from N, O and S, e.g. morpholino, piperidino, piperazino or N-methylpiperazino, C₁-C₈alkoxy, e.g. methoxy, ethoxy or isopropoxy, haloC₁-C₈alkoxy, e.g. trifluoromethoxy, C₅-C₁₀aryloxy, e.g. phenoxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclyloxy, e.g. 1-methyl-4-piperidyloxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclylC₁-C₈alkoxy, e.g. 2-(1-imidazolyl)ethoxy, 3-morpholinopropoxy or 2-morpholinoethoxy, unsubstituted or substituted amino, e.g. methylamino or dimethylamino, halogen, e.g. fluoro or chloro, unsubstituted or substituted sulfamoyl, e.g. sulfamoyl, methylsulfamoyl or dimethylsulfamoyl, or nitro; preferably hydrogen, methyl, piperidino, piperazino, N-methylpiperazino, morpholino, methoxy, ethoxy, trifluoromethoxy, phenoxy, 1-methyl-4-piperidyloxy, 3-morpholinopropoxy, 2-morpholinoethoxy, 3-(N-methylpiperazino)-propoxy, methylamino, fluoro, chloro, sulfamoyl or nitro;
- (j') R¹⁰ is C₁-C₈alkyl, e.g. methyl, ethyl or butyl, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, e.g. trifluoromethyl, C₁-C₈alkoxy, e.g. methoxy or ethoxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclylC₁-C₈alkoxy, e.g. 2-(1-imidazolyl)ethoxy, unsubstituted or substituted amino, e.g. methylamino or dimethylamino, halogen, e.g. fluoro or chloro; preferably methyl, butyl, methoxy, ethoxy, 2-(1-imidazolyl)ethoxy, methylamino, dimethylamino or fluoro; and
- (k') each pair of adjacent substituents R⁷ and R⁸, or R⁸ and R⁹ or R⁹ and R¹⁰, are –NH-CH=CH-, -CH=CH-NH-, –NH-N=CH-, –CH=N-NH-, -CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-, -CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-, -O-CH₂-O-, or -O-CF₂-O-; preferably the pair of adjacent substituents R⁷ and R⁸ or R⁸ and R⁹ being -O-CH₂-O- or the pair of adjacent substituents R⁹ and R¹⁰ being -NH-CH=CH-, -CH=N-NH-, -CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-O-CH₂-

Most preferred as compounds of the formula I are those wherein the substituents have the meaning given in the Examples.

The present invention also provides a process for the production of a compound of formula I, comprising reacting a compound of formula II

- 13 -

$$R^1$$
 R^5
 R^5
 R^6
 R^2
 R^3
 R^4
(II)

wherein R⁰, R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁵, and R⁶ are as defined above, and Y is a leaving group, preferably halogen such as bromide, iodine, or in particular chloride;

with a compound of formula III

$$H_2N$$
 R^9
 R^{10}
 R^9
(III)

wherein R⁷, R⁸, R⁹ and R¹⁰ are as defined above;

and, if desired, converting a compound of formula I, wherein the substituents have the meaning as defined above, into another compound of formula I as defined;

and recovering the resulting compound of formula I in free from or as a salt, and, when required, converting the compound of formula I obtained in free form into the desired salt, or an obtained salt into the free form.

The reaction can be carried out in a manner known per se, the reaction conditions being dependent especially on the reactivity of the leaving group Y and the reactivity of the amino group in the aniline of formula III, usually in the presence of a suitable solvent or diluent or of a mixture thereof and, if necessary, in the presence of an acid or a base, with cooling or, preferably, with heating, for example in a temperature range from approximately -30°C to approximately +150°C, especially approximately from 0°C to +100°C, preferably from room temperature (approx. +20 °C) to +80 °C, in an open or closed reaction vessel and/or in the atmosphere of an inert gas, for example nitrogen.

- 14 -

If one or more other functional groups, for example carboxy, hydroxy or amino, are or need to be protected in a compound of formula II or III, because they should not take part in the reaction, these are such groups as are usually used in the synthesis of peptide compounds, cephalosporins and penicillins, as well as nucleic acid derivatives and sugars.

The protecting groups may already be present in precursors and should protect the functional groups concerned against unwanted secondary reactions, such as substitution reaction or solvolysis. It is a characteristic of protecting groups that they lend themselves readily, i.e. without undesired secondary reactions, to removal, typically by solvolysis, reduction, photolysis or also by enzyme activity, for example under conditions analogous to physiological conditions, and that they are not present in the end-products. The specialist knows, or can easily establish, which protecting groups are suitable with the reactions mentioned hereinabove.

Salts of a compound of formula I with a salt-forming group may be prepared in a manner known per se. Acid addition salts of compounds of formula I may thus be obtained by treatment with an acid or with a suitable anion exchange reagent.

Salts can usually be converted to compounds in free form, e.g. by treating with suitable basic agents, for example with alkali metal carbonates, alkali metal hydrogencarbonates, or alkali metal hydroxides, typically potassium carbonate or sodium hydroxide.

Stereoisomeric mixtures, e.g. mixtures of diastereomers, can be separated into their corresponding isomers in a manner known per se by means of suitable separation methods. Diastereomeric mixtures for example may be separated into their individual diastereomers by means of fractionated crystallization, chromatography, solvent distribution, and similar procedures. This separation may take place either at the level of a starting compound or in a compound of formula I itself. Enantiomers may be separated through the formation of diastereomeric salts, for example by salt formation with an enantiomer-pure chiral acid, or by means of chromatography, for example by HPLC, using chromatographic substrates with chiral ligands.

It should be emphasized that reactions analogous to the conversions mentioned in this chapter may also take place at the level of appropriate intermediates.

The compounds of formula I, including their salts, are also obtainable in the form of hydrates, or their crystals can include for example the solvent used for crystallization (present as solvates).

The compound of formula II used as starting materials may be obtained by reacting a compound of formula IV

with a compound of formula V

$$R^{1}$$
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}

wherein R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁵ and R⁶ are as defined above, and Y¹ and Y² are identical or different leaving groups as defined above for Y. The reaction conditions are those mentioned above for the reaction of a compound of formula II with a compound of formula III.

The compounds of formula IV and V are known or may be produced in accordance with known procedures.

The compounds of formula I and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts exhibit valuable pharmacological properties when tested in vitro in cell-free kinase assays and in cellular assays, and are therefore useful as pharmaceuticals. In particular, the compounds of the invention are inhibitors of Focal Adhesion Kinase, and are useful as pharmaceuticals to treat conditions caused by a malfunction of signal cascades connected with Focal Adhesion Kinase, in particular tumors as described hereinbelow.

Focal Adhesion Kinase (FAK) is a key enzyme in the integrin-mediated outside-in signal cascade (D. Schlaepfer et al., Prog Biophys Mol Biol 1999, 71, 435-478). Interaction between cells and extracellular matrix (ECM) proteins is transduced as intracellular signals important for growth, survival and migration through cell surface receptors, integrins. FAK plays an essential

- 16 -

role in these integrin-mediated outside-in signal cascades. The trigger in the signal transduction cascade is the autophosphorylation of Y397. Phosphorylated Y397 is a SH2 docking site for Src family tyrosine kinases. The bound c-Src kinase phosphorylates other tyrosine residues in FAK. Among them, phosphorylated Y925 becomes a binding site for the SH2 site of Grb2 small adaptor protein. This direct binding of Grb2 to FAK is one of the key steps for the activation of down stream targets such as the Ras-ERK2/MAP kinase cascade.

The inhibition of endogenous FAK signalling results in reduced motility and in some cases induces cell death. On the other hand, enhancing FAK signalling by exogenous expression increases cell motility and transmitting a cell survival signal from ECM. In addition FAK is overexpressed in invasive and metastatic epithelial, mesenchymal, thyroid and prostate cancers. Consequently, an inhibitor of FAK is likely to be a drug for anti-tumor growth and metastasis. The compounds of the invention are thus indicated, for example, to prevent and/or treat a vertebrate and more particularly a mammal, affected by a neoplastic disease, in particular breast tumor, cancer of the bowel (colon and rectum), stomach cancer and cancer of the ovary and prostate, non-small cell lung cancer, small cell lung cancer, cancer of liver, melanoma, bladder tumor and cancer of head and neck.

The relation between FAK inhibition and immuno-system is described e.g. in G.A. van Seventer et al., Eur. J. Immunol. 2001, 31, 1417-1427. Therefore, the compounds of the invention are, for example, useful to prevent and/or treat a vertebrate and more particularly a mammal, affected by immune system disorders, diseases or disorders mediated by T lymphocytes, B lymphocytes, mast cells and/or eosinophils e.g. acute or chronic rejection of organ or tissue allo- or xenografts, atherosclerosis, vascular occlusion due to vascular injury such as angioplasty, restenosis, hypertension, heart failure, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, CNS disease such as Alzheimer disease or amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, cancer, infectious disease such as AIDS, septic shock or adult respiratory distress syndrome, ischemia/reperfusion injury e.g. myocardial infarction, stroke, gut ischemia, renal failure or hemorrhage shock, or traumatic shock. The agent of the invention are also useful in the treatment and/or prevention of acute or chronic inflammatory diseases or disorders or autoimmune diseases e.g. rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, Hashimoto's thyroiditis, multiple sclerosis, myasthenia gravis, diabetes (type | and II) and the disorders associated with therewith, respiratory diseases such as asthma or inflammatory liver injury, inflammatory glomerular injury, cutaneous manifestations of immunologically-mediated disorders or illnesses, inflammatory and

- 17 -

hyperproliferative skin diseases (such as psoriasis, atopic dermatitis, allergic contact dermatitis, irritant contact dermatitis and further eczematous dermatitises, seborrhoeic dermatitis), inflammatory eye diseases, e.g. Sjoegren's syndrome, keratoconjunctivitis or uveitis, inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease or ulcerative colitis.

Compounds of the invention are active in a FAK assay system as described in the Examples, and show an inhibition IC_{50} in the range of 1 nM to 100 nM. Particularly active are the compounds Example No. 3-12 and No. 3-17 described hereinbelow showing IC_{50} vales in the range of 1 to 5 nM.

Some of the compounds of the invention exhibit also ZAP-70 (zeta chain-associated protein of 70 kD) protein tyrosine kinase inhibiting activity. ZAP-70 protein tyrosine kinase interaction of the agents of the invention may be demonstrated by their ability to prevent phosphorylation of e.g. LAT-11 (linker for activation of T cell) by human ZAP-70 protein tyrosine kinase in aqueous solution, as described in the Examples. The compounds of the invention are thus also indicated for the prevention or treatment of disorders or diseases where ZAP-70 inhibition inhibition play a role.

Compounds of the invention are active in a ZAP-70 assay system as described in the Examples, and show an inhibition IC₅₀ in the range of 1 μ M to 10 μ M, e.g. the compounds Example No. 2 and No. 3-2 described hereinbelow.

Compounds of the present invention are also good inhibitors of the IGF-IR (insulin like growth factor receptor 1) and are therefore useful in the treatment of IGF-1R mediated diseases for example such diseases include proliferative diseases, such as tumours, like for example breast, renal, prostate, colorectal, thyroid, ovarian, pancreas, neuronal, lung, uterine and gastro-intestinal tumours as well as osteosarcomas and melanomas. The efficacy of the compounds of the invention as inhibitors of IGF-IR tyrosine kinase activity can be demonstrated using a cellular "Capture ELISA". In this assay the activity of the compounds of the invention against Insulin-like growth factor I (IGF-I) induced autophosphorylation of the IGF-IR is determined.

The compounds of the present invention also exhibit powerful inhibition of the tyrosine kinase activity of anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK) and the fusion protein of NPM-ALK. This protein tyrosine kinase results from a gene fusion of nucleophosmin (NPM) and the anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK), rendering the protein tyrosine kinase activity of ALK ligand-

.

- 18 -

independent. NPM-ALK plays a key role in signal transmission in a number of hematopoetic and other human cells leading to hematological and neoplastic diseases, for example in anaplastic large-cell lymphoma (ALCL) and non-Hodgkin's lymphomas (NHL), specifically in ALK+ NHL or Alkomas, in inflammatory myofibroblastic tumors (IMT) and neuroblastomas. (Duyster J et al. 2001 Oncogene 20, 5623-5637). In addition to NPM-ALK, other gene fusions have been identified in human hematological and neoplastic diseases; mainly TPM3-ALK (a fusion of nonmuscle tropomyosin with ALK).

The inhibition of ALK tyrosine kinase activity can be demonstrated using known methods, for example using the recombinant kinase domain of the ALK in analogy to the VEGF-R kinase assay described in J. Wood et al. Cancer Res. <u>60</u>, 2178-2189 (2000). In vitro enzyme assays using GST-ALK protein tyrosine kinase are performed in 96-well plates as a filter binding assay in 20 mM Tris·HCl, pH = 7.5, 3 mM MgCl₂, 10 mM MnCl₂, 1 mM DTT, 0.1 μ Ci/assay (=30 μ l) [γ -³³P]-ATP, 2 μ M ATP, 3 μ g/ml poly (Glu, Tyr 4:1) Poly-EY (Sigma P-0275), 1 % DMSO, 25 ng ALK enzyme. Assays are incubated for 10 min at ambient temperature. Reactions are terminated by adding 50 μ l of 125 mM EDTA, and the reaction mixture is transferred onto a MAIP Multiscreen plate (Millipore, Bedford, MA, USA), previously wet with methanol, and rehydrated for 5 min with H₂O. Following washing (0.5 % H₃PO₄), plates are counted in a liquid scintillation counter. IC₅₀ values are calculated by linear regression analysis of the percentage inhibition. Compared with the control without inhibitor, the compounds of formula I inhibit the enzyme activity by 50 % (IC₅₀), for example in a concentration of from 0.001 to 0.5 μ M, especially from 0.01 to 0.1 μ M.

The compounds of formula I potently inhibit the growth of human NPM-ALK overexpressing murine BaF3 cells (DSMZ Deutsche Sammlung von Mikroorganismen und Zellkulturen GmbH, Braunschweig, Germany). The expression of NPM-ALK is achieved by transfecting the BaF3 cell line with an expression vector pClneo™ (Promega Corp., Madison WI, USA) coding for NPM-ALK and subsequent selection of G418 resistant cells. Non-transfected BaF3 cells depend on IL-3 for cell survival. In contrast NPM-ALK expressing BaF3 cells (named BaF3-NPM-ALK hereinafter) can proliferate in the absence of IL-3 because they obtain proliferative signal through NPM-ALK kinase. Putative inhibitors of the NPM-ALK kinase therefore abolish the growth signal and result in antiproliferative activity. The antiproliferative activity of putative inhibitors of the NPM-ALK kinase can however be overcome by addition of IL-3 which provides growth signals through an NPM-ALK independent mechanism. [For an analogous cell system

- 19 -

using FLT3 kinase see E Weisberg et al. Cancer Cell; 1, 433-443 (2002)]. The inhibitory activity of the compounds of formula I is determined, briefly, as follows: BaF3-NPM-ALK cells (15,000/microtitre plate well) are transferred to 96-well microtitre plates. The test compounds [dissolved in dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO)] are added in a series of concentrations (dilution series) in such a manner that the final concentration of DMSO is not greater than 1 % (v/v). After the addition, the plates are incubated for two days during which the control cultures without test compound are able to undergo two cell-division cycles. The growth of the BaF3-NPM-ALK cells is measured by means of Yopro™ staining [T Idziorek et al. J. Immunol. Methods; 185: 249-258 (1995)]: 25 µl of lysis buffer consisting of 20 mM sodium citrate, pH 4.0, 26.8 mM sodium chloride, 0.4 % NP40, 20 mM EDTA and 20 mM is added to each well. Cell lysis is completed within 60 min at room temperature and total amount of Yopro bound to DNA is determined by measurement using the Cytofluor II 96-well reader (PerSeptive Biosystems) with the following settings: Excitation (nm) 485/20 and Emission (nm) 530/25.

IC₅₀ values are determined by a computer-aided system using the formula:

$$IC_{50} = [(ABS_{test} - ABS_{start})/(ABS_{control} - ABS_{start})] \times 100. (ABS = absorption)$$

The IC $_{50}$ value in those experiments is given as that concentration of the test compound in question that results in a cell count that is 50 % lower than that obtained using the control without inhibitor. The compounds of formula I exhibit inhibitory activity with an IC $_{50}$ in the range from approximately 0.01 to 1 μ M.

The antiproliferative action of the compounds of formula I can also be determined in the human KARPAS-299 lymphoma cell line (DSMZ Deutsche Sammlung von Mikroorganismen und Zellkulturen GmbH, Braunschweig, Germany) [described in WG Dirks et al. Int. J. Cancer 100, 49-56 (2002)] using the same methodology described above for the BaF3-NPM-ALK cell line. The compounds of formula I exhibit inhibitory activity with an IC50 in the range from approximately 0.01 to 1 μ M.

The action of the compounds of formula I on autophosphorylation of the ALK can be determined in the human KARPAS-299 lymphoma cell line by means of an immunoblot as described in WG Dirks et al. Int. J. Cancer <u>100</u>, 49-56 (2002). In that test the compounds of formula | exhibit an IC_{50} of approximately from 0.001 to 1 μ M.

Among the compounds of formula I, 2-[5-chloro-2-(2-methoxy-4-morpholin-4-yl-phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-N-methyl-benzamide is an especially potent ALK inhibitor, in that this compound inhibits the growth of the BaF3-NPM-ALK cells with an IC₅₀ of 97 nM. Further specifically preferred compounds that inhibit the tyrosine kinase activity of anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK) are the compounds described hereinafter in the examples 7A and 7B, as well as 7-2, 7-15, 7-36, 7-39, 7-44 and 7-52, respectively, all of which are having an IC₅₀ within the range from <0.5 to 200 nM.

For the above uses in the treatment of neoplastic diseases and immune system disorders the required dosage will of course vary depending on the mode of administration, the particular condition to be treated and the effect desired. In general, satisfactory results are indicated to be obtained systemically at daily dosages of from about 0.1 to about 100 mg/kg body weight. An indicated daily dosage in the larger mammal, e.g. humans, is in the range from about 0.5 mg to about 2000 mg, conveniently administered, for example, in divided doses up to four times a day or in retard form.

The compounds of the invention may be administered by any conventional route, in particular parenterally, for example in the form of injectable solutions or suspensions, enterally, preferably orally, for example in the form of tablets or capsules, topically, e.g. in the form of lotions, gels, ointments or creams, or in a nasal or a suppository form. Pharmaceutical compositions comprising a compound of the invention in association with at least one pharmaceutical acceptable carrier or diluent may be manufactured in conventional manner by mixing with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent. Unit dosage forms for oral administration contain, for example, from about 0.1 mg to about 500 mg of active substance. Topical administration is e.g. to the skin. A further form of topical administration is to the eye.

The pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention are prepared in a manner known per se, for example by means of conventional mixing, granulating, coating, dissolving or lyophilizing processes.

Preference is given to the use of solutions of the active ingredient, and also suspensions or dispersions, especially isotonic aqueous solutions, dispersions or suspensions which, for example in the case of lyophilized compositions comprising the active ingredient alone or together with a carrier, for example mannitol, can be made up before use. The pharmaceutical

- 21 -

compositions may be sterilized and/or may comprise excipients, for example preservatives, stabilizers, wetting agents and/or emulsifiers, solubilizers, salts for regulating osmotic pressure and/or buffers and are prepared in a manner known per se, for example by means of conventional dissolving and lyophilizing processes. The said solutions or suspensions may comprise viscosity-increasing agents, typically sodium carboxymethylcellulose, carboxymethylcellulose, dextran, polyvinylpyrrolidone, or gelatins, or also solubilizers, e.g. Tween 80® (polyoxyethylene(20)sorbitan mono-oleate).

Suspensions in oil comprise as the oil component the vegetable, synthetic, or semi-synthetic oils customary for injection purposes. In respect of such, special mention may be made of liquid fatty acid esters that contain as the acid component a long-chained fatty acid having from 8 to 22, especially from 12 to 22, carbon atoms, for example lauric acid, tridecylic acid, myristic acid, pentadecylic acid, palmitic acid, margaric acid, stearic acid, arachidic acid, behenic acid or corresponding unsaturated acids, for example oleic acid, elaidic acid, erucic acid, brassidic acid or linoleic acid, if desired with the addition of antioxidants, for example vitamin E, β-carotene or 3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxytoluene. The alcohol component of these fatty acid esters has a maximum of 6 carbon atoms and is a monovalent or polyvalent, for example a mono-, di- or trivalent, alcohol, for example methanol, ethanol, propanol, butanol or pentanol or the isomers thereof, but especially glycol and glycerol. As fatty acid esters, therefore, the following are mentioned: ethyl oleate, isopropyl myristate, isopropyl palmitate, "Labrafil M 2375" (polyoxyethylene glycerol), "Labrafil M 1944 CS" (unsaturated polyglycolized glycerides prepared by alcoholysis of apricot kernel oil and consisting of glycerides and polyethylene glycol ester), "Labrasol" (saturated polyglycolized glycerides prepared by alcoholysis of TCM and consisting of glycerides and polyethylene glycol ester; all available from Gattefossé, France), and/or "Miglyol 812" (triglyceride of saturated fatty acids of chain length C₈ to C₁₂ from Hüls AG, Germany), but especially vegetable oils such as cottonseed oil, almond oil, olive oil, castor oil, sesame oil, soybean oil and more especially groundnut oil.

The manufacture of injectable preparations is usually carried out under sterile conditions, as is the filling, for example, into ampoules or vials, and the sealing of the containers.

Pharmaceutical compositions for oral administration can be obtained, for example, by combining the active ingredient with one or more solid carriers, if desired granulating a resulting

- 22 -

mixture, and processing the mixture or granules, if desired or necessary, by the inclusion of additional excipients, to form tablets or tablet cores.

Suitable carriers are especially fillers, such as sugars, for example lactose, saccharose, mannitol or sorbitol, cellulose preparations, and/or calcium phosphates, for example tricalcium phosphate or calcium hydrogen phosphate, and also binders, such as starches, for example corn, wheat, rice or potato starch, methylcellulose, hydroxypropyl methylcellulose, sodium carboxymethylcellulose, and/or polyvinylpyrrolidone, and/or, if desired, disintegrators, such as the above-mentioned starches, also carboxymethyl starch, crosslinked polyvinylpyrrolidone, alginic acid or a salt thereof, such as sodium alginate. Additional excipients are especially flow conditioners and lubricants, for example silicic acid, talc, stearic acid or salts thereof, such as magnesium or calcium stearate, and/or polyethylene glycol, or derivatives thereof.

Tablet cores can be provided with suitable, optionally enteric, coatings through the use of, inter alia, concentrated sugar solutions which may comprise gum arabic, talc, polyvinylpyrrolidone, polyethylene glycol and/or titanium dioxide, or coating solutions in suitable organic solvents or solvent mixtures, or, for the preparation of enteric coatings, solutions of suitable cellulose preparations, such as acetylcellulose phthalate or hydroxypropylmethylcellulose phthalate. Dyes or pigments may be added to the tablets or tablet coatings, for example for identification purposes or to indicate different doses of active ingredient.

Pharmaceutical compositions for oral administration also include hard capsules consisting of gelatin, and also soft, sealed capsules consisting of gelatin and a plasticizer, such as glycerol or sorbitol. The hard capsules may contain the active ingredient in the form of granules, for example in admixture with fillers, such as corn starch, binders, and/or glidants, such as talc or magnesium stearate, and optionally stabilizers. In soft capsules, the active ingredient is preferably dissolved or suspended in suitable liquid excipients, such as fatty oils, paraffin oil or liquid polyethylene glycols or fatty acid esters of ethylene or propylene glycol, to which stabilizers and detergents, for example of the polyoxyethylene sorbitan fatty acid ester type, may also be added.

Pharmaceutical compositions suitable for rectal administration are, for example, suppositories that consist of a combination of the active ingredient and a suppository base. Suitable

suppository bases are, for example, natural or synthetic triglycerides, paraffin hydrocarbons, polyethylene glycols or higher alkanols.

For parenteral administration, aqueous solutions of an active ingredient in water-soluble form, for example of a water-soluble salt, or aqueous injection suspensions that contain viscosity-increasing substances, for example sodium carboxymethylcellulose, sorbitol and/or dextran, and, if desired, stabilizers, are especially suitable. The active ingredient, optionally together with excipients, can also be in the form of a lyophilizate and can be made into a solution before parenteral administration by the addition of suitable solvents.

Solutions such as are used, for example, for parenteral administration can also be employed as infusion solutions.

Preferred preservatives are, for example, antioxidants, such as ascorbic acid, or microbicides, such as sorbic acid or benzoic acid.

The compounds of the invention may be administered as the sole active ingredient or together with other drugs useful against neoplastic diseases or useful in immunomodulating regimens. For example, the agents of the invention may be used in accordance with the invention in combination with pharmaceutical compositions effective in various diseases as described above, e.g. with cyclophosphamide, 5-fluorouracil, fludarabine, gemcitabine, cisplatinum, carboplatin, vincristine, vinblastine, etoposide, irinotecan, paclitaxel, docetaxel, rituxan, doxorubicine, gefitinib, or imatinib; or also with cyclosporins, rapamycins, ascomycins or their immunosuppressive analogs, e.g. cyclosporin A, cyclosporin G, FK-506, sirolimus or everolimus, corticosteroids, e.g. prednisone, cyclophosphamide, azathioprene, methotrexate, gold salts, sulfasalazine, antimalarials, brequinar, leflunomide, mizoribine, mycophenolic acid, mycophenolate, mofetil, 15-deoxyspergualine, immuno-suppressive monoclonal antibodies, e.g. monoclonal antibodies to leukocyte receptors, e.g. MHC, CD2, CD3, CD4, CD7, CD25, CD28, CD40, CD45, CD58, CD80, CD86, CD152, CD137, CD154, ICOS, LFA-1, VLA-4 or their ligands, or other immunomodulatory compounds, e.g. CTLA4Ig.

In accordance with the foregoing, the present invention also provides:

(1) A compound of the invention for use as a pharmaceutical;

- (2) a compound of the invention for use as a FAK inhibitor, an ALK inhibitor and/or ZAP-70 inhibitor, for example for use in any of the particular indications hereinbefore set forth;
- (3) a pharmaceutical composition, e.g. for use in any of the indications herein before set forth, comprising a compound of the invention as active ingredient together with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable diluents or carriers;
- (4) a method for the treatment of any particular indication set forth hereinbefore in a subject in need thereof which comprises administering an effective amount of a compound of the invention or a pharmaceutical composition comprising same;
- (5) the use of a compound of the invention for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment or prevention of a disease or condition in which FAK, ALK and/or ZAP-70 activation plays a role or is implicated;
- (6) the method as defined above under (4) comprising co-administration, e.g. concomitantly or in sequence, of a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of the invention and one or more further drug substances, said further drug substance being useful in any of the particular indications set forth hereinbefore;
- (7) a combination comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of the invention and one or more further drug substances, said further drug substance being useful in any of the particular indications set forth hereinbefore;
- (8) use of a compound of the invention for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment or prevention of a disease which responds to inhibition of the anaplastic lymphoma kinase;
- (9) the use according to (8), wherein the disease to be treated is selected from anaplastic large-cell lymphoma, non-Hodgkin's lymphomas, inflammatory myofibroblastic tumors and neuroblastomas;
- (10) the use according to (8) or (9), wherein the compound is 2-[5-chloro-2-(2-methoxy-4-morpholin-4-yl-phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-N-methyl-benzamide or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, or any of the the compounds described hereinafter in the examples or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt of any one of these;
- (11) a method for the treatment of a disease which responds to inhibition of the anaplastic lymphoma kinase, especially a disease selected from anaplastic large-cell lymphoma, non-Hodgkin's lymphomas, inflammatory myofibroblastic tumors and neuroblastomas, comprising administering an effective amount of a compound of the invention, especially 2-[5-chloro-2-(2-methoxy-4-morpholin-4-yl-phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-N-methyl-benzamide, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

Additionally preferred a compound according to the present invention that is useful as herein before described is a compound specifically mentioned in the examples.

Additional specifically preferred compounds according to the present invention that are useful either as FAK inhibitor, as ALK inhibitor or for inhibition of both and which may be prepared essentially according to the methods described hereinbefore are the following:

2-[5-chloro-2-(2-methoxy-4-morpholin-4-yl-phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-N-methyl-benzamide,

 N^2 -(4-[1,4']Bipiperidinyl-1'-yl-2-methoxy-phenyl)-5-chloro- N^4 -[2-(propane-1-sulfonyl)-phenyl]-pyrimidine-2,4-diamine,

2-{5-Chloro-2-[2-methoxy-4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenylamino]-pyrimidin-4-ylamino}-N-isopropyl-benzenesulfonamide,

2-[5-Bromo-2-(2-methoxy-5-morpholin-4-yl-phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide

2-{2-[5-(1-Acetyl-piperidin-4-yloxy)-2-methoxy-phenylamino]-5-bromo-pyrimidin-4-ylamino}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,

N-[5-Bromo-2-(2,5-dimethoxy-phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-N-(4-morpholin-4-yl-phenyl)-methanesulfonamide,

5-Bromo-N-4-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-N*2*-(2-methoxy-4-morpholin-4-yl-phenyl)-pyrimidine-2,4-diamine,

2-[5-Chloro-2-(2-methoxy-4-piperazin-1-yl-phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,

2-[5-Bromo-2-(5-fluoro-2-methoxy-phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-N-methylbenzenesulfonamide,

2-[5-Chloro-2-(5-fluoro-2-methoxy-phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-N-isobutyl-benzenesulfonamide, and

2-{5-Chloro-2-[2-methoxy-5-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-ylmethyl)-phenylamino]-pyrimidin-4-ylamino}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide.

The invention also provides a compound of formula 2-{5-Chloro-2-[4-(3-methylamino-pyrrolidin-1-yl)-phenylamino]-pyrimidin-4-ylamino}-N-isopropyl-benzenesulfonamide

The following Examples serve to illustrate the invention without limiting the invention in its scope.

Examples

Abbreviations

AcOH = acetic acid, ALK = anaplastic lymphoma kinase, ATP = adenosine 5'-triphosphate, brine = saturated sodium chloride solution, BSA = bovine serum albumin, DIAD = diisopropyl azodicarboxylate, DIPCDI = N,N'-diisopropylcarbodiimid, DMAP = 4-dimethylaminopyridine, DMF = N,N-dimethylformamide, DTT = 1,4-dithio-D,L-threitol, EDTA = ethylene diamine tetraacetic acid, Et = ethyl, EtOAc = ethyl acetate, EtOH = ethanol, Eu-PT66 = LANCETM europium-W1024-labelled anti-phosphotyrosine antibody (Perkin Elmer), FAK = Focal Adhesion Kinase, FRET = fluorescence resonance energy transfer, HEPES = N-2-hydroxyethyl-piperazine-N'-2-ethanesulfonic acid, HOAt = 1-hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole, Me = methyl, RT-PCR = reverse transcription polymerase chain reaction, SA-(SL)APC = Streptavidin conjugated to SuperLightTM allophycocyanin (Perkin Elmer), subst. = substituted, TBTU = O-(benzotriazol-1-yl)-N,N,N',N'-tetramethylammonium tetrafluoroborate, THF = tetrahydrofuran.

Example 1: 2-[2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-phenylamino)-5-nitro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-N-methylbenzenesulfonamide

To a solution of 2-(2-chloro-5-nitro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide (100 mg, 0.29 mmol) in EtOH (3 mL), 2,5-dimethoxyaniline (49 mg, 0.32 mmol) is added at room temperature. The mixture is heated at 78°C for 5 h. The solvent is evaporated, and the mixture is purified by reverse phase HPLC to give the title product in.

Rf = 0.47 (n-hexane : ethyl acetate = 1:1). 1 H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), δ (ppm): 2.36 (d, 3H), 3.57 (s, 3H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 6.72 (d, 1H), 6.99 (d, 1H), 7.17 (s, 1H), 7.35 (t, 1H), 7.4-7.6 (m, 1H), 7.63 (d, 1H), 7.81 (d, 1H), 8.0-8.2 (m, 1H), 9.13 (s, 1H), 9.41 (br.s, 1H), 11.0 (s, 1H).

Preparation of 2-(2-chloro-5-nitro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide: 2,4-Dichloro-5-nitro-pyrimidine (1.94 g, 10 mmol) and 2-amino-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide (1.86 g, 10 mmol) are dissolved in CHCl₃ (30 mL). The reaction mixture is heated at 61°C for 2 h. The solvent is evaporated and the residue is washed with ether to give the title product.

Rf = 0.5 (n-hexane : ethyl acetate = 1:1). 1 H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃), δ (ppm): 2.67 (d, 3H), 4.6-4.7 (m, 2H), 7.41 (dd, 1H), 7.7 (dd, 1H), 8.04 (d, 1H), 8.15 (d, 1H), 9.21 (s, 1H), 11.2 (s, 1H).

Example 2: 2-[5-Bromo-2-(2,4-dimethoxy-phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-N-methylbenzenesulfonamide

To a solution of 2-(5-bromo-2-chloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide (300 mg, 0.79 mmol), 2,4-dimethoxyaniline (181.5 mg, 1.18 mmol) in ethanol (3 mL), 1 N hydrochloric acid (0.03 mL) is added and stirred under reflux condition for 5 hours. The reaction mixture is cooled to room temperature, poured into water and extracted twice with ethyl acetate. The organic layer is successively washed with water and brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, and evaporated in vacuo. The residue is purified with silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane : ethyl acetate = 5:1 to 1:1) to afford the title compound.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃), δ (ppm): 8.95 (s, 1H), 8.44 (d, 1H), 8.20 (s, 1H), 7.98 (dd, 1H), 7.58 (ddd, 1H), 7.22-7.32 (m, 1H), 6.51 (d, 1H), 6.40 (d, 1H), 4.56-4.48 (m, 1H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 2.64 (d, 3H). Rf (n-hexane : ethyl acetate = 1:1): 0.31.

Preparation of 2-(5-bromo-2-chloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide

A solution of 5-bromo-2,4-dichloropyrimidine (684 mg, 3.0 mmol) and 2-amino-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide (559 mg, 3.0 mmol) in N,N-dimethylformamide (10 mL) containing potassium carbonate (830 mg, 6.0 mmol) is stirred at room temperature for 23 hours. Saturated aqueous ammonium chloride is added and the mixture is poured into water and extracted twice with ethyl acetate. The organic layer is washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, and evaporated in vacuo. The residue is purified with silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane - ethyl acetate gradient) to afford the title compound as a slightly yellow solid.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃), δ (ppm): 2.67 (d, 3H), 4.79 (q, 1H), 7.26 (s, 1H), 7.29 (ddd, 1H), 7.66 (ddd, 1H), 7.95 (dd, 1H), 8.37 (s, 1H), 8.48 (d, 1H), 9.52 (s, 1H). Rf (n-hexane : ethyl acetate = 10:3): 0.33.

Example 3:

The following 2-[5-bromo-2-(subst. phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-N-methyl-benzene-sulfonamides are prepared from 2-(5-bromo-2-chloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide and the corresponding aniline following the procedure of Example 2:

ExplNo.	Rx	Rf (solvent)	¹ H-NMR (400MHz), δ (ppm)
		or MS	
			CDCl ₃ : 2.64(d, 3H), 4.48-4.40(m, 1H), 6.78(d,1H),
3-1	O F	0.48	6.87(bs, 1H), 6.99(dd, 1H), 6.82(s, 1H),7.54(ddd, 1H),
	OF	(<i>n</i> -hexane:	7.79(d, 1H), 7.97(dd, 1H), 8.28(s, 1H), 8.32(dd, 1H),
		AcOEt=1:1)	9.07(s, 1H)
			CDCl ₃ : 2.25(s, 3H), 2.33(s, 3H), 2.63(d, 3H), 4.53-
3-2	Me	0.58	4.45(m, 1H), 6.61(bs, 1H), 6.99(dd, 1H), 7.04(s, 1H),
		(<i>n</i> -hexane:	7.18(ddd, 1H), 7.43(ddd, 1H), 7.56(d, 1H), 7.92(dd,
	 Me	AcOEt=1:1)	1H), 8.19(s, 1H), 8.41(dd, 1H), 9.08(s, 1H)
			CDCl ₃ : 2.23(s, 3H), 2.62(d, 3H), 3.69(s, 3H), 4.53-
3-3	Me	0.36	4.44(m, 1H), 6.62(dd, 1H), 6.69(bs, 1H), 7.10(d, 1H),
	MeO	(n-hexane:	7.19(dd, 1H), 7.48(d, 1H), 7.51(dd, 1H), 7.93(dd, 1H),
		AcOEt=1:1)	8.22(s, 1H), 8.44(dd, 1H), 9.09(s1, 1H)
]		CDCl ₃ : 2.32(s, 3H), 2.63(d, 3H), 4.45-4.44(m, 1H),
3-4	F	0.41	6.85(d, 1H), 6.91(d, 1H), 7.00(bs, 1H), 7.28-7.24(m,
		(<i>n-</i> hexane:	1H), 7.57(dd, 1H), 7.99(dd, 1H), 8.25 (s, 1H), 8.39(d,
	 Me	AcOEt=1:1)	1H), 9.00(bs, 1H)

3-5	OMe	0.39 (<i>n</i> -hexane: AcOEt=1:1)	CDCl ₃ : 2.33(s, 3H), 2.63(d, 3H), 3.87(s, 3H), 4.46-4.44(m, 1H), 6.66(d, 1H), 6.71(s, 1H), 7.48(bs, 1H), 7.63-7.59(m, 1H), 7.97(dd, 1H), 8.05(d, 1H), 8.23 (s, 1H), 8.44(d, 1H), 8.92(bs, 1H)
3-6	OMe	0.27 (<i>n</i> -hexane: AcOEt=3:1)	CDCl ₃ : 2.63(d, 3H), 3.90(s, 3H), 4.45-4.40(m, 1H), 6.90-6.86(m, 2H), 7.00-6.96(m, 1H), 7.23-7.17 (m, 3H), 7.45(dd, 1H), 7.50-7.60(m, 2H), 7.97(dd, 1H), 8.22(d, 1H), 8.26 (s, 1H), 8.43(d, 1H), 8.94(bs, 1H)
3-7	Me	0.34 (<i>n</i> -hexane: AcOEt=3:1)	CDCl ₃ : 2.30(s, 3H), 2.63(d, 3H), 4.44-4.43(m, 1H), 6.68 (bs, 1H), 7.00-6.68(m, 1H), 7.23-7.17(m, 2H), 7.46-7.43(m, 1H), 7.76(d, 1H), 7.93(dd, 1H), 8.22 (s, 1H), 8.40(d, 1H), 9.01(bs, 1H)
3-8	TZ TZ	0.12 (<i>n</i> -hexane: AcOEt=3:1)	CDCl ₃ : 2.62(d, 3H), 2.81(s, 3H), 4.07-3.98(m, 1H), 4.52-4.45(m, 1H), 6.37(bs, 1H), 6.77-6.73 (m, 2H), 7.12(dd, 1H), 7.24-7.20(m, 1H), 7.30-7.27(m, 1H), 7.35(dd, 1H), 7.88(dd, 1H), 8.18 (s, 1H), 8.41(d, 1H), 9.19(bs, 1H)
3-9	OMe	0.28 (<i>n</i> -hexane: AcOEt=3:1)	CDCl ₃ : 2.62(d, 3H), 3.94(s, 3H), 4.49-4.43(m, 1H), 6.99-6.90 (m, 3H), 7.18-7.23(m, 1H), 7.31-7.24(m, 3H), 7.63(bs, 1H), 7.93-7.86(m, 1H), 8.28-8.23(m, 1H), 8.28 (s, 1H), 8.45(bs, 1H), 8.89(bs, 1H)
3-10		0.23 (<i>n</i> -hexane: AcOEt=3:1)	CDCl ₃ : 0.91(t, 3H), 1.37 (dd, 2H), 1.64-1.55 (m, 2H), 2.64-2.60 (m, 2H), 4.45-4.40 (m, 1H), 6.69 (bs, 1H), 7.23-7.10(m, 1H), 7.46-7.38 (m, 1H), 7.73 (d 1H), 7.92 (d, 1H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 8.38-8.46 (m, 1H), 9.09 (bs, 1H)
3-11	TE NOTE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	0.12 (<i>n</i> -hexane: AcOEt=3:1)	CDCl ₃ : 2.63 (d, 3H), 4.15-4.10 (m, 1H), 6.58 (bs, 1H), 7.31-7.10(m, 4H), 7.53-7.49 (m, 1H), 7.71(d 1H), 7.95 (d, 1H), 8.30-8.23 (m, 1H), 8.26 (s, 1H), 8.45 (d, 1H), 9.03 (bs, 1H)

			0001 000 (11 01) 000 (1 01) 0.05((01) 0.00 (
			CDCl ₃ : 2.09 (dd, 2H), 2.63 (d, 3H), 2.85(t, 2H), 2.96 (t,
3-12		0.4	2H), 4.46-4.43 (m, 2H), 6.73 (bs, 1H), 6.99 (d, 1H),
		(<i>n</i> -hexane:	7.09 (dd, 1H), 7.25-7.20(m, 1H), 7.52 (dd, 1H), 7.74
	⋄	AcOEt=3:1)	(d 1H), 7.92 (dd, 1H), 8.22 (s, 1H), 8.42 (d, 1H), 9.02
			(bs, 1H)
			CDCl ₃ : 2.63 (d, 3H), 4.63-4.64 (m, 1H), 7.11(d, 2H),
3-13	, H	0.33	7.18(dd, 1H), 7.42-7.34(m, 1H), 7.58-7.55(m, 1H),
	N N	(AcOEt)	7.96(d, 1H), 8.07(s, 1H), 8.19-8.10(m, 1H), 8.24(s,
			1H), 9.15(s, 1H), 11.6-11.4(m, 1H)
		<u></u>	CDCl ₃ : 2.63(d, 3H), 3.88(s, 3H), 3.89(s, 3H), 4.47-
3-14	OMe	0.28	4.41(m, 1H), 6.60(d,1H), 6.92 (dd,1H), 7.64 (dd,
		(<i>n</i> -hexane:	1H),7.66-7.61(m,1H), 7.89(d, 1H), 7.98(dd, 1H),
	OMe	AcOEt=3:1)	8.26(s, 1H), 8.43(d, 1H), 8.95(s, 1H)
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	CDCl ₃ : 2.63(d, 3H), 3.66(s, 3H), 3.85(s, 3H), 4.45-
3-15	OMe	0.30	4.44(m, 1H), 6.48(dd,1H), 6.79(d,1H), 7.64(dd, 1H),
		(n-hexane:	7.97(dd, 2H), 8.26(s, 1H), 8.44(d, 1H), 8.96(s, 1H)
	MeO	AcOEt=3:1)	
			CDCl ₃ : 2.17(s, 3H), 2.22(s, 3H), 2.64(s, 3H), 2.63(d,
3-16	Me	0.22	3H), 4.46-4.44(m, 1H), 6.57(bs, 1H), 7.00(s,1H),
		(<i>n</i> -hexane:	7.17(dd,1H), 7.44-7.40(m,1H), 7.44(s, 1H), 7.93(dd,
	Me	AcOEt=3:1)	1H), 8.19(s, 1H), 8.43(d, 1H), 9.06(s, 1H)
			CDCl ₃ : 2.22(s,3H), 2.63(d, 3H), 3.68(s, 3H), 3.89(s,
3-17	Me	0.46	3H), 4.52-4.47(m, 1H), 6.51(s,1H), 6.74(s,1H),
	Mag	(AcOEt)	7.12(s,1H), 7.16-7.12(m,1H), 7.40(dd, 1H), 7.91(dd,
	MeO OMe		1H), 8.19(s, 1H), 8.42(d, 1H), 9.12(s, 1H)
			CDCl ₃ : 1.16(d, 6H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 2.62(d, 3H), 2.77(t,
3-18	Me	0.35	1H), 4.49-4.48(m, 1H), 7.00(s,1H), 7.15(d,1H), 7.41-
		(<i>n</i> -hexane:	7.37(m,1H), 7.49(d,2H), 7.54(dd, 1H), 7.92(dd, 1H),
		AcOEt=3:1)	8.21(s, 1H), 8.32(d, 1H), 9.02(s, 1H)
		l	

			0001-000/4 010 040 040 / 410 007/ 010
	OMe		CDCl ₃ : 2.63(d, 3H), 3.13-3.10 (m, 4H), 3.87(s, 3H),
3-19	Olvie	0.23	3.89-3.86(m, 4H), 4.97-4.93(m, 1H), 6.41(dd,1H),
		(<i>n</i> -hexane:	6.52(d,1H), 7.24-7.22(m,1H), 7.32(s,1H), 7.57(dd,1H),
	N	AcOEt=1:1)	7.96(dd, 1H), 8.01(d, 1H), 8.14(s, 1H), 8.44(d, 1H),
			8.98 (s, 1H)
	0		
			CDCl ₃ : 2.22(s, 3H), 2.64(d, 3H), 3.00-3.2.97 (m, 4H),
3-20	Me	0.36	3.76-3.74(m, 4H), 4.54-4.50(m, 1H), 6.64(d,1H),
		(<i>n</i> -hexane:	6.66(dd, 1H), 7.11(d,1H), 7.18(dd,1H), 7.37(d, 1H),
		AcOEt=1:1)	7.46(dd, 1H), 7.93(dd, 1H), 8.22(s, 1H), 8.42(d, 1H),
			9.09 (s, 1H)
			CDCl ₃ : 2.33(s, 3H), 2.65(d, 3H), 3.60-3.45(m, 8H),
3-22	Me	0.27	4.53-4.49(m, 1H), 6.74(s, 1H), 7.11(d, 1H), 7.22-
	0	(AcOEt)	7.18(m, 1H), 7.58-7.54(m 1H), 7.94(dd, 1H), 8.00(d,
	N		1H), 8.22(s, 1H), 8.37(d, 1H), 9.13(s, 1H)
	`0		
	Me		CDCl ₃ : 1.24-1.08(m, 2H), 1.46-1.32(m, 2H),1.76-
3-23	I IVIE	0.38	1.67(m, 2H), 1.98-1.90(m, 2H), 2.33(s, 3H), 2.64(d,
		(AcOEt)	3H), 3.95-3.90(m, 1H), 4.49-4.47(m, 1H), 5.89-
	NH		5.80(m, 1H), 6.66(s, 1H), 7.15(dd, 1H), 7.48-7.31(m,
			2H), 7.91(dd, 1H), 8.12(s, 1H), 8.23(s, 1H), 8.41(d,
	Ť		1H), 9.18(s, 1H)
			CDCl ₃ : 2.35(s, 3H), 2.71(s, 3H), 3.07-2.73(m, 2H),
3-24	Me	0.11	3.86-3.31(m, 6H), 6.85(s, 1H), 7.10(d, 1H), 7.24-
		(AcOEt)	7.19(m, 1H), 7.52-7.48(m, 1H), 7.66-7.59(m, 2H),
	N	,	7.93(d, 1H), 8.06(s, 1H), 8.27-8.21(m, 1H), 8.23(s,
			1H), 9.11(s, 1H)
	Ä_		,
			CDCl ₃ : 2.52(d, 3H), 2.62(s, 3H), 4.36-4.32(m, 1H),
3-25	Me	0.5	6.74(s, 1H), 6.87(d, 2H), 7.00-6.91(m, 2H), 7.00-
		(<i>n</i> -hexane:	6.97(m, 2H), 7.38(dd, 2H), 7.86(dd, 1H), 7.98(s, 1H),
	MeO	AcOEt=1:1)	8.23(s, 1H), 8.28(d, 1H), 9.04(s, 1H)
:			
L	I	L	<u> </u>

	ı		CDCl ₃ : 1.62-1.34(m, 6H), 2.13(s, 3H), 2.56(d, 3H),
3-26	Me	0.45	3.01-2.87(m, 4H), 4.54-4.38(m, 1H), 6.59(s, 1H),
		(<i>n</i> -hexane:	6.69-6.59(m, 1H), 7.02(d, 1H), 7.10-7.07(m, 1H),
		AcOEt=1:1)	7.37(dd, 1H), 7.84(dd, 1H), 8.15(s, 1H), 8.34(d, 1H),
		•	9.01(s, 1H)
	1		CDCl ₃ : 2.32(s, 3H), 2.58(d, 3H), 3.75(s, 3H), 4.37-
3-27	Me	0.45	4.44(m, 1H), 6.77-6.73(m, 1H), 6.89-6.82(m 1H),
		(<i>n</i> -hexane:	6.97-6.91(m, 2H), 6.96(d, 1H), 7.20(dd, 1H), 7.25-
		AcOEt=1:1)	7.24(m, 1H), 7.33-7.29(m, 1H)
	OMe		
	, Me		CDCl ₃ : 2.34(s, 3H), 2.64(d, 3H), 3.81(s, 3H), 4.57-
3-28		0.35	4.50(m, 1H), 6.76(bs, 1H), 6.91-6.84(m, 41H), 7.04(d,
		(<i>n</i> -hexane:	1H), 7.83(dd, 1H), 8.06(d, 1H), 8.19(dd, 1H), 8.23(s,
	ОМе	AcOEt=1:1)	1H), 9.00(s, 1H)
			CDCl ₃ : 1.50(t, 3H), 2.62 (d, 3H), 4.17(dd, 2H), 4.51-
3-29	OEt	0.45	4.44(m, 1H), 6.95-6.89 (m, 2H), 6.94(d, 1H), 7.16 (dd,
		(n-hexane:	1H), 7.31-7.23(m, 5H), 7.67(s, 1H), 7.11(dd, 1H),
		AcOEt=1:1)	7.23(d, 2H), 7.65(s, 1H), 7.88(dd, 1H), 8.28-8.23(m,
	⋄		1H), 8.28(s, 1H), 8.43(s, 1H), 8.89(s, 1H)
:]		CDCl ₃ : 1.49(t, 3H), 2.63(d, 3H), 3.85(s, 3H), 4.16(dd,
3-30	OEt	0.45	2H), 4.55-4.48(m, 1H), 6.81(dd, 1H), 6.95-6.91(m,
		(<i>n</i> -hexane:	3H), 7.11(dd, 1H), 7.23(d, 2H), 7.65(s, 1H), 7.90-
	OMe	AcOEt=1:1)	7.88(m, 1H), 8.28-8.26(m, 1H), 8.27(s, 1H), 8.39(s,
			1H), 8.90(s, 1H)
			¹ H-NMR : (CDCl₃) 1.83-1.72 (4H, m), 2.63 (3H, d),
3-31		0.29	2.66-2.62 (2H, m), 2.80 (2H, t), 4.41-4.44 (1H, m),
		(<i>n</i> -hexane:	6.64 (1H, br.s), 6.92 (1H, d), 7.09 (1H, dd), 7.18 (1H,
		AcOEt=1:1)	dd), 7.45 (1H, dd), 7.59 (1H, dd), 7.92 (1H, d), 8.20
			(1H, s), 8.42 (1H, d), 9.08 (1H, br.s).
			DMSO-d ₆ : 2.43(s, 3H), 2.80-2.82(m, 4H), 3.61-3.64
3-32	0	0.3	(m, 4H), 3.75(s,3H), 6.62(dd, 1H), 6.93(d, 1H), 7.46(d,
		(n-hexane:	1H), 7.54(dd, 1H), 7.77(dd, 2H), 8.14(bs, 1H), 8.32(s,
		AcOEt=1:1)	1H), 8.38-8.30(m, 1H), 9.14(bs, 1H)
	¥		

	_		DMSO-d ₆ : 1.59-1.68(m, 2H), 1.88-1.98(m, 2H), 2.13-
3-33	 	0.61	2.25(m,2H), 2.19(s, 3H), 2.43(s, 3H), 2.60-2.70(m,
		(MeOH:	2H), 3.75(s, 3H), 4.32-4.40(m, 1H), 6.51(dd, 1H),
	ە	CH2Cl2=1:	6.64(d, 1H), 7.20(dd, 1H), 7.39(d, 1H), 7.75(dd, 1H),
	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	1)	7.70-7.78(s, 1H), 8.22(s, 1H), 8.26(s, 1H), 8.38-
			8.41(m, 1H), 9.22(s, 1H)
		:	CDCl ₃ : 2.11(s, 3H), 2.68(d, 3H), 2.76-2.83(m, 2H),
3-34	o'	0.17	2.89-2.97(m, 2H), 3.47-3.55(m, 2H), 3.58-3.66(m,
		(AcOEt)	2H), 3.86(s, 3H), 4.70-4.78(m, 1H), 6.53(dd, 1H),
	Ac_N		6.81(d, 1H), 7.23(dd, 1H), 7.54-7.62(m, 2H), 7.97(dd,
			1H), 8.02-8.03(m, 1H), 8.29(s, 1H), 8.40(d, 1H),
			8.99(bs, 1H)
			DMSO-d ₆ : 2.40-2.48(m, 7H), 2.63(t, 2H), 3.50-3.58(m,
3-35		0.22	4H), 3.77(s, 3H), 3.91(t, 2H), 6.60(dd, 1H), 6.93(d,
	[~	(AcOEt	1H), 7.28(dd, 1H), 7.56(d, 1H), 7.60(dd, 1H), 7.75-
	Z	only)	7.80(m, 1H), 7.80(dd, 1H), 8.10(s, 1H), 8.35(s, 1H),
			8.40(d, 1H), 9.21(s, 1H)
2 20		0.4	DMSO-d ₆ : 2.43(s, 3H), 7.03-7.08(m, 1H), 7.21-
3-36	F		
		(n-hexane:	7.23(m, 1H), 7.25-7.36(m, 1H), 7.47-7.57(m, 2H),
	F	AcOEt=1:1)	7.74-7.77(m, 2H), 8.28(s, 1H), 8.35(d, 1H), 9.09(s,
			1H), 9.24(s, 1H)
3-37	↓ cı	0.4	CDCl ₃ : 2.64(d, 3H), 4.53-4.54(m, 1H), 6.88-6.93(m,
		(n-hexane:	1H), 7.14-7.28(m, 3H), 7.54-7.58(m, 1H), 7.95-
	F	AcOEt=1:1)	7.98(m, 1H), 8.16-8.21(m, 1H), 8.24(s, 1H), 8.33-
			8.36(m, 1H), 9.05(s, 1H)
3-38	CI	0.42	CDCl ₃ : 2.64(d, 3H), 4.46-4.47(m, 1H), 6.63-6.68(m,
		(n-hexane:	1H), 7.30-7.32(m, 2H), 7.55(s, 1H), 7.64-7.68(m, 1H),
		AcOEt=1:1)	7.97-7.99(m, 1H), 8.20-8.39(m, 3H), 9.03(s, 1H)

0.00			00000 007/- 010 0 50 0 01/- 510 0 15
3-39	0		CDCl3: 2.37(s, 3H), 2.58-2.64(m, 7H), 3.15-
		562, 564	3.18(m,4H), 3.87(s, 3H), 4.60-4.65(m,1H),
		[M+1]+	6.43(dd,1H), 6.44-6.54(m, 1H), 7.22(d, 1H), 7.30(s,
	N		1H), 7.57(dd, 1H), 7.94-7.99(m, 2H), 8.18(s, 1H),
			8.45(d, 1H), 8.95(s, 1H)
3-40			DMSO-d6: 1.79-1.88(m,2H), 1.98-2.02(m, 2H), 2.43(s,
		572, 574	3H), 3.02-3.08(m, 3H), 3.28-3.39(m, 2H), 3.76(s, 3H),
		[M+1]+	6.47(dd, 1H), 6.65(d, 1H), 7.22(dd, 1H), 7.39(d, 1H),
	N		7.45-7.50(m, 1H), 7.74-7.77(m, 2H), 8.18(s, 1H),
			8.22(s, 1H), 8.41-8.44(m, 1H), 9.21(bs, 1H)
	 N		
3-41			DMSO-d6: 2.44(d, 3H), 2.69-2.71(m, 4H), 3.49-
		565, 567	3.52(m, 4H), 3.76(s, 3H), 6.45(dd, 1H), 6.62(d, 1H),
		[M+1]+	7.23(ddd, 1H), 7.38(d, 1H), 7.46-7.50(m, 1H), 7.72-
		[141 . 1] .	
	N		7.77(m, 2H), 8.19(s, 1H), 8.22(s, 1H), 8.42-8.45(m,
			1H), 9.22(s, 1H)
	s		
	1 0		DMSO-d6: 2.44(s, 3H), 3.31(s, 6H), 3.48-3.53(m, 8H),
3-42	°	595, 597	3.72(s, 3H), 6.24(dd, 1H), 6.37(d, 1H), 7.18-7.21(m,
		[M+1]+	2H), 7.40-7.55(m, 1H), 7.72-7.76(m, 2H), 8.17-
	N N		8.19(m, 2H), 8.40-8.50(m, 1H), 9.23(s, 1H)
3-43			DMSO-d6: 1.64-1.71(m, 2H), 1.75-1.82(m, 2H), 2.21-
	0	590, 592	2.28(m,1H), 2.43(d, 3H), 2.62-2.67(m,2H), 3.68-
		[M+1]+	3.74(m, 2H), 3.76(s, 3H), 6.45(dd,1H), 6.63(d, 1H),
	N N	ь · Л	6.75-6.81(m, 1H), 7.20(ddd, 1H), 7.25-7.30(m, 1H),
			7.35(d, 1H), 7.45-7.52(m, 1H), 7.70-7.77(m, 2H),
			8.18(s, 1H), 8.21(s, 1H), 8.40-8.47(m, 1H), 9.22(s,
	H ₂ N O		1H)
			111/

3-44		597, 599 [M+1]+	DMSO-d6: 2.44(s, 3H), 3.12-3.17(m, 4H), 3.68-3.85(m, 4H), 3.79(s, 3H), 6.55(dd, 1H), 6.71(d, 1H), 7.19-7.25(m, 1H), 7.43(d, 1H), 7.46-7.53(m, 1H), 7.73-7.78(m, 2H), 8.19-8.22(m, 1H), 8.22(s, 1H), 8.38-8.45(m, 1H), 9.20(bs, 1H)
3-45		600, 602 [M+1]+	DMSO-d6: 1.85-1.95(m, 2H), 2.19(t, 2H), 2.25-2.35(m, 4H), 2.43(s, 3H), 3.52-3.64(m, 4H), 4.19(t, 2H), 6.65(d, 1H), 7.05(dd, 1H), 7.20(d, 1H), 7.23(ddd, 1H), 7.27(d, 1H), 7.40-7.46(m, 1H), 7.42(d, 1H), 7.70-7.75(m, 1H), 7.76(dd, 1H), 8.32(s, 1H), 8.45(d, 1H), 9.22(s, 1H), 9.23(s, 1H)
3-46		590, 592 [M+1]+	DMSO-d6: 2.05(s, 3H), 2.44(s, 3H), 3.08-3.17(m, 4H), 3.55-3.63(m, 4H), 3.77(s, 3H), 6.48(dd,1H), 6.67(d, 1H), 7.23(dd, 1H), 7.41(d, 1H), 7.45-7.52(m, 1H), 7.76(dd, 1H), 7.72-7.78(m, 1H), 8.19(s, 1H), 8.22(s, 1H), 8.40-8.47(m, 1H), 9.22(bs, 1H)
3-47	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	548, 550 [M+1]+	DMSO-d6: 2.43(s, 3H), 2.82-2.87(m, 4H), 2.99-3.15(m, 4H), 3.76(s, 3H), 6.43(dd,1H), 6.61(d, 1H), 7.22(dd, 1H), 7.36(d, 1H), 7.43-7.51(m, 1H), 7.75(dd, 1H), 8.17(s, 1H), 8.21(s, 1H), 8.38-8.45(m, 1H), 9.12-9.28(m, 1H)
3-48	o N	MS 530, 532	CDCl3: 2.65 (d, 3H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 4.40-4.48 (m, 1H), 6.85-6.88 (m, 2H), 7.22 (d, 1H), 7.25-7.31 (m, 1H), 7.56-7.65 (m, 3H), 7.79 (s, 1H), 8.00 (dd, 1H), 8.29 (s, 1H), 8.39 (dd, 1H), 9.00 (s, 1H).

	1.0		CDCl ₃ : 2.18-2.50 (m, 4H), 2.28 (s, 3H), 2.65 (d, 3H),
3-49		Rf	3.10-3.75 (m, 4H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 4.50-4.61 (m, 1H),
	0	(AcOEt:	6.89 (d, 1H), 7.06 (dd, 1H), 7.59-7.67 (m, 2H), 7.93-
	N	MeOH=9:1)	7.97 (m, 1H), 8.26 (s, 1H), 8.37-8.43 (m, 2H), 9.02 (s,
	· []	0.20	1H).
	N		
		Rf	CDCl3: 2.63 (d, 3H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 4.00 (s, 3H), 4.39-
3-50		0.4	4.47 (m, 1H), 6.23 (d, 1H), 7.00 (s, 1H), 7.22-7.25 (m,
		(Hexane/Ac	1H), 7.57 (dd, 1H), 7.96 (dd, 1H), 8.22 (s, 1H), 8.25
	N	OEt=1/1)	(d, 1H), 8.37 (d, 1H), 8.96 (s, 1H)
	0		
	1	MS	CDCl3: 1.17 (t, 3H), 1.71-1.79 (m, 1H), 2.28 (s, 3H),
3-51		535, 537	2.62 (d, 3H), 3.41 (q, 2H), 3.46 (t, 2H), 3.79 (q, 2H),
			4.41-4.48 (m, 1H), 6.43 (s, 1H), 6.10-6.18 (m, 2H),
			7.15 (dd, 1H), 7.33 (d, 1H), 7.35-7.42 (m, 1H), 7.90
	 N_		(dd, 1H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 8.45 (d, 1H), 9.07 (s, 1H).
	HO		
	7 110	L) t	ODCID-0-00 (d. 011) -2-04 (d. 011) -4-44 (d. 4-7 (m. 411)
2.50		Rf	CDCl3: 2.66 (d, 3H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 4.41-4.47 (m, 1H),
3-52			6.80 (d, 1H), 6.92 (dd, 1H), 7.26-7.35 (m, 1H), 7.54 (s,
	CI		1H), 7.76 (dd, 1H), 8.00 (dd, 1H), 8.27-8.32 (m, 2H),
		Me	8.38 (dd, 1H), 8.97 (s, 1H).
2.52		MS	CDCl ₃ : 2.26 (s, 3H), 2.62 (d, 3H), 2.68 (s, 6H), 4.72
3-53		491, 493	(q, 1H), 6.78 (s, 1H), 6.89 (d, 1H), 7.12 (d, 1H), 7.15
	N/N/		(d, 1H), 7.40-7.47 (m, 2H), 7.91 (dd, 1H), 8.40 (s, 1H),
			8.41 (dd, 1H), 9.11 (s, 1H).
	1	MS	CDCl ₃ : 2.04 (s, 3H), 2.65 (d, 3H), 4.42-4.48 (m, 1H),
3-54		525, 527	6.79 (s, 1H), 6.96-7.00 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.34 (m, 4H),
			7.87-7.91 (m, 1H), 8.18 (s, 1H), 8.23-8.26 (m, 2H),
	N		8.53 (d, 2H), 9.07 (s, 1H).

	1 ~	Rf (Hexane:	CDCl ₃ : 1.34 (t, 3H), 1.44 (t, 3H), 2.63 (d, 3H), 3.81 (q,
0.55		i i	
3-55		AcOEt=3:1)	2H), 4.06 (q, 2H), 4.46 (q, 1H), 6.43 (dd, 1H), 6.76 (d,
		0.19	1H), 7.63-7.69 (m, 2H), 7.94 (d, 1H), 7.98 (dd, 1H),
			8.42 (d, 1H), 8.93 (s, 1H).
	10-	MS	CDCl ₃ : 2.63 (d, 3H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 4.52
3-56		570, 572	(q, 1H), 6.78-6.83 (m, 2H), 6.93 (d, 2H), 6390-7.02
			(m, 1H), 7.11-7.15 (m, 1H), 7.21-7.27 (m, 1H), 7.61
			(s, 1H), 7.87-7.92 (m, 1H), 8.26 (s, 1H), 8.20-8.30 (m,
			1H), 8.38-8.41 (m, 1H), 8.92 (s, 1H).
		Rf	CDCl ₃ : 1.44 (t, 3H), 2.65 (d, 3H),2.79-2.89 (m, 4H),
3-57		(Hexane:Ac	3.65-3.74 (m, 4H), 4.07 (q, 2H), 4.52 (q, 4H), 6.48
		OEt=3:1)	(dd, 1H), 6.80 (d, 1H), 7.20-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.55-7.67
		0.16	(m, 2H), 7.92-7.98 (m, 2H), 8.29 (s, 1H), 8.43 (d, 1H),
			8.95 (s, 1H).
		Rf	CDCl ₃ : 1.46 (t, 3H), 2.63 (d, 3H), 3.08-3.13 (m, 4H),
3-58		0.17	3.83-3.90 (m, 4H), 4.09 (q, 2H), 4.46 (q, 1H), 6.39
		(Hexane/Ac	(dd, 1H), 6.51 (d, 1H), 7.21-7.28 (m, 1H), 7.37 (s, 1H),
	N	OEt=1/1)	7.58 (dd, 1H), 7.97 (dd, 1H), 8.03 (d, 1H), 8.21 (s,
			1H), 8.46 (d, 1H), 8.94 (s, 1H).
	0		
	0	MS	CDCl ₃ : 2.63 (d, 3H), 3.44 (s, 3H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 3.69-
3-59	°	538, 540	3.73 (m, 2H), 4.10-4.15 (m, 2H), 4.40 (q, 1H), 6.45
	,0/		(dd, 1H), 6.85 (d, 1H), 7.19-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.61 (dd,
			1H), 7.88 (s, 1H), 7.93-7.97 (m, 2H), 8.27 (s, 1H),
			8.46 (d, 1H), 8.95 (s, 1H).
	ОН	Rf (AcOEt)	CDCl ₃ : 2.63 (d, 3H), 3.67 (s, 3H), 4.18 (t, 2H), 4.38-
3-60		0.54	4.49 (m, 3H), 6.46 (dd, 1H), 6.81 (d, 1H), 7.60-7.69
			(m, 2H), 7.92-7.99 (m, 2H), 8.27 (s, 1H), 8.49 (d, 1H),
			9.00 (s, 1H).
		Rf (Hexane:	CDCl ₃ : 1.44 (t, 3H), 2.63 (d, 3H), 3.64 (s, 3H), 4.07 (q,
3-61	o ·	AcOEt=2:1)	2H), 4.47 (g, 1H), 6.45 (dd, 1H), 6.78 (d, 1H), 7.21-
		0.46	7.28 (m, 1H), 7.40-7.48 (m, 2H), 7.93-7.99 (m, 2H),
	/		8.26 (s, 1H), 8.44 (d, 1H), 8.96 (s, 1H).
			(-, ···), -·· (-, ···),

Γ		Df	ODOL: 4.20 (4.01); 0.00 (4.21); 2.60 (5.21); 4.44
		Rf	CDCl ₃ : 1.36 (d, 6H), 2.63 (d, 3H), 3.63 (s, 3H), 4.41-
3-62		(Hexane:Ac	4.52 (m, 2H), 6.45 (dd, 1H), 6.81 (d, 1H), 7.21-7.26
		OEt=3:1)	(m, 1H), 7.59-7.68 (m, 2H), 7.91-7.98 (m, 2H), 8.26
	,°' 🍑	0.31	(s, 1H), 8.45 (d, 1H), 8.96 (s, 1H).
		Rf (Hexane:	CDCl ₃ : 1.07 (t, 3H), 1.84 (m, 2H), 6.63 (d, 3H), 3.64
3-63		AcOEt=3:1)	(s, 3H), 3.96 (t, 2H), 4.40-4.49 (m, 1H), 6.46 (dd, 1H),
		0.40	6.79 (d, 1H), 7.20-7.27 (m, 1H), 7.58-7.66 (m, 2H),
			7.94-7.97 (m, 2H), 8.26 (s, 1H), 8.45 (d, 1H), 8.97 (s,
			1H).
		Rf	CDCl ₃ : 2.62 (d, 3H), 6.68 (s, 6H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 4.41-
3-64	°	(Hexane:Ac	4.48 (m, 1H), 6.36 (dd, 1H), 6.80 (d, 1H), 7.17-7.24
		OEt=3:1)	(m, 1H), 7.51-7.62 (m, 2H), 7.83 (s, 1H), 7.95 (dd,
		0.19	1H), 8.27 (s, 1H), 8.3*9-8.45 (m, 1H), 8.91 (s, 1H).
]	Rf	CDCl ₃ : 2.66 (d, 3H), 3.97 (s, 3H), 4.47-4.55 (m, 1H),
3-65	°-	(Hexane:Ac	6.96-7.10 (m, 3H), 7.21-7.24 (m, 1H), 7.66 (s, 1H),
		OEt=1:1)	7.93 (dd, 1H), 8.25 (d, 1H), 8.31 (s, 1H), 8.47 (d, 2H),
	N	0.12	8.59 (s, 1H), 8.96 (s, 1H).
		MS	CDCl ₃ : 2.65 (d, 3H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 4.61-4.71 (m, 1H),
3-66	· -	541, 543	6.89-7.05 (m, 3H), 7.16 (dd, 1H), 7.15-7.23 (m, 1H),
			7.60 (d, 1H), 7.65 (s, 1H), 7.89 (d, 1H), 8.21 (d, 1H),
			8.28 (d, 1H), 8.51 (br. s, 2H), 8.57 (s, 1H), 8.93 (s,
	_ N		1H).
		MS	CDCl ₃ : 2.65 (d, 3H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 4.51 (q, 1H), 6.90-
3-67	0-	541, 543	7.06 (m, 3H), 7.11-7.16 (m, 1H), 7.38 (d, 1H), 7.50-
			7.61 (m, 2H), 7.62-7.67 (m, 1H), 7.89 (dd, 1H), 8.29
	N		(s, 1H), 8.34 (d, 1H), 8.53 (d, 1H), 8.79 (br.s, 1H),
			8.94 (s, 1H).
			CDCl ₃ : 1.45-1.59 (m, 2H), 1.70-1.78 (m, 1H), 1.82-
3-68	0	LC-MS	1.90 (m, 1H), 2.38-2.50 (m, 1H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 2.62-
	N.	590	2.77 (m, 2H), 3.56-3.70 (m, 2H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 6.46
	NH ₂		(dd, 1H), 6.63 (d, 1H), 6.82-6.88 (br, 1H), 7.22 (dd,
			1H), 7.31-7.40 (m, 2H), 7.43-7.51 (m, 1H), 7.50-7.80
			(m, 2H), 8.14-8.20 (br, 1H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 8.39-8.48
	<u> </u>	L	

			,
			(m, 1H), 9.16-9.26 (br, 1H)
	_		CDCl ₃ : 1.58-1.82 (br, 7H), 1.88-2.03 (br, 3H), 2.44-
3-69	, o	0.34	2.45 (m,5H), 3.42-3.52 (m, 3H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 6.66 (dd,
		(CH2Cl2:M	1H), 6.92 (d, 1H), 7.28 (dd, 1H), 7.44 (br, 1H), 7.51
		eOH=9:1)	(dd, 1H), 7.79-7.81 (m, 2H), 8.18 (s, 1H), 8.32 (s, 1H),
		,	8.35-8.37 (m, 1H), 9.17 (s, 1H)
			DMSO-d6: 1.84-1.92(m, 2H), 2.34-2.41(m, 4H), 2.41-
3-70	~~	Ms:607,	2.45(m, 3H), 2.44(t, 2H), 3.58(t, 4H), 3.75(s, 3H),
		609	4.02(t, 2H), 6.48(dd, 1H), 6.63(d, 1H), 7.21(dd, 1H),
	•	000	7.41(d, 1H), 7.46(dd, 1H), 7.72-7.78(m, 1H), 7.76(dd,
	_		1H), 8.22(s, 1H), 8.25(s, 1H), 8.40(d, 1H), 9.22(s, 1H)
	, N		111), 0.22(3, 111), 0.20(3, 111), 0.40(4, 111), 0.22(3, 111)
			DMSO-d6: 1.84-1.92(m, 2H), 2.14(s, 3H), 2.35-2.4
3-71		Ms:591,	(m, 4H), 2.43(t, 2H), 2.44(d, 3H), 3.58(t, 4H), 4.01(t,
		593	2H), 6.77(dd, 1H), 6.82(d, 1H), 7.17(dd, 1H), 7.20(d,
:	6		1H), 7.3-7.39(m, 1H, 7.71-7.77(m, 2H), 8.2(s, 1H),
	5		8.35-8.44(m, 1H), 8.71(s, 1H), 9.27(s, 1H)
	Ň		
	6		
	_	***************************************	DMSO-d6: 1.82-1.9 (m, 2H), 2.13-2.17 (m, 3H),
3-72		Ms:620,	2.25-2.47(m, 13H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 4.01 (t, 2H), 6.47 (dd,
		622	1H), 6.63(d, 1H), 7.19-7.24 (m, 1H), 7.41 (d, 1H),
	°		7.43-7.5(m, 1H), 7.70-7.79(m, 2H), 8.22(s, 1H),
	\		8.25(brs, 1H), 8.37-8.44(m, 1H), 9.22(s, 1H)
	, n		
	, N		
			DMSO-d6: 1.78 (t, 2H), 2.32-2.36 (m, 4H9, 2.35-2.38
3-73		Ms:607,	(m, 3H), 3.54-3.59 (m, 4H), 3.74 (t, 3H), 3.78 (s, 3H),
		609	6.38-6.42 (m, 1H), 6.85 (d, 1H), 6.86-6.95 (m, 1H),
			7.33-7.43(m, 2H), 7.63-7.68 (m, 1H), 7.85-8.15 (m,
			3H), 8.64-8.8 (m, 1H).

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- 40 -
3-74		Ms:605, 607	DMSO-d6: 1.47-1.67(m, 2H), 1.84-2.01(m, 2H), 2.03 (s, 3H), 2.41-2.46 (m, 3H), 3.23-3.39 (m, 2H), 3.65-3.73 (m, 1H), 3.81(s, 3H), 3.8-3.88 (m, 1H), 4.58-4.65 (m, 1H), 6.55 (dd, 1H), 6.68 (d, 1H), 7.2-7.26(m, 1H), 7.43(d, 1H), 7.42-7.51 (m, 1H), 7.7-7.8(m, 2H), 8.23 (s, 1H), 8.26 (brs, 1H), 8.37-8.44(m, 1H), 9.22(brs, 1H)
3-75		Ms:605, 607	DMSO-d6: 1.38-1.6(m, 2H), 1.74-1.9(m, 2H), 2.0 (s, 3H), 2.42-2.47 (m, 3H), 3.12-3.3 (m, 2H), 3.55-3.65 (m, 1H), 3.7-3.8 (m, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 4.27-4.34 (m, 1H), 6.65 (dd, 1H), 6.94 (d, 1H), 7.24-7.3 (m, 1H), 7.53-7.63(m, 2H), 7.74-7.83 (m, 2H), 8.09 (brs, 1H), 8.35 (s, 1H), 8.38(d, 1H), 9.19(brs, 1H)
3-76		Ms:577, 579	DMSO-d6: 1.51-1.61 (m, 2H), 1.79-1.87 (m, 2H), 2.03-2.11 (m, 2H), 2.14 (s, 3H), 2.42-2.47 (m, 3H), 2.52-2.6 (m, 2H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 4.02-4.09 (m, 1H), 6.6 (dd, 1H), 6.92 (d, 1H), 7.24-7.3 (m, 1H), 7.52-7.6 (m, 2H), 7.74-7.82 (m, 2H), 8.08 (brs, 1H), 8.34 (s, 1H), 8.4 (d, 1H), 9.2 (brs, 1H)
3-77	F	Rf : 0.4 (n-hexane: AcOEt=7:3)	DMSO-d6: 2.41-2.45 (m, 3H), 6.89-6.96 (m, 1H), 6.69(bs, 1H), 7.24-7.33 (m, 2H), 7.51-7.57 (m, 1H), 7.63-7.7 (m, 1H), 7.73-7.78 (m, 1H), 7.79 (dd, 1H), 8.37(s, 1H), 8.41(d, 1H), 9.21 (brs, 1H), 9.24 (brs, 1H)
3-78		Ms:563, 565	DMSO-d6: 1.33-1.43 (m, 2H), 1.79-1.86 (m, 2H), 2.43-2.46 (m, 3H), 2.46-2.53 (m, 2H), 2.87-2.94 (m, 2H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 4.07-4.14 (m, 1H), 6.59 (dd, 1H), 6.91 (d, 1H), 7.23-7.28 (m, 1H), 7.53-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.79 (dd, 1H), 8.03 (brs, 1H), 8.32 (s, 1H), 8.38 (d, 1H), 8.7-9.5 (brs, 1H)

F		T	
	0,		DMSO-d6: 1.41-1.51 (m, 2H), 1.88-1.95 (m, 2H),
3-79		Ms:563,	2.41-2.45 (m, 3H), 2.54-2.63 (m, 2H), 2.92-3.0 (m,
		565	2H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 4.35-4.43 (m, 1H), 6.50 (dd, 1H),
	,		6.63 (d, 1H), 7.18-7.23 (m, 1H), 7.40 (d, 1H), 7.42-
			7.48 (m, 1H), 7.75 (dd, 1H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 8.22-8.25
	H		(m, 1H), 8.37-8.42 (m, 1H), 8.9-9.5 (brs, 1H)
			DMSO-d6: 2.4-2.46 (m, 3H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 6.72 (ddd,
3-80	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Ms:482,	1H), 6.99 (dd, 1H), 7.21-7.26 (m, 1H), 7.47-7.53 (m,
		484	1H), 7.59-7.64 (m, 1H), 7.76 (dd, 1H), 8.25 (s, 1H),
	F		8.29-8.37 (m, 2H), 8.8-9.6 (m, 1H)
			DMSO-d6: 2.41-2.49 (m, 3H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 6.80 (ddd,
3-81	~^°	Ms:482,	1H), 7.01 (dd, 1H), 7.3-7.35 (m, 1H), 7.56-7.63 (m,
	F .	484	1H), 7.7-7.8 (m, 1H), 7.82 (dd, 1H), 7.85 (dd, 1H),
	-		8.16 (s, 1H), 8.35 (dd, 1H), 9.18 (brs, 1H)
			DMSO-d6: 1.73-1.82 (m, 1H), 2.23-2.34 (m, 4H),
3-82	~~~	Ms:563,	2.34-2.42(m, 3H), 2.42-2.46 (m, 3H), 2.59 (dd, 1H),
		565	2.62-2.68 (m, 1H), 2.80 (dd, 1H), 3.75 (s, 1H), 4.85-
	ļ ļ		4.91(m, 1H), 6.42 (dd, 1H), 6.57(d, 1H), 7.19-7.24(m,
			1H), 7.41 (d, 1H), 7.43-7.51(m, 1H), 7.68-7.79 (m,
	_ Ni_		2H), 8.22(s, 1H), 8.23(s, 1H), 8.37-8.43 (m, 1H), 9.21
			(brs, 1H).
			2.36 (s, 3H), 2.65 (d, 3H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 4.46-4.51 (m,
3-83	o o	MS	1H), 6.75-6.80 (m, 2H), 6.97-7.04 (m, 2h), 7.25-7.30
		544, 546	(m, 1H), 7.56-7.66 (m, 2H), 7.98 (dd, 1H), 8.29 (s,
	N N		1H), 8.36-8.44 (m, 2H), 9.01 (s, 1H).
			CDCl3: 2.32 (s, 3H), 2.39-2.47 (m, 4H), 2.64 (d, 3H),
3-84		MS	2.89-2.97 (m, 4H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 4.54-4.52 (m, 1H),
	N N	562, 564	6.52 (dd, 1H), 6.79 (d, 1H), 7.22 (m, 1H), 7.52-7.64
	, N		(m, 2H), 7.94-7.99 (m, 2H), 8.28 (s, 1H), 8.42 (d, 1H),
			8.93 (s, 1H).

Example 4: 2-[5-Bromo-2-(subst. phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-N-propyl-benzene-sulfonamides

These compounds are prepared in analogy to Example 2 using 2-(5-bromo-2-chloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-N-propyl-benzenesulfonamide and the corresponding aniline to give compounds No. 4-1 to 4-31 having the substituent Rx as listed under Example 3 for compounds No. 3-1 to 3-31. Preparation of 2-(5-bromo-2-chloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-N-propyl-benzenesulfonamide

To a solution of 5-bromo-2,4-dichloropyrimidine (90 μ L, 0.70 mmol) and 2-amino-N-propyl-benzenesulfonamide (100 mg, 0.47 mmol), sodium hydride (54.2 mg, 0.56 mmol) in DMSO (1.0 mL) is added and the resulting solution is stirred at 80°C for 3.0 h. The mixture is poured into water and extracted with ethyl acetate three times. The organic layer is washed with water and then brine, dried over sodium sulfate, and evaporated in vacuo. The residue is purified with silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane : ethyl acetate = 5 : 1) to afford the title compound as a slightly yellow solid.

 1 H-NMR (δ , ppm) : 0.89 (t, 3H), 1.41 (q, 2H), 3.56 (t, 2H), 4.92 (br.s, 2H), 6.71 (dd, 1H), 6.77 (dd, 1H), 7.33 (dd, 1H), 7.54 (dd, 1H), 8.79 (s, 1H)

Rf (hexane: ethyl acetate = 1:1): 0.64.

Example 5: 2-[5-Trifluoromethyl-2-(subst. phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamides

These compounds are prepared in analogy to Example 2 using 2-(2-chloro-5-trifluoromethyl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide and the corresponding aniline to give compounds No. 5-1 to 5-31 having the substituent Rx as listed under Example 3 for compounds No. 3-1 to 3-31.

Preparation of 2-(2-chloro-5-trifluoromethyl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide To a solution of 2,4-dichloro-5-trifluoromethyl-pyrimidine (386 mg, 1.79 mmol) in acetonitrile (10 mL), 2-amino-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide (333 mg, 1.79 mmol) and 1,8-diaza[5.4.0]-bicyclo-7-undecene (280 μL, 1.88 mmol) are added successively at ambient temperature. After stirring for 15 h at room temperature, dichloromethane (30 mL) is added to the mixture, and the solution is washed with saturated aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate and saturated aqueous sodium chloride, dried over magnesium sulfate, and evaporated in vacuo. The resulting solid is purified by flash chromatography.

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 3.73(s, 3H), 6.67-6.69(m, 1H), 6.72-6.73(m, 1H), 7.27-7.31(m, 1H), 7.78 (dd, 1H), 8.60(s, 1H). Rf (hexane : ethyl acetate = 1:1): 0.28.

<u>Example 6: 2-[5-Bromo-2-(2,3-[difluoromethylenedioxy]phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-benzenesulfonamide</u>

This compound is obtained as a side product formed by N-demethylation on reaction of 2-(5-bromo-2-chloropyrimidin-4-ylamino)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide with 2,3-(difluoromethylene-dioxy)aniline following the procedure of Example 2. It may also be prepared by reaction of 2-(5-bromo-2-chloropyrimidin-4-ylamino)benzenesulfonamide with 2,3-(difluoromethylenedioxy)-aniline.

Rf (n-hexane: ethyl acetate = 1:1): 0.46.

¹H-NMR: (CDCl₃) 4.83 (bs, 2H), 6.77 (dd, 1H), 6.86 (s, 1H), 6.97 (dd, 1H), 7.31-7.24 (m, 1H), 7.57 (dd, 1H), 7.81 (d, 1H), 8.02 (dd, 1H), 8.28 (d, 1H), 8.29 (s, 1H), 8.88 (s, 1H).

Preparation of 2-(5-bromo-2-chloropyrimidin-4-ylamino)benzenesulfonamide: To a solution of 5-bromo-2,4-dichloropyrimidine (300 mg, 1.32mmol) and 2-amino-benzenesulfonamide (340 mg, 1.97 mmol) in 2-propanol (3 mL), concentrated hydrochloric acid (0.06 mL) is added and the mixture is stirred at 90°C for 4.5 hours. The mixture is poured into aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate and extracted with ethyl acetate three times. The organic layer is washed with water, dried over sodium sulfate, and evaporated in vacuo. The residue is purified by column chromatography (hexane : ethyl acetate = 2:1) to afford the title compound. Rf (hexane : ethyl acetate = 1:1): 0.55. 1 H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl3) δ : 4.78 (br.s, 2H), 7.22 (dd, 1H), 7.61 (ddd, 1H), 7.95 (dd, 1H), 8.35 (s, 1H), 8.35 (d, 1H), 9.18 (s, 1H).

Example 7A: 2-[5-Chloro-2-(2-methoxy-4-morpholin-4-yl-phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-N-methyl-benzamide

To a suspension of 2-(2,5-dichloro-pyrimidin-4-yl-amino)-*N*-methyl-benzamide (5.05 g, 17.0 mmol) in 90 mL of 2-methoxyethanol are added 2-methoxy-4-morpholinoaniline dihydrochloride (4.56 g, 16.2 mmol) and 17.0 mL of 1N ethanolic solution of hydrogen chloride (17.0 mmol). After the reaction mixture is stirred at 110°C for 4 hours and cooled to room temperature, the mixture is neutralized with 1N aqueous NaOH solution and extracted with EtOAc (100 mL \times 3). The organic layer is washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting black solid is washed with EtOH (90 mL), then purified with silica gel column chromatography (CH₂Cl₂ to CH₂Cl₂: AcOEt=1:2) to give 2-[5-chloro-2-(2-methoxy-4-morpholin-4-yl-phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-N-methyl-benzamide as a pale yellow solid. ¹H-NMR (400MHz, DMSO-d6, δ): 2.80 (d, 3H, J = 4.52 Hz), 3.10-3.20 (m, 4H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.70-3.80 (m, 4H), 6.49 (dd, 1H, J = 8.56, 2.52 Hz), 6.66 (d, 1H, J = 2.52 Hz), 7.08 (dd, 1H, J = 8.04, 8.04 Hz), 7.44 (d, 1H, J = 8.56 Hz), 7.71 (dd, 1H, J = 8.04, 1.48 Hz), 8.10 (s, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 8.59 (d, 1H, J = 8.04 Hz) 8.68-8.75 (m, 1H), 11.59 (S, 1H). MS *m/z* 469, 471 (M+1)⁺.

The following 2-[5-Chloro-2-(substituted phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-N-methylbenzamide are prepared from 2-(2,5-Dichloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-N-methyl-benzamide and the corresponding aniline following the procedure of Example 7A.

Expl	Rx	Rf (solvent)	NMR (400MHz) , δ (ppm)
No.		or MS	

			DMSO-d6: 1.44-1.33 (m, 2H), 1.64-1.45 (m, 6H),
7-1	0	MS: m/z	1.73-1.89 (m, 2H), 2.34-2.44 (m, 1H), 2.43-2.55 (m,
		550, 552	4H), 2.65 (t, 2H), 2.80 (d, 3H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.72-3.75
	Ň	(M+1)	(m, 2H), 6.48 (dd, 1H), 6.62 (d, 1H), 7.06 (dd, 1H),
		(7.32 (dd, 1H), 7.39 (d, 1H), 7.71 (dd, 1H), 8.09(s, 1H),
	Ň		8.60 (d, 1H), 8.70 (d, 1H), 11.58 (s, 1H)
			0.00 (u, 111), 0.70 (u, 111), 11.00 (u, 111)
			CDCl ₃ : 1.70-1.97(m, 4H) ,2.62-2.79(m, 1H), 3.04(d,
7-2		0.3	3H), 3.02-3.18(m, 2H), 3.23-3.33(m, 2H), 3.88 (s,
		(MeOH:	3H), 5.39-5.47(m, 1H), 6.15-6.24(m, 1H), 6.55-
·	Ň	AcOEt	6.62(m, 2H), 6.74-6.82(m, 1H), 7.09 (dd, 1H),7.23-
		=5:95)	7.32 (m, 1H), 7.46-7.52(m, 2H), 8.09(s, 1H), 8.15(d,
	NH ₂		1H), 8.68(d, 1H) 11.0(bs, 1H)
			DMSO-d6: 2.24 (s, 3H), 2.45-2.55 (m, 4H), 2.80 (d,
7-3	0	MS (ESI)	3H, J = 4.52 Hz), 3.12-3.17 (m, 4H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 6.48
		m/z 482,	(dd, 1H, J = 8.56, 2.52 Hz), 6.63 (d, 1H, J = 2.52 Hz),
	N	484 (M+1) ⁺	7.05-7.10 (m, 1H), 7.27-7.35 (m, 1H), 7.40 (d, 1H, J =
			8.56 Hz), 7.69-7.72 (m, 1H), 8.09 (s, 1H), 8.12 (s,
	N		1H), 8.55-8.65 (m, 1H), 8.67-8.75 (m, 1H), 11.59 (s,
			1H)
			DMSO-d6: 2.48-2.55(m, 4H), 2.71(t, 2H), 2.80(d, 3H),
7-4	__\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	0.46	3.58-3.61(m, 4H), 3.76(s, 3H), 4.11(t, 2H), 6.52(dd,
		(MeOH:	1H), 6.66(d, 1H), 7.06(dd, 1H), 7.32(dd, 1H), 7.46(d,
	٥,	CH ₂ Cl ₂ =1:4)	1H), 7.71(dd, 1H), 8.11(s, 1H), 8.19 (s, 1H), 8.54-
	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		8.60(m, 1H), 8.60-8.75(m, 1H), 11.6(s, 1H)
	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		
	1		DMSO-d6: 1.60-1.70 (m, 2H), 1.90-1.98 (m, 2H),
7 5	0	m/z 497,	2.13-2.25 (m, 2H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 2.60-2.67 (m, 2H),
7-5			
		499 (M+1) [†]	2.80 (d, 3H, J = 4.52 Hz), 3.75 (s, 3H), 4.30-4.40 (m,
			1H), 6.54 (dd, 1H, J = 8.56, 2.0 Hz), 6.65 (d, 1H, J =
			2.0 Hz), 7.04-7.09 (m, 1H), 7.25-7.35 (m, 1H), 7.43 (d,
			1H, J = 8.56 Hz), 7.68-7.73 (m, 1H), 8.10 (s, 1H), 8.18
			(s, 1H) 8.52-8.59 (m, 1H), 8.68-8.75 (m, 1H), 11.57 (s,
			1H)

		I	
			CDCl ₃ : 2.95 (m, 4H), 3.03 (d, 3H), 3.75 (m, 4H), 3.86
7-6		0.25	(s, 3H), 6.21-6.19 (br, 1H), 6.49 (dd, 1H), 6.80 (d, 1H),
	\ \mathbb{N}\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	(<i>n</i> -hexane:	7.09-7.05 (m, 1H), 7.50 (dd, 1H), 8.08 (d, 1H), 8.13
	0~/	AcOEt=1:2)	(s, 1H), 8.68 (d, 1H), 11.07 (s, 1H)
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			DMSO-d6: 2.06 (s, 3H), 2.80 (d, 3H), 3.11 (t, 2H),
7-7	0	MS	3.16 (t, 2H), 3.60 (dd, 4H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 6.51 (dd, 1H),
		m/z 510,	6.68 (d, 1H), 7.08 (dd, 1H), 7.33 (dd, 1H), 7.46 (d,
	Ň	512 (M+1)	1H), 7.71 (d, 1H), 8.10(s, 1H), 8.12(s, 1H), 8.59-8.61
	N		(m, 1H), 8.70-8.71(m, 1H), 11.59 (s, 1H)
	Ac		
			CDCl ₃ : 1.46(d, 1H), 1.68-1.82(m, 2H), 2.02-2.09(m,
7-8	0	0.48	2H), 2.83-2.96 (m, 2H), 3.03(d, 3H),3.44-3.53(m, 2H),
		(MeOH:	3.82-3.92(m, 1H),3.87(s, 3H), 6.15-6.23(m, 1H), 6.51
	Ň	AcOEt	(d, 1H), 6.56(bs, 1H), 7.07(dd, 1H), 7.48(d, 2H),
		=5:95)	8.08(s, 1H), 8.08-8.10(m, 1H), 8.69(d, 1H), 11.0(bs,
	OH		1H)
			CDCl ₃ : 1.22 (t, 3H), 1.73-1.85 (m, 2H), 2.00-2.09 (m,
7-9	•	0.4	2H), 2.81-2.90 (m, 2H), 3.03 (d, 3H), 3.41-3.56 (m,
		(<i>n</i> -hexane:	3H), 3.56 (dd, 2H), 3.58-3.62 (m, 2H), 3.64-3.68 (m,
	N	AcOEt=1:1)	2H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 6.15-6.24 (m, 1H), 6.50 (dd, 1H),
			6.56 (d, 1H), 7.07(dd, 1H), 7.24-7.30 (m, 1H), 7.45-
			7.52(m, 2H), 8.08(s, 1H), 8.06-8.08 (m, 1H), 8.69 (d,
	0		1H), 11.0 (bs, 1H)
			CDCl ₃ : 1.73-1.85(m, 2H), 2.01-2.10(m, 2H), 2.82-
7-10	o.	0.4	2.90(m, 2H), 3.03(d, 3H), 3.41(s, 3H), 3.45-3.51(m,
		(<i>n</i> -hexane:	2H), 3.56-3.58(m, 2H), 3.65-3.68(m, 2H), 3.86(s, 3H),
	N	AcOEt=1:1)	6.14-6.22(m, 1H), 6.50 (dd, 1H), 6.56 (d, 1H),
			7.07(dd, 1H), 7.23-7.30(m, 1H), 7.44-7.52(m, 2H),
			8.08(s, 1H), 8.06-8.08(m, 1H), 8.69(d, 1H), 11.0(bs,
	÷ 0		1H)
L			

1			DIAGO 10 4 70 4 00/ 411\ 0 40 0 00/ 411\
	<u> </u>		DMSO-d6: 1.78-1.89(m, 1H), 2.13-2.22(m, 1H),
7-11		0.54	2.22(s, 6H), 2.77-2.87(m, 1H), 2.79(d, 3H), 3.04-
		(MeOH:	3.10(m, 1H), 3.23-3.50(m, 3H), 3.75(s, 3H), 6.11(dd,
	$\langle {}^{N} \rangle$	CH ₂ Cl ₂ =1:4)	1H), 6.22(d, 1H), 7.05(dd1H), 7.21-7.32(m, 1H),
	\(N		7.26(d, 1H), 7.70(d, 1H), 8.06(s, 1H), 8.08(s, 1H),
	/ ^N		8.57-8.66(m, 1H), 8.66-8.73 (m, 1H), 11.6(s, 1H)
	_		DMSO-d6: 1.77-1.87(m, 1H), 2.09-2.18(m, 1H),
7-12	0	0.27	2.35(s, 3H), 2.79(d, 1H), 3.02-3.07(m, 1H), 3.23-
		(MeOH:	3.50(m, 4H), 3.74(s, 3H), 6.09(dd, 1H), 6.20(d, 1H),
	⟨ ^Ń ⟩	CH ₂ Cl ₂ =1:1)	7.04(dd, H), 7.22-7.32(m, 1H), 7.26(d, 1H), 7.70(d,
			1H), 8.05(s, 1H), 8.08(s, 1H), 8.57-8.67(m, 1H), 8.67-
	H—		8.73 (m, 1H), 11.6(s, 1H)
			CDCl ₃ : 1.62-1.74(m, 3H), 1.76-1.85(m, 2H), 2.00-
7-13	0	0.23	2.09(m, 2H), 2.20-2.31(m, 1H), 2.64-2.69 (m, 2H),
		(MeOH:	2.79 (d, 3H), 3.56-4.04(m, 2H), 4.04(s, 3H), 6.49(dd,
	Ń	AcOEt	1H), 6.63(d, 1H), 6.78(bs, 1H), 7.07 (dd, 1H), 7.28-
		=5:95)	7.38 (m, 1H), 7.39(d, 1H), 7.71(d, 1H), 8.09-8.11(m,
	H ₂ N O		2H), 8.09(s, 1H), 8.60(d, 1H), 8.71(d, 1H),11.6(bs,
	•		1H)
]		DMSO-d6: 1.61-1.46(m, 2H), 1.92-1.82 (m, 2H), 2.14
7-14	~	0.30	(s, 3H), 2.41-2.23 (m, 5H, 2.60-2.45 (m, 4H), 2.67 (t,
		(MeOH:	2H), 2.79 (d, 3H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.71-3.75 (m, 2H),
	N	CH ₂ Cl ₂ =4:1)	6.48 (dd, 1H), 6.63 (d, 1H), 7.10-7.03 (m, 1H), 7.34-
			7.27 (m, 1H), 7.43-7.35 (m, 1H), 7.71(dd, 1H), 8.09 (s,
			1H), 8.11 (bs, 1H), 8.65-8.56 (m, 1H), 8.75-8.67 (m,
			1H), 11.6 (s, 1H)
	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		,

			DMSO-d6: 2.19-2.37 (m, 4H), 2.65-2.85 (m, 3H),
7-15		MS (ESI)	2.80 (d, 3H, J = 4.5 Hz), 3.15-3.21 (m, 1H), 3.48-3.59
		m/z 524,	(m, 2H), 3.61-3.67 (m, 1H), 3.72-3.81 (m, 1H), 3.76
	, N	526 (M+1) [†]	(s, 3H), 6.47 (dd, 1H, J = 8.6, 2.5 Hz), 6.65 (d, 1H, J =
	H		2.5 Hz), 7.04-7.10 (m, 1H), 7.28-7.35 (m, 1H), 7.42 (d,
	, N		1H, J = 8.6 Hz), 7.69-7.74 (m, 1H), 8.09 (s, 1H), 8.12
	~		(s, 1H), 8.55-8.63 (m, 1H), 8.68-8.73 (m, 1H), 11.60
			(s, 1H)
			DMSO-d6: 2.19-2.37 (m, 4H), 2.65-2.85 (m, 3H), 2.80
7-16	· · ·	MS (ESI)	(d, 3H, J = 4.5 Hz), 3.15-3.21 (m, 1H), 3.48-3.59 (m,
		m/z 524,	2H), 3.61-3.67 (m, 1H), 3.72-3.81 (m, 1H), 3.76 (s,
	N.	526 (M+1) ⁺	3H), 6.47 (dd, 1H, J = 8.6, 2.5 Hz), 6.65 (d, 1H, J =
	H		2.5 Hz), 7.04-7.10 (m, 1H), 7.28-7.35 (m, 1H), 7.42 (d,
	N		1H, J = 8.6 Hz), 7.69-7.74 (m, 1H), 8.09 (s, 1H), 8.12
			(s, 1H), 8.55-8.63 (m, 1H), 8.68-8.73 (m, 1H), 11.60
			(s, 1H)
		MS	DMSO-d6: 0.98 (t, 3H), 1.81-1.71 (m, 3H), 1.95-1.84
7-17	0	510	(m, 3H), 2.68-2.63(m, 1H), 2.80 (d, 3H), 3.12-3.08 (m,
			4H), 3.28(d, 2H), 3.76(s,3H), 6.50 (dd, 1H), 6.64 (d,
	N		1H), 6.86(bs, 1H), 7.07(dd, 1H), 7.46-7.19 (m, 3H),
			7.71 (d, 1H), 8.09(s, 1H), 8.15-8.10 (m, 1H), 8.66-
			8.58(m, 1H), 8.77-8.70(m, 1H), 11.6(s, 1H)
	NH ₂		
		MS	DMSO-d6: 0.98 (t, 3H), 1.81-1.71 (m, 3H), 1.95-1.84
7-18	0	510	(m, 3H), 2.68-2.63(m, 1H), 2.80 (d, 3H), 3.12-3.08 (m,
			4H), 3.28(d, 2H), 3.76(s,3H), 6.50 (dd, 1H), 6.64 (d,
	N		1H), 6.86(bs, 1H), 7.07(dd, 1H), 7.46-7.19 (m, 3H),
			7.71 (d, 1H), 8.09(s, 1H), 8.15-8.10 (m, 1H), 8.66-
			8.58(m, 1H), 8.77-8.70(m, 1H), 11.6(s, 1H)
	ŇH₂		
L		<u></u>	

,——			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	امل		1.40-1.53 (m, 2H), 1.72-1.80 (m, 2H), 2.18 (s, 3H),
7-19		0.16	2.19-2.44 (m, 5H), 2.80 (d, 3H), 3.46 (m, 2H), 3.74 (s,
	N N	(CH2Cl2:M	3H), 6.65 (dd, 1H), 6.91 (d, 1H), 7.07-7.10 (m, 1H),
	N	eOH=9:1)	7.36-7.40 (m, 1H), 7.45-7.49 (m, 1H), 7.73 (dd, 1H),
	_N		8.12 (s, 1H), 8.18 (s, 1H), 8.61 (d, 1H), 8.72-8.77 (m,
	•		1H), 11.68 (s, 1H)
			1.25-1.37 (m, 2H), 1.62-1.79 (m, 3H), 1.81-1.9 (m,
7-20	~ ·	Ms : 511	2H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 2.75-2.85 (m, 5H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.8-
			3.88 (m, 2H), 6.45-6.55 (m, 1H), 6.6-6.67 (m, 1H),
	Q		7.02-7.12 (m, 1H), 7.25-7.35 (m, 1H), 7.4-7.5 (m, 1H),
			7.67-7.78 (m, 1H), 8.1 (s, 1H), 8.19 (brs, 1H) 8.5-8.62
	N		(m, 1H), 8.66-8.8 (m, 1H), 11.6 (s, 1H)
	1		2.17 (s, 3H), 2.29-2.39 (m, 3H), 2.45-2.56 (m, 4H), 2.7
7-21		Ms : 526	(t, 2H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 4.09 (t, 2H), 6.52 (dd, 1H), 6.66
			(d, 1H), 7.06 (dd, 1H), 7.31 (dd, 1H), 7.45 (d, 1H),
	0.		7.71 (dd, 1H), 8.1 (s, 1H), 8.19 (s, 1H), 8.5-8.6 (m,
			1H), 8.67-8.75 (m, 1H), 11.6 (s, 1H)
	N .		
	N		
			2.24 (s, 3H), 2.42-2.5 (m, 4H), 2.8 (d, 3H), 2.94-3.0
7-22	~~~	Ms : 482	(m, 4H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 6.65 (dd, 1H), 6.93 (d, 1H),
	\sim N		7.07-7.14 (m, 1H), 7.34-7.4 (m, 1H), 7.45 (d, 1H),
	N		7.73 (dd, 1H), 8.14 (s, 1H), 8.18 (s, 1H), 8.61 (dd,
			1H), 8.7-8.77 (m, 1H), 11.7 (s, 1H)
			1.67-1.76 (m, 1H), 2.0-2.1 (m, 1H), 2.25-2.31 (m, 3H),
7-23		Ms : 482	2.8 (d, 3H), 2.85-2.91 (m, 1H), 3.04-3.12 (m, 1H),
	N N		3.14-3.3 (m, 3H), 3.7 (s, 3H), 6.26 (dd, 1H), 6.91 (d,
			1H), 7.01-7.04 (m, 1H), 7.07 (dd, 1H), 7.32 (dd, 1H),
	HN		7.72 (d, 1H), 8.14 (s, 1H), 8.17 (s, 1H), 8.63 (d, 1H),
	1		8.7-8.78 (m, 1H), 11.6 (s, 1H)
			0.1-0.10 (III, 111), 11.0 (5, 117)

			1.35-1.57 (m, 8H), 1.7-1.78 (m, 2H), 2.81 (d, 3H),
7-24	, o	Ms : 550	3.46-3.52 (m, 2H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 6.65 (dd, 1H), 6.91 (d,
			1H), 7.05-7.12 (m, 1H), 7.34-7.42 (m, 1H), 7.46 (d,
	N		1H), 7.73 (dd, 1H), 8.11 (s, 1H), 8.18 (s, 1H), 8.62
			(dd, 1H),8.71-8.78 (m, 1H), 11.7 (s, 1H)
7-25		*****	DMSO-d6: 1.48-1.58(m, 2H), 1.65-1.72(m, 4H), 1.90-
		536	1.97(m, 2H), 2.07-2.14(m, 1H), 2.49-2.55(m, 4H),
		[M+1]+	2.70-2.77(m, 2H), 2.79(d, 3H), 3.60-3.65(m, 2H),
			3.75(s, 3H), 6.48(dd, 1H), 6.63(d, 1H), 7.03-7.09(m,
			1H), 7.28-7.34(m, 1H), 7.39(d, 1H), 7.71(dd, 1H),
			8.09(s, 1H), 8.11(s, 1H), 8.55-8.65(m, 1H), 8.69-
	N		8.73(m, 1H), 11.59(s, 1H)
7-26			DMSO-d6: 2.80(d, 3H), 2.84-2.89(m, 4H), 3.04-
	° \	468	3.08(m, 4H), 3.76(s, 3H), 6.47(dd,1H), 6.62(dd, 1H),
		[M+1]+	7.04-7.10(m, 1H), 7.28-7.35(m, 1H), 7.40(d, 1H), 7.69
	Ĭ		-7.73(m, 1H), 8.09(s, 1H), 8.12(s, 1H), 8.55-8.63(m,
			1H), 8.68-8.73(m, 1H), 11.59(s, 1H)
	\setminus_{N}		(an aliphatic NH is hidden)
	H		
7-27		:	DMSO-d6: 2.80(d, 3H), 6.64-6.67(m, 1H), 7.01-
		393	7.08(m, 2H), 7.15(d, 1H), 7.24-7.29(m, 2H), 7.44(d,
	, l	[M+1]+	1H), 7.69-7.73(m, 1H), 8.20(s, 1H), 8.65-8.73(m, 2H),
	"		9.15(s, 1H), 11.06(s, 1H), 11.63(s, 1H)
7-28			DMSO-d6: 2.81(d, 3H), 3.79(s, 3H), 6.67(d, 1H), 7.05-
		407	7.10(m, 1H), 7.12(d, 1H), 7.17(d, 1H), 7.23(d, 1H),
	N.	[M+1]+	7.25-7.30(m, 1H), 7.50(d, 1H), 7.70-7.73(m, 1H),
	\		8.20(s, 1H), 8.67(d, 1H), 8.70-8.75(m, 1H), 9.17(s,
			1H), 11.64(s, 1H)
	L		

7-29	N N	492 [M+1]+	DMSO-d6: 2.80(d, 3H), 2.91-2.99(m, 4H), 3.65-3.81(m, 2H), 3.82-3.95(m, 2H), 4.12(s, 3H), 6.58(d, 1H), 6.90(d, 1H), 7.05-7.09(m, 1H), 7.14(d, 1H), 7.22-7.28(m, 1H), 7.30(d, 1H), 7.70(dd, 1H), 8.16(s, 1H),
			8.63-8.67(m, 1H), 8.68-8.72(m, 1H), 9.06(s, 1H), 11.64(s, 1H)
			DMSO-d ₆ : 2.02 (s, 3H), 2.80 (d, 3H), 2.82-2.92 (m,
7-30	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	MS	2H), 2.92-3.01 (m, 2H), 3.44-3.53 (m, 4H), 3.76 (s,
	N	m/z	3H), 6.68 (dd, 1H), 6.95 (d, 1H), 7.09 (dd, 1H), 7.35-
	, n	510	7.40 (m, 1H), 7.50 (brs, 1H), 7.73 (d, 1H), 8.15 (s,
	O		1H), 8.19 (s, 1H), 8.59 (d, 1H), 8.69-8.76 (m, 1H),
			11.66 (s, 1H).

The following 2-[5-Bromo-2-(substituted phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-N-ethyl-benzamide are prepared from 2-(5-bromo-2-chloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-N-ethyl-benzamide and the corresponding aniline following the procedure of Example 7A

Expl	Rx	Rf (solvent)	NMR
No.		or MS	
			DMSO-d6: 2.80(d, 3H), 2.88(t, 4H), 3.65 (m, 4H), 3.75
8-1	0	0.27	(s, 3H), 6.64 (dd, 1H), 6.94 (d, 1H), 7.11-7.08 (m, 1H),
	~N~	(n-hexane:	7.38-7.34 (m, 1H), 7.47-7.46 (m, 1H), 7.70 (dd, 1H),
	6 √ .	AcOEt=1:2)	8.11 (s, 1H), 8.26 (s, 1H), 8.51-8.49 (m, 1H), 8.72-
			8.71 (m, 1H), 11.41 (s, 1H)

			DMSO-d6: 2.79 (d, 3H, J = 4.04 Hz), 3.10-3.20 (m,
8-2	0	m/z 513,	4H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.70-3.80 (m, 4H), 6.45-6.55 (m,
		515 (M+1)	1H), 6.63-6.69 (m, 1H), 7.05-7.10 (m, 1H), 7.28-7.34
	Ň		(m, 1H), 7.40-7.45 (m, 1H), 7.65-7.70 (m, 1H), 8.13
	0		(s, 1H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 8.50-8.56 (m, 1H) 8.65-8.72 (m,
			1H), 11.40 (s, 1H)
			DMSO-d6: 2.80(d, 3H), 3.83(s, 3H), 4.11(t, 2H),
8-3	0	0.48	6.82(ddd, 1H), 7.03(dd, 1H), 7.15(dd, 1H), 7.44(dd,
	F	(n-Hexane:	1H), 7.73(d, 1H), 7.93(dd, 1H), 8.13(s, 1H), 8.33 (s,
		AcOEt=4:1)	1H), 8.50(d, 1H), 8.70-8.77(m, 1H), 11.3(s, 1H).
			2.79 (d, 3H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 6.75 (ddd, 1H), 7.0 (dd,
8-4	~~	MS	1H), 7.05-7.12 (m, 1H), 7.3-7.36 (m, 1H), 7.62 (dd,
		446, 448	1H), 7.69 (dd, 1H), 8.2 (s, 1H), 8.29 (s, 1H), 8.45 (d,
	F		1H), 8.66-8.73 (m, 1H), 11.4 (brs, 1H).

The following 2-[5-Chloro-2-(substituted phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-N-ethyl-benzamide are prepared from 2-(2,5-Dichloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-N-ethyl-benzamide and the corresponding aniline following the procedure of Example 7A

Expl	Rx	Rf (solvent)	NMR (400MHz) , δ (ppm)
No.		or MS	
			CDCl ₃ : 1.27 (t, 3H), 3.10-3.15 (m, 4H), 3.47-3.58 (m,
9-1	o	0.35	2H), 3.85-3.93 (m, 4H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 6.08-6.17 (m,
		(n-hexane:	1H), 6.48 (dd, 1H), 6.53 (d, 1H), 7.05-7.11 (m, 1H),
	Ň	AcOEt=1:2)	7.42-7.53 (m, 2H), 8.08 (s, 1H), 8.12 (d, 1H), 8.67 (d,
			1H), 10.94 (brs, 1H).

			ODOL: 4.00 (4.01) 1 - 7.50(1-) 2.27 (01) 0.57
			CDCl ₃ : 1.26 (t, 3H, J = 7.56Hz), 2.37 (s, 3H), 2.57-
9-2		MS (ESI)	2.62 (m, 4H), 3.15-3.20 (m, 4H), 3.49 (dq, 2H, J =
		<i>m/z</i> 497,	7.56, 1.52 Hz), 3.87 (s, 3H), 6.11-6.16 (m, 1H), 6.49
	, N	499 (M+1) [†]	(dd, 1H, J = 8.56, 2.52 Hz), 6.55 (d, 1H, J = 2.52 Hz),
			7.05-7.10 (m, 1H), 7.23 (s, 1H), 7.41-7.50 (m, 2H),
	, r		8.07 (s, 1H), 8.08 (d, 1H, J = 8.56Hz), 8.65-8.69 (m,
			1H), 10.93 (s, 1H)
			DMSO-d6: 1.26 (t, 3H, J = 7.56Hz), 1.40-1.50 (m,
9-3	0	m/z 564,	2H), 1.56-1.64 (m, 4H), 1.67-1.82 (m, 2H), 1.88-1.97
		566 (M+1) ⁺	(m, 2H), 2.33-2.44 (m, 1H), 2.52-2.57 (m, 4H), 2.63-
	N.		2.73 (m, 2H), 3.51 (dq, 2H, J = 7.56, 1.52 Hz), 3.62-
			3.69 (m, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 6.10-6.15 (m, 1H), 6.49
) N		(dd, 1H, J = 8.56, 2.52 Hz), 6.55 (d, 1H, J = 2.52 Hz),
			7.05-7.10 (m, 1H), 7.23 (s, 1H), 7.43-7.50 (m, 2H)
			8.05-8.11 (m, 1H), 8.07 (s, 1H), 8.65-8.69 (m, 1H),
			10.91 (s, 1H)
			DMSO-d6: 1.19 (t, 3H), 1.52-1.68 (m, 2H), 1.71-1.79
9-4	o o	0.39	(m, 4H), 1.92-2.05 (m, 2H), 2.12-2.23 (m, 1H), 2.76-
		(MeOH:	2.85 (m, 2H), 3.65-3.73 (m, 2H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 6.54
	√ ^N \	CH ₂ Cl ₂ =1:4)	(dd, 1H), 6.69 (d, 1H), 7.13 (m, 1H), 7.45 (d, 1H), 7.79
ł			(dd, 1H), 8.15 (s, 1H), 8.15-8.18 (m, 1H), 8.60-8.68
	N		(m, 1H), 8.74-8.83 (m, 1H).
		Rf	CDCl3: 1.27 (t, 3H), 3.08-3.14 (m, 4H), 3.52 (q,2H),
9-5		(Hexane:	3.71-3.90 (m, 7H), 6.05-6.18 (m, 1H), 6.47 (dd, 1H),
		AcOEt =	6.53 (dd, 1H), 7.08 (dd, 1H), 7.41-7.53 (m, 2H), 8.08
		1:2):	(s, 1H), 8.12 (d, 1H), 8.67 (d, 1H), 10.94 (s, 1H).
	 N	0.30	
	\ <u>_</u>		
L			

9-6		Rf (AcOEt:Me OH= 4:1) 0.050	DMSO: 1.11 (t, 3H), 1.60-1.69 (m, 1H), 1.88-1.96 (m, 2H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 2.55-2.68 (m, 2H), 3.30-3.45 (m, 2H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 4.33-4.43 (m, 1H), 6.54 (dd, 1H), 6.65 (d, 1H), 7.07 (dd, 1H), 7.30 (dd, 1H), 7.43 (d, 1H), 7.71 (dd, 1H), 8.11 (s, 1H), 8.20 (s, 1H), 8.54 (br.d, 1H), 8.75 (dd, 1H), 11.49 (s, 1H).
9-7	N N O N	0.44 (CH2CI2:M eOH=8:2)	CDCl3: 1.34 (t, 3H), 1.62-1.68 (m, 2H), 1.93-2.18 (m, 8H), 2.37-2.40 (br, 2H), 2.74-2.86 (br, 3H), 3.20-3.23 (m, 2H), 3.34 (br, 2H), 3.53 (q, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 6.47 (dd, 1H), 6.76 (d, 1H), 7.04-7.08 (m, 1H), 7.30 (dd, 1H), 7.53 (s, 1H), 8.00 (d, 1H), 8.13-8.17 (m, 1H), 8.22 (d, 1H), 8.42-8.53 (br, 1H), 10.91 (s, 1H), 11.59-11.75 (br, 1H)

The following 2-[5-Chloro-2-(substituted phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-6,N-dimethyl-benzamide are prepared from 2-(2,5-Dichloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-6,N-dimethyl-benzamide and the corresponding aniline following the procedure of Example 7A

Expl	Rx	Identification
No.		

		NMR (400MHz, DMSO-d6, δ): 1.58-1.68(m, 2H), 1.87-1.96(m,
10-1	~O_	2H), 2.13-2.22(m, 2H), 2.18(s, 3H), 2.18(s, 3H), 2.29(s, 3H), 2.57-
		2.65(m, 2H), 2.76(d, 3H), 3.75(s, 3H), 4.29-4.37(m, 1H), 6.45(dd,
	ο <u>·</u>	1H), 6.61(d, 1H), 6.98(d, 1H), 7.18(dd, 1H), 7.47(d, 1H), 7.89(d,
	\\\\\\	1H), 8.02(s, 1H), 8.07 (s, 1H), 8.37-8.43(m, 1H), 8.49(s, 1H).
		Rf: 0.39 (MeOH: $CH_2CI_2=1:4$).
		NI. 0.39 (MEOI I. CI 12012-1.4).
		NMR (400MHz, DMSO-d6, δ): 1.35-1.42 (m, 2H), 1.45-1.60 (m,
10-2	o contraction of the contraction	6H), 1.75-1.85 (m, 2H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 2.30-2.35 (m, 1H), 2.43-2.50
		(m, 4H), 2.57-2.66 (m, 2H), 2.76 (d, 3H, J = 5.0Hz), 3.65-3.74 (m,
	, N	2H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 6.40 (dd, 1H, J = 9.0, 2.0 Hz), 6.59 (d, 1H, J =
		2.0 Hz), 6.98 (d, 1H, J = 7.6 Hz), 7.20 (dd, 1H, J = 7.6, 7.6 Hz),
	N	7.43 (d, 1H, J = 9.0 Hz), 7.91-7.94 (m, 1H), 7.93 (s, 1H), 8.06 (s,
		1H), 8.36-8.42 (m, 1H) 8.47 (s, 1H).
	~	MS (ESI) <i>m/z</i> 564, 566 (M+1) ⁺
10-3]	DMSO-d6: 2.29(s, 3H), 2.77(d, 3H), 3.07-3.11(m, 4H), 3.73-
	0	3.76(m, 4H), 3.77(s, 3H), 6.41(dd, 1H), 6.63(d, 1H), 7.00 (d, 1H),
		7.21(dd, 1H), 7.49(d, 1H), 7.93(d, 1H), 7.96(s, 1H), 8.07(s, 1H),
	N	8.37-8.42(m, 1H), 8.49(s, 1H).
		MS m/z 483 [M+1] ⁺
	0	

The following 2-[5-Chloro-2-(substituted phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-5-fluoro-N-methylbenzamide are prepared from 2-(2,5-Dichloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-5-fluoro-N-methylbenzamide and the corresponding aniline following the procedure of Example 7A

Expl	Rx	Identification
No.		
1 :		

		NMR (400MHz, DMSO-d6, δ): 2.79(d, 3H), 3.10-3.15(m, 4H),
11-1		3.74-3.78(m, 7H), 6.50(dd, 1H), 6.66(d, 1H), 7.13-7.20 (m,
		1H), 7.41(d, 1H), 7.57(dd, 1H), 8.09(s, 1H), 8.14(s, 1H), 8.55-
	N	8.65(m, 1H), 8.75-8.82(m, 1H), 11.39(s, 1H).
		MS (ESI): m/z 487, 489 (M+1).
	0	
		NMR (400MHz, DMSO-d6, δ): 1.68-1.33 (m, 8H), 1.93-1.73
11-2	o	(m, 2H), 2.35-2.60 (m, 1H), 2.62-2.74 (m, 2H), 2.67 (t, 2H),
		2.74 (d, 3H), 3.25-3.38 (m, 4H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.83-3.71 (m,
	, n	2H), 6.48 (dd, 1H), 6.49 (dd, 1H), 6.63 (d, 1H), 7.15 (dd, 1H),
		7.36 (d, 1H), 7.57 (dd, 1H), 8.09(s, 1H), 8.12(s, 1H), 8.65-
	N	8.55 (m, 1H), 8.78(d, 1H), 11.39 (s, 1H)
		MS (ESI): m/z 568, 570 (M+1)
44.5	~	
11-3		DMSO-d6: 2.80(d, 3H), 3.79(s, 3H), 6.64(d,1H), 7.05-7.20(m,
		3H), 7.23(d, 1H), 7.42-7.49(d, 1H), 7.57(dd, 1H), 8.20(s, 1H),
	N	8.62-8.69(m, 1H), 8.75-8.82(m, 1H), 9.17(s, 1H), 11.43(s,
	\	1H).
		MS m/z 425 [M+1] ⁺
11-4	<u> </u>	DMSO-d6: 2.06(s, 3H), 2.79(d, 3H), 3.10-3.14(m, 2H), 3.15-
		3.19(m, 2H), 3.55-3.62(m, 4H), 3.77(s, 3H), 6.52(dd, 1H),
		6.69(d, 1H), 7.15-7.23(m, 1H), 7.43(d, 1H), 7.58(dd, 1H),
	N	8.10(s, 1H), 8.14(s, 1H), 8.56-8.65(m, 1H), 8.75-8.81(m, 1H),
		11.39(s, 1H).
	N N	MS m/z 528 [M+1] ⁺
	0	

12-1 Preparation of 7-[5-Chloro-2-(2-methoxy-4-morpholin-4-yl-phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-2-methyl-2,3-dihydro-isoindol-1-one

Synthetic procedure for 7-(2,5-Dichloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-2-methyl-2,3-dihydro-isoindol-1-one

WO 2004/080980 PCT/EP2004/002616

N-Methyl-7-nirto-2,3-dihydroisoindole-1-one. At room temperature, a solution of methyl 2-bromomethyl-6-nitrobenzoate (1.26 g, 4.63 mmol) in THF (13 mL) is treated with 2M soln. of methylamine in THF (14 mL), stirred for 5 h, diluted with EtOAc (100 mL), washed with sat. aqueous solution of NaHCO₃ (15 mL) and brine (15 mL), dried (MgSO₄), and evaporated. A flash chromatography (30 g of silica gel; CH₂Cl₂/EtOAc 1:1) gives N-Methyl-7-nirto-2,3-dihydroisoindole-1-one (0.561 g, 2.92 mmol) in 63%. Yellow solid. R_f (CH₂Cl₂/EtOAc 1:1) 0.46. R_f (H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 3.21 (s), 4.44 (s), 7.63 – 7.69 (m, 2 H), 7.70 – 7.75 (m, 1 H).

7-Amino-N-methyl-2,3-dihydroisoindole-1-one. At room temperature, a solution of N-Methyl-7-nirto-2,3-dihydroisoindole-1-one (561.0 mg, 2.92 mmol) in EtOAc (8.4 mL) is treated with $SnCl_2*2H_2O$ (2.68 g), stirred at $80^{\circ}C$ under reflux for 5 h, and treated with 30 mL of 5N NaOH at $0^{\circ}C$. After the both layers are separated, the aqueous layer is extracted with EtOAc (2 x 8 mL), the combined extracts are washed with brine (5 mL), dried (MgSO₄), and evaporated to give 7-Amino-N-methyl-2,3-dihydroisoindole-1-one (455.9 g, 2.81 mmol) in 96%. Yellow solid. R_f (CH₂Cl₂/EtOAc 1:1) 0.53. 1 H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 3.12 (s), 4.28 (s), 5.20 (br. s), 6.56 (d_1 d_2 = 8.0), 6.68 (d_1 d_2 = 8.0), 7.21 (dd, d_3 = 8.0, 8.0).

7-(4-Amino-2,5-dichloropyrimidin-4-yl)amino-N-methyl-2,3-dihydroisoindole-1-one. At 0°C, a solution of 7-Amino-N-methyl-2,3-dihydroisoindole-1-one (232.6 mg, 1.43 mmol) in DMF (2.0 mL) is treated with 60% NaH (89.8 mg), stirred at the same temperature for 1.5 h, treated with a solution of 2,4,5-trichlropyrimidine (0.557 g) in DMF (3.5 mL), stirred for 1 h, and warmed to room temperature. After furthermore stirring for 13 h, the mixture is treated with sat. aqueous NH₄Cl (6 mL), and the resulting brown precipitates are collected by a filtration, followed by washing with H₂O, hexane, and CH₃CN to give 7-(4-Amino-2,5-dichloropyrimidin-4-yl)amino-N-methyl-2,3-dihydroisoindole-1-one (130.2 g, 0.416 mmol) in 26%. Brown solid. R_f (CH₂Cl₂/EtOAc 1:1) 0.50. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 3.22 (s), 4.43 (s), 7.15 (d, J = 8.0), 7.59 (dd, J = 8.0, 8.0), 8.24 (s), 8.71 (d, J = 8.0), 11.05 (br. s).

WO 2004/080980 PCT/EP2004/002616

- 58 -

The following 7-[5-Chloro-2-(substituted phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-2-methyl-2,3-dihydro-isoindol-1-one are prepared from 7-(2,5-Dichloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-2-methyl-2,3-dihydro-isoindol-1-one and the corresponding aniline following the procedure of Example 7A. 7-[5-Chloro-2-(2-methoxy-4-morpholin-4-yl-phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-2-methyl-2,3-dihydro-isoindol-1-one

 1 H-NMR (400MHz, DMSO-d6, δ): 3.07 (s, 3H), 3.13-3.17 (m, 4H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.34-3.78 (m, 4H), 4.46 (s, 2H), 6.54 (dd, 1H, J = 8.6, 2.5 Hz), 6.67 (d, 1H, J = 2.5 Hz), 7.15 (d, 1H, J = 7.6 Hz), 7.25-7.34 (m, 1H) 7.36 (d, 1H, J = 8.6 Hz), 8.13 (s, 1H), 8.36 (s, 1H), 8.37-8.50 (m, 1H) 10.57 (s, 1H). MS (ESI) m/z 481. 483 (M+1) $^{+}$

The following7-(5-Chloro-2-(subst.phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-2-methyl-2,3- dihydro-isoindol-1-ones are prepared from 7-(2,5-Dichloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)- 2-methyl-2,3-dihydro-isoindol-1-one and the corresponding aniline following the procedure of Example 2:

Expl	Rx	Mass(m/z)	NMR (400MHz) δ (ppm)
No.		, ,	, , , ,
12-2		494 [M+1] [†]	DMSO-d6: 2.24(s, 3H), 2.45-2.50(m,4H), 3.07(s, 3H), 3.15-3.19(m, 4H), 3.74(s, 3H), 4.46(s, 2H), 6.52(dd, 1H), 6.66(d, 1H), 7.15 (d, 1H), 7.25-7.36(m, 2H), 8.12(s, 1H), 8.35(s, 1H), 8.35-8.45(m, 1H), 10.57(s, 1H)
12-3	OH OH	495 [M+1] ⁺	DMSO-d6: 1.48-1.57(m, 2H), 1.83-1.88(m, 2H), 2.83-2.90(m, 2H), 3.07(s, 3H), 3.51-3.60(m, 2H), 3.61-3.70(m, 2H), 3.73(s, 3H), 4.46(s, 2H), 4.69(d, 1H), 6.52(dd, 1H), 6.64(d, 1H), 7.14 (d, 1H), 7.25-7.35(m, 2H), 8.12(s, 1H), 8.33(s, 1H), 8.35-8.45(m, 1H), 10.57(s, 1H)
12-4		577 [M+1] [†]	DMSO-d6: 1.48-1.59(m, 2H), 1.83-1.88(m, 2H), 2.14(s, 3H), 2.25-2.39(m, 4H), 2.42-2.60(m, 5H), 2.66-2.73(m, 2H),3.07(s, 3H), 3.73-3.77(m, 2H), 3.74(s, 3H), 4.46(s, 2H), 6.52(dd, 1H), 6.64(d, 1H), 7.14 (d, 1H), 7.25-7.34(m, 2H), 8.12(s, 1H), 8.34(s, 1H), 8.35-8.45(m, 1H), 10.57(s, 1H)
12-5		562 [M+1] ⁺	DMSO-d6: 1.35-1.65(m, 8H), 1.73-1.85(m, 2H), 2.40-2.59(m, 7H), 3.08(s, 3H), 3.52-3.61(m,2H), 3.73(s, 3H), 4.47(s, 2H), 6.72(dd, 1H), 6.94(d, 1H), 7.17(d, 1H), 7.34-7.39(m, 2H), 8.21(s, 1H), 8.37(s, 1H), 8.45-8.53(m, 1H), 10.64(s, 1H)

	_		DMSO-d ₆ : 2.19-2.42 (m, 4H), 2.65-2.89 (m, 3H), 3.07
12-6	°	MS	(s, 3H), 3.11-3.30 (m, 1H), 3.48-3.61 (m, 2H), 3.62-
		m/z	3.71 (m, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.75-3.83 (m, 2H), 4.47 (s,
	Ň	536	2H), 6.48-6.52 (m, 1H), 6.66 (d, 1H), 7.15 (d, 1H),
	N		7.26-7.37 (m, 2H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 8.35 (s, 1H), 8.42
	6		(brs, 1H), 10.57 (s, 1H).

The following 7-(5-Chloro-2-(subst.phenylamino) -pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-2-ethyl-2,3-dihydroisoindol-1-ones are prepared from 7-(2,5-Dichloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-2- ethyl-2,3-dihydro-isoindol-1-one and the corresponding aniline following the procedure of Example 2:

Expl	Rx	Mass(m/z)	NMR (400MHz) δ (ppm)
No.			
13-1	O	508 [M+1] [†]	DMSO-d6: 1.19(t, 3H), 2.24(s, 3H), 2.47-2.51(m, 4H), 3.15-3.21(m, 4H), 3.54(q, 2H), 3.74(s, 3H), 4.48(s, 2H), 6.54(dd, 1H), 6.65(d, 1H), 7.15 (d, 1H), 7.26-7.36(m, 2H), 8.12(s, 1H), 8.34(s, 1H), 8.37-8.48(m, 1H), 10.58(s, 1H)
	, N		

Example 7B: 2-[5-Chloro-2-(2-methoxy-4-morpholin-4-yl-phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-N-methyl-benzamide (alternative synthesis to Example 7A)

To a suspension of 2-[5-chloro-2-(2-methoxy-4-morpholin-4-yl-phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-benzoic acid (5.5 g, 12.1 mmol) in 100 mL of THF are added Et₃N (2.06 mL, 14.8 mmol) and isobutyl chloroformate (1.7 mL, 12.8 mmol) at -5 $^{\circ}$ C. After stirring at the same temperature for 30 min, the reaction mixture is further stirred at room temperature for 1 hour and then H₂O is added to the reaction mixture. The resulting precipitate is collected by filtration,

washed with H₂O, and dried under reduced pressure to give an intermediate (4.80 g) (10.96 mmol, 91%) as yellow solid.

NMR (400MHz, DMSO-d6, δ): 3.10-3.20 (m, 4H), 3.70-3.80 (m, 4H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 6.53 (dd, 1H, J = 9.08, 2.0 Hz), 6.70 (d, 1H, J = 2.0 Hz), 7.49-7.54 (m, 1H), 7.67 (d, 1H, J = 8.56 Hz), 7.89 (s, 1H), 7.85-7.95 (m, 1H), 8.23 (d, 1H, J = 9.08 Hz), 8.26 (d, 1H, J = 8.56Hz), 12.60 (s, 1H).

To a 1M solution of methylamine in THF (560 μl, 0.56 mmol) is added 82 mg of the obtained intermediate (0.187 mmol) followed by 1M solution of NaHMDS in THF (560 μl, 0.56 mmol) dropwise. After the reaction mixture is stirred for 10 minutes, 5 mL of H₂O is added and extraction is performed with AcOEt. The organic layer is washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, concentrated under reduced pressure, and purified by silica gel column chromatography (Hexane: AcOEt=1:1 to AcOEt) to give the title compound as a pale yellow solid. Data are given in Example 7A.

By repeating the procedures described above using appropriate starting materials and conditions the following compounds are obtained as identified below.

Expl	Ry	Rf (solvent)	NMR (400MHz) , δ (ppm)
No.		or MS	
			CDCl ₃ : 3.02-3.19 (m, 10H), 3.83-3.91 (m, 4H), 3.87 (s,
14-1	O I	0.10	3H), 6.45 (dd, 1H), 6.52 (d. 1H), 7.09-7.14 (m, 1H),
	N N	(n-hexane:	7.29 (m, 1H), 7.31 (dd, 1H), 7.38-7.45 (m, 1H), 8.06
		AcOEt=1:1)	(s, 1H), 8.14 (d, 1H), 8.39 (d, 1H), 8.97 (s, 1H).
			CDCl ₃ : 1.27 (d, 6H), 3.09-3.16 (m, 4H), 3.81-3.92 (m,
14-2	<u>0</u>	0.36	4H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 4.26-4.37 (m, 1H), 5.93-5.98 (m,
		(n-hexane:	1H), 6.48 (dd, 1H), 6.53 (d, 1H), 7.05-7.11 (m, 1H),
	" "	AcOEt=1:2)	7.42-7.49 (m, 2H), 8.08 (s, 1H), 8.12 (d, 1H), 8.65 (d,

			1H), 10.88 (br.s, 1H).
			111), 10.00 (01.3, 111).
14-3			DMSO-d6: 2.79(d, 3H), 3.09-3.14(m, 4H), 3.74-
		505	3.77(m, 4H), 3.75(s, 3H), 6.49(dd, 1H), 6.65(d, 1H),
		[M+1]+	7.30 (d, 1H), 7.84(dd, 1H), 8.12(s, 1H), 8.40(s, 1H),
	" F		8.65-8.79(m, 2H), 11.39(s, 1H)
	· F		
14-4	Q		DMSO-d6: 2.70-2.75(m, 2H), 3.04-3.09(m, 2H), 3.12-
		466	3.18(m, 4H), 3.74-3.80(m, 4H), 3.75(s, 3H), 6.54(dd,
		[M+1]+	1H), 6.67(d, 1H), 7.14 (d, 1H), 7.34(d, 1H), 7.37-
			7.44(m, 1H), 8.17(s, 1H), 8.35-8.50(m, 1H), 8.44(s,
			1H), 10.59(s, 1H)
	Q l	Rf (Hexane	DMSO: 1.18 (t, 3H), 3.11-3.21 (4, 4H), 3.30-3.60 (m,
14-5		:	2H), 3.71-3.85 (m, 7H), 6.50-6.58 (m, 1H), 6.71 (d,
		AcOEt=1:2)	1H), 7.17-7.26 (m, 1H), 7.46 (d, 1H), 7.64 (dd, 1H),
		: 0.31	8.14 (s, 1H), 8.19 (s, 1H), 8.57-8.68 (m, 1H), 8.80-
	F		8.87 (m, 1H), 11.36 (s, 1H).
	9	Rf (Hexane	DMSO: 1.71-1.92 (m, 2H), 1.92-2.06 (m, 2H), 3.08-
14-6		:	3.14 (m, 4H), 3.48-3.57 (m, 2H), 3.63-3.75 (m, 2H),
		AcOEt=1:1)	3.84-3.90 (m, 7H), 6.47 (dd, 1H), 6.53 (d, 1H), 7.09
		: 0.051	(ddd, 1H), 7.25-7.29 (m, 1H), 7.38-7.44 (m, 1H), 8.06
			(s, 1H), 8.15 (d, 1H), 8.45 (dd, 1H), 9.60 (s, 1H).
14-7			¹H-NMR (400MHz, δ ppm, CDCl₃): 3.04-3.10 (m, 4H),
			3.10-3.16 (m, 4H), 3.63-3.68 (m, 4H), 3.85-3.90 (m,
	N S		7H), 6.46 (dd, 1H), 6.53 (d, 1H), 7.20-7.25 (m, 1H),
			7.33 (brs, 1H), 7.56-7.62 (m, 1H), 7.85 (dd, 1H), 8.03
			(d, 1H), 8.12 (s, 1H), 8.57-8.61 (m, 1H), 9.30 (s, 1H).

The following 2-(5-Chloro-2-(subst. phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-N-methyl-5- pyrrolidin-1-yl-benzamides are prepared from 2-(5-Chloro-2-methyl-pyrimidin-4- ylamino)-N-methyl-5-pyrrolidin-1-yl-benzamide and the corresponding aniline following the procedure of Example 2:

Expl	Rx	Mass(m/z)	NMR (400MHz) δ (ppm)
No.			
15-1	O Z Z	551 [M+1] [†]	DMSO-d6: 1.94-1.99(m, 4H), 2.23(s, 3H), 2.43-2.48(m, 4H), 2.78(d, 3H), 3.11-3.17(m, 4H), 3.22-3.29(m, 4H), 3.76(s, 3H), 6.46(dd, 1H), 6.48-6.53(m, 1H), 6.63(d, 1H), 6.79(d, 1H), 7.44(d, 1H), 7.89(s, 1H), 7.99(s, 1H), 8.24(d, 1H), 8.60(d, 1H), 10.88(s, 1H)
15-2		566 [M+1] ⁺	DMSO-d6: 1.60-1.70(m, 2H), 1.90-2.00(m, 6H), 2.12-2.20(m, 2H), 2.18(s, 3H), 2.60-2.65(m, 2H), 2.78(d, 3H), 3.22-3.28(m, 4H), 3.75(s, 3H), 4.25-4.37(m, 1H), 6.49-6.55(m, 2H), 6.62(d, 1H), 6.80(d, 1H), 7.53(d, 1H), 7.90(s, 1H), 8.00(s, 1H), 8.24(d, 1H), 8.58-8.63(m, 1H), 10.88(s, 1H)

15-3			DMSO-d6: 1.94-1.99(m, 4H), 2.78(d, 3H), 3.09-
		538	3.15(m, 4H), 3.22-3.27(m, 4H), 3.73-3.77(m, 4H),
		[M+1] ⁺	3.76(s, 3H), 6.47(dd, 1H), 6.47-6.53(m, 1H), 6.65(d,
	N.		1H), 6.79(d, 1H), 7.47(d, 1H), 7.90(s, 1H), 7.99(s, 1H),
			8.24(d, 1H), 8.60(d, 1H), 10.88(s, 1H)
	\ <u>_</u> o_		

The following 2-[5-Chloro-2-(4-fluoro-2-methoxy-phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4- ylamino]-5-subst.-N-methyl-benzamide are prepared from the corresponding aniline following the procedure of Example 2:

Expl	Ry	Mass(m/z)	NMR (400MHz) δ (ppm)
No.			
16-1			DMSO-d6: 2.79(d, 3H), 3.11-3.15(m, 4H), 3.74-
		487	3.81(m, 4H), 3.81(s, 3H), 6.76(ddd, 1H), 6.95-7.05(m,
		[M+1] ⁺	2H), 7.21(d, 1H), 7.72(dd, 1H), 8.08(s, 1H), 8.09(s,
			1H), 8.33(d, 1H), 8.63-8.73(m, 1H), 11.17(s, 1H)
16-2			DMSO-d6: 2.24(s, 3H), 2.45-2.52(m, 4H),2.79(d, 3H),
	Ň	500	3.13-3.18(m, 4H), 3.81(s, 3H), 6.75(ddd, 1H), 6.94-
	N	[M+1] ⁺	7.02(m, 2H), 7.20(d, 1H), 7.73(dd, 1H), 8.03-8.11(m,
	l		2H), 8.30(d, 1H), 8.60-8.70(m, 1H), 11.14(s, 1H)
16-3	1		DMSO-d6: 2.79(d, 3H), 3.80-3.81(m, 6H), 6.75(ddd,
		432	1H), 6.90-7.02(m, 2H), 7.27(d, 1H), 7.67(dd, 1H),
		[M+1] ⁺	8.10(s, 1H), 8.16(s, 1H), 8.39(d, 1H), 8.70-8.76(m,
	·		1H), 11.20(s, 1H)

16-4	N N	568 [M+1] ⁺	DMSO-d6: 1.35-1.62(m, 8H), 1.78-1.85(m, 2H), 2.30-2.40(m, 1H), 2.41-2.52(m, 4H), 2.60-2.70(m, 2H), 2.78(d, 3H), 3.70-3.80(m, 2H), 3.81(s, 3H), 6.75(ddd, 1H), 6.95-7.02(m, 2H), 7.20(d, 1H), 7.72(dd, 1H), 8.05-8.08(m, 2H), 8.28(d, 1H), 8.63-8.69(m, 1H), 11.12(s, 1H)
------	--------	---------------------------	--

Example 16B

CDCl₃: 3.01-3.10 (m, 4H), 3.63-3.68 (m, 4H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 6.59 (ddd, 1H), 6.66 (dd, 1H), 7.20-7.26 (m, 1H), 7.36 (s, 1H), 7.57-7.63 (m, 1H), 7.84 (dd, 1H), 8.09-8.14 (m, 1H), 8.14 (s, 1H), 8.53 (d, 1H), 9.30 (s, 1H).

Example 16C

CDCl₃: 3.56-3.65 (m, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 5.11-5.19 (m, 1H), 6.50-6.56 (m, 1H), 6.61-6.66 (m, 1H), 7.25-7.29 (m, 1H), 7.38 (brs, 1H), 7.58-7.62 (m, 1H), 7.97 (dd, 1H), 8.02-8.10 (m, 1H), 8.15 (s, 1H), 8.41 (dd, 1H), 8.81 (s, 1H).

The following 2-(5-Chloro-2-(subst.phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-5-fluoro-N-methyl-benzamide are prepared from 2-(2,5-Dichloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-5-fluoro-N-methyl-benzamideand the corresponding aniline following the procedure of Example 2:

Expl	Rx	Mass(m/z)	NMR (400MHz) δ (ppm)
No.			
18-1		595 [M+1] [†]	DMSO-d6: 2.06 (s, 3H), 2.78 (d, 3H), 3.05-3.18 (m, 8H), 3.53-3.64 (m, 4H), 3.68-3.77 (m, 4H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 6.51 (dd, 1H), 6.69 (d, 1H), 6.88 (br.d, 1H), 7.20 (d, 1H), 7.43 (d, 1H), 7.99-8.03 (m, 2H), 8.34 (br.d, 1H), 8.63-8.71 (m, 1H), 11.15 (s, 1H).

The following 2-[5-chloro-2-(subst.phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-N-isopropyl-benzene-sulfonamides are prepared from 2-(5-chloro-2-chloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-N-isopropyl-benzenesulfonamide and the corresponding aniline following the procedure of Example 7A

ExplNo.	Rx	Rf (solvent)	NMR (400MHz), δ (ppm)
		Or MS	

			DMSO-d6: 0.94(d, 6H), 1.75-1.84(m, 1H), 2.07-
	↓ .o.		
19-1		0.39	2.16(m, 1H), 2.33(s, 3H), 2.98-3.04(m, 1H), 3.22-
		(MeOH:	3.36(m, 5H), 3.42-3.47(m, 1H), 3.74(s, 3H), 6.05(dd,
	$\langle ^{N} \rangle$	CH ₂ Cl ₂ =1:4)	1H), 6.18(d, 1H), 7.18(dd, 1H), 7.25(d, 1H), 7.35-
	N-		7.45(m, 1H), 7.77-7.82(m, 1H), 7.70-8.10(m, 1H),
	· H		8.09-8.17 (m, 2H), 8.45-8.63(m, 1H), 9.34(s, 1H)
			CDCl ₃ : 1.00(d, 6H), 1.13(t, 3H), 1.83-1.92(m, 1H),
19-2	o o	0.40	2.23-2.30(m,1H), 2.70-2.78(m, 2H), 3.08-3.13(m, 1H),
		(<i>n</i> -hexane:	3.27-3.54 (m, 5H), 3.85(s, 3H), 4.33(d, 1H), 6.05(d,
	ν, ·	AcOEt=1:1)	1H), 6.13(s, 1H), 7.13(bs, 1H), 7.18-7.22(m, 1H),
			7.52-7.56(m, 1H), 7.83-7.86(m, 1H), 7.95-7.98(m,
	N-		1H), 8.09(s, 1H), 8.47-8.49(m, 1H), 8.89(s, 1H)
			CDCl ₃ : 0.93 (d, 6H), 1.05-1.09(m, 1H), 1.48-1.99(m,
19-3	0	0.30	6H), 2.16(s,3H), 2.61-2.67(m, 1H), 2.80-2.83(m, 1H),
		(<i>n</i> -hexane:	3.75(s, 3H), 3.80-3.89(m, 2H), 6.44-6.47(m, 1H),
	0	AcOEt=1:1)	6.62-6.63(m, 1H), 7.18-7.22(m, 1H), 7.42-7.46(m,
			1H), 7.80-7.89(m, 2H), 8.17(s, 1H), 8.23(s, 1H), 8.42-
	N		8.44(m, 1H), 8.89(s, 1H)
	1		DMSO-d6: 0.94(d, 6H), 1.45-1.57(m, 2H), 1.80-
40 4		0.69	1.88(m, 2H), 2.14(s, 3H), 2.25-2.35(m, 4H), 2.45-
19-4			
) N	(MeOH:	2.55(m, 4H), 2.62-2.70(m, 2H), 3.28-3.37(m, 1H),
		CH ₂ Cl ₂ =1:3)	3.68-3.74(m, 2H), 3.75(s, 3H), 6.44(dd, 1H, <i>J</i> =8.82,
			2.0Hz), 6.61(d, 1H, <i>J</i> =2.0Hz), 7.21(dd, 1H), 7.37(d,
	Ň		1H), 7.45(dd, 1H), 7.81(dd, 1H, <i>J</i> =1.82, 1.52Hz), 7.84-
	N		7.92(m, 1H), 8.12-8.20(m, 1H), 8.16(s, 1H), 8.43 -
			8.51(m, 1H), 9.31(s, 1H)
			CDCl ₃ : 0.93(d, 6H), 2.23(s, 3H), 2.45-2.48(m, 4H),
19-5		0.35	3.12-3.15(m,4H), 3.75(s, 3H), 6.42-6.45(m, 1H), 6.63
		(n-hexane:	(s, 1H), 7.19-7.23(m, 1H), 7.38-7.47(m, 2H), 7.80-
	Ň	AcOEt=1:1)	7.89(m, 2H), 8.16(s, 1H), 8.46-8.48(m, 1H), 9.34(s,
	N N		1H)

			0001 000/1 010 0 40 0 40/2 410 0 00/2 010
19-6	, ,	0.45	CDCl ₃ : 0.99(d, 6H), 3.40-3.49(m, 1H), 3.88(s, 3H),
		(n-hexane:	4.29-4.31(d, 1H), 6.51-6.56(m, 1H), 6.62-6.65 (m,
	Y	AcOEt=1:1)	1H), 7.24-7.28(m, 1H), 7.37(s, 1H), 7.56-7.60(m, 1H),
	+ 		7.98-8.15(m, 3H), 8.34-8.37(m, 1H), 8.89(s, 1H)
19-7		0.28	DMSO-d6: 0.93(d, 6H), 1.59-1.67(m, 2H), 1.90-
		(<i>n</i> -hexane:	1.93(m, 2H), 2.10-2.24(m, 5H), 2.60-2.67(m, 2H),
		AcOEt=1:1)	3.74(s, 3H), 4.33-4.37(m, 1H), 6.47-6.50(m, 1H),
	0		6.63(d, 1H), 7.18-7.22(m, 1H), 7.41-7.45(m, 2H),
	Ň		7.79-7.87(m, 2H), 8.16(s, 1H), 8.21(s, 1H), 8.41 -
			8.43(m, 1H), 9.29(s, 1H)
19-8		0.25	DMSO-d6: 0.93(d, 6H), 3.09-3.12(m, 4H), 3.74-
	\\\^\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	(<i>n-</i> hexane:	3.76(m, 7H), 6.43-6.46(m, 1H), 6.64(s, 1H), 7.19-
		AcOEt=1:1)	7.23(m, 1H), 7.41-7.48(m, 2H), 7.80(d, 1H), 7.82(d,
	Ň		1H), 8.17(s, 1H), 8.46-8.48(m, 1H), 9.31(s, 1H)
	0		
19-9			DMSO-d6: 0.93(d, 6H), 1.89-1.90(m, 1H), 2.30(bs,
	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	0.56	6H), 3.13-3.50(m, 6H), 3.74(s, 3H), 6.10(d, 1H),
		(MeOH:	6.22(s, 1H), 7.16-7.20(m, 1H), 7.25-7.27(m, 1H),
	Ň	CH ₂ Cl ₂ =1:4)	7.40(bs, 1H), 7.79-7.81(m, 1H), 7.86-7.88(m, 1H),
	N—		8.12(s, 1H), 8.15(s, 1H), 8.51(s, 1H), 9.34(s, 1H)
	/		
19-10			CDCl ₃ : 0.99(d, 12H), 2.27(s, 2H), 2.31(s, 6H), 2.96(s,
		0.45	2H), 3.39-3.48(m, 1H), 3.83(s, 3H), 4.30(d, 1H), 6.09-
		(MeOH:	6.12(m, 1H), 6.19(d, 1H), 7.11(s, 1H), 7.19-7.23(m,
	HN.	CH ₂ Cl ₂ =1:4)	1H), 7.51-7.57(m, 1H), 7.76-7.79(m, 1H), 7.95(d, 1H),
	N		8.09(s, 1H), 8.46-8.49(m, 1H), 8.88(s, 1H)
19-11		0.30	DMSO-d6: 0.93(d, 6H), 2.96-2.99(m, 4H), 3.74-
		(<i>n</i> -hexane:	3.76(m, 7H), 6.67-6.72(m, 1H), 7.21-7.25(m, 1H),
	F	AcOEt=1:1)	7.31-7.34(m, 1H), 7.44-7.48(m, 1H), 7.80-7.83(m,
	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		1H), 7.88(d, 1H), 8.21(s, 1H), 8.42(d, 1H), 8.58(s,
			1H), 9.30 (s, 1H)
L		L	

19-12			DMSO-d6: 0.94(d, 6H), 1.68-1.76(m, 1H), 1.99-
		0.42	2.07(m, 1H), 2.29(s, 3H), 3.05-3.49(m, 6H), 3.75(s,
	F	(MeOH:	3H), 6.36-6.40(m, 1H), 7.10-7.37(m, 3H), 7.70-
	N	CH ₂ Cl ₂ =1:4)	7.80(m, 1H), 8.08-8.39(m, 3H), 9.24(s, 1H)
	N—		
	Н		
19-13		0.50	CDCl ₃ : 1.01(d, 6H), 1.94-1.96(m, 1H), 2.01(s, 3H),
		(MeOH:	2.29-2.37(m, 1H), 3.19-3.58(m, 5H), 3.86(s, 3H),
		CH ₂ Cl ₂ =1:4)	4.42(d, 1H), 4.59-4.63(m, 1H), 5.70(d, 1H), 6.05-
	(")		6.08(m, 1H), 6.15-6.16(m, 1H), 7.17-7.24(m, 2H),
	N-A		7.53-7.57(m, 1H), 7.90(d, 1H), 7.91-7.98(m, 1H),
	п		8.09(s, 1H), 8.47(d, 1H), 8.91(s, 1H)
19-14		0.53	CDCl ₃ : 1.00(d, 6H), 2.04(s, 3H), 2.05-2.29(m, 2H),
	0	(MeOH:	2.96(s, 3H), 3.19-3.54(m, 5H), 3.86(s, 3H), 4.57-
		CH ₂ Cl ₂ =1:4)	4.63(m, 1H), 5.39-5.46(m, 1H), 6.07-6.09(m, 1H),
	(N)		6.16(d, 1H), 7.18-7.26(m, 2H), 7.53-7.57(m, 1H),
	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		7.89-7.98(m, 2H), 8.08(s, 1H), 8.47(d, 1H), 8.94(d,
	/ \		1H)
19-15			DMSO-d6: 0.93(d, 6H), 1.48-1.56(m, 2H), 1.65-
	° ·	0.56	1.75(m, 4H), 1.90-1.93(m, 2H), 2.05-2.15(m, 1H),
		(MeOH:	2.45-2.55(m, 5H), 2.69-2.75(m, 2H), 3.61(d, 2H),
	Ň	CH ₂ Cl ₂ =1:4)	3.74(s, 1H), 6.42-6.51(m, 1H), 6.61(d, 1H), 7.18-
			7.22(m, 1H), 7.37(d, 1H), 7.43-7.47(m, 1H), 7.80(d,
	, N		1H), 7.81-7.89(m, 1H), 8.16(d, 1H), 8.46-8.48(m, 1H),
			9.31(s, 1H)
19-16			DMSO-d6: 0.92(d, 6H), 1.65-1.75(m, 4H), 1.88-
		0.56	2.00(m, 4H), 2.39-2.43(m, 2H), 2.60-2.65(m, 2H),
		(MeOH:	3.03-3.07(m, 1H), 3.03-3.40(m, 2H), 3.70(s, 3H),
	N , milk	CH ₂ Cl ₂ =1:4)	3.77-3.78(m, 1H), 6.09(d, 1H), 6.23(s, 1H), 7.13-
			7.17(m, 1H), 7.23-7.25(m, 1H), 7.30-7.42(m, 1H),
	_		7.78(d, 1H), 7.86(d, 1H), 8.10(s, 1H), 8.13(s, 1H),
			8.40-8.50(m, 1H), 9.31(s, 1H)
			55 5.55(m, m, m, sec. (-, m)

19-17		0.23	DMSO-d6: 0.93(d, 6H), 1.24-1.57(m, 4H), 1.69-
		(<i>n</i> -hexane:	1.78(m, 2H), 1.98-2.04(m, 1H), 2.15-2.33(m, 5H),
		AcOEt=1:1)	2.70-2.80(m, 1H), 3.74(s, 3H), 3.91-3.94(m, 1H),
		-	4.05-4.09(m, 1H), 6.46-6.49(m, 1H), 6.63(d, 1H),
	N N		7.18-7.22(m, 1H), 7.42-7.46(m, 2H), 7.80(d, 1H),
			7.89(d, 1H), 8.17(s, 1H), 8.25(s, 1H), 8.42 -8.44(m,
			1H), 9.31(s, 1H)
19-18		0.48	DMSO-d6: 0.93(d, 6H), 1.03(t, 3H), 1.13(t, 3H), 1.42-
	° \	(<i>n</i> -hexane:	1.81(m, 4H), 2.57-2.83(m, 4H), 3.17-3.41(m, 4H),
		AcOEt=1:1)	3.65-3.75(m, 1H), 3.80(s, 3H), 4.21(bs, 1H), 6.42-
	Ň		6.47(m, 2H), 6.51(d, 1H), 6.63(d, 1H), 7.18-7.22(m,
	No.		1H), 7.38-7.47(m, 2H), 7.80-7.82(m, 1H), 7.89(d, 1H),
	Ö		8.16(s, 1H), 8.47 -8.49(m, 1H), 9.31(s, 1H)
	1 _		CDCl3: 1.45-1.62 (m, 2H), 1.72-1.78 (m, 1H), 1.82-
19-19	, o	0.44	1.90 (m, 1H), 2.40-2.46 (m, 1H), 2.61-2.75 (m, 2H),
		(CH2Cl2:M	3.75-3.70 (m, 2H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 6.45 (dd, 1H), 6.62 (d,
	NH ₂	eOH=9:1)	1H), 6.85 (s, 1H), 7.19-7.23 (m, 1H), 7.36-7.48 (m,
	V V 1.11 1 2		3H), 7.80-7.82 (m, 1H), 7.85-7.93 (br, 1H), 8.16 (s,
			2H), 8.43-8.52 (m, 1H), 9.31 (s, 1H)
			DMSO-d6: 0.94 (d, 6H), 1.73-1.82 (m, 1H), 2.23-2.33
19-20	0	Ms : 547	(m, 4H), 2.34-2.41 (m, 1H), 2.54-2.62 (m, 1H), 2.62-
			2.69 (m, 1H), 2.77-2.82 (m, 1H), 3.25-3.35 (m, 1H),
	0		3.74 (s, 3H), 4.85-4.92 (m, 1H), 6.4 (dd, 1H), 6.57 (d,
	\downarrow		1H), 7.16-7.24 (m, 1H), 7.38-7.51 (m, 1H), 7.81 (d,
	N		1H), 7.82-7.94 (m, 1H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 8.22 (brs, 1H),
	\		8.38-8.48 (m, 1H), 9.3 (brs, 1H)
19-21	1 5		DMSO-d6: 0.92 (d, 6H), 1.61-1.71 (m, 2H), 1.86-1.96
	~~	Ms : 579	(m, 2H), 2.12-2.22 (m, 5H), 2.57-2.64 (m, 2H), 3.2-3.4
			(m, 1H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 4.27-4.35(m, 1H), 6.86 (dd, 1H),
			7.19-7.27 (m, 1H), 7.39-7.46 (m, 1H), 7.81 (dd, 1H),
			7.84-7.92 (m, 1H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 8.36-8.42 (m, 1H),
			8.62 (s, 1H), 9.28 (s, 1H)
	N		

	10		
19-22			DMSO-d6: 0.90 (s, 6H), 0.94 (d, 6H), 2.9 (d, 2H),
	° \	Ms : 549	3.24 (d, 2H), 3.25-3.35(m, 1H), 3.27-3.36 (m, 1H),
			3.68 (s, 3H), 4.58 (t, 1H), 5.3 (t, 1H), 6.16 (dd, 1H),
	ИН ОН		6.39 (d, 1H), 7.13 (d, 1H), 7.15-7.21 (m, 1H), 7.35-
			7.45 (m, 1H), 7.8 (dd, 1H), 7.83-7.92 (m, 1H), 8.09 (s,
	/\		1H), 8.11 (s, 1H), 8.45-8.57 (m, 1H), 9.33 (s, 1H)
19-23			DMSO-d6: 0.94 (d, 6H), 1.22 (s, 6H), 3.25-3.35 (m,
	° \	Rf : 0.51	1H), 3.36 (d, 2H), 3.68 (s, 3H), 4.73-4.79 (brs, 1H),
		(n-hexane :	4.81 (t, 1H), 6.29 (dd, 1H), 6.44 (d, 1H), 7.14-7.22 (m,
	NH	AcOEt=1:1)	2H), 7.38-7.46 (m, 1H), 7.8 (dd, 1H), 7.85-7.9 (m, 1H),
	ОН		8.1 (s, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 8.45-8.55 (m, 1H), 9.32 (s,
	·		1H)
19-24			DMSO-d6: 0.93 (d, 6H), 0.96 (s, 6H), 2.22 (s, 6H),
	°	Ms : 577	3.25-3.35 (m, 1H), 3.7 (s, 3H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 6.46 (dd,
			1H), 6.62 (d, 1H), 7.16-7.23 (m, 1H), 7.38-7.47 (m,
	,		1H), 7.81 (dd, 1H), 7.85-7.9 (m, 1H), 8.17 (s, 1H),
	N N		8.23 (s, 1H), 8.38-8.48 (m, 1H), 9.31 (s, 1H)
	/\		
19-25	1		DMSO-d6: 0.94 (d, 6H), 3.12 (t, 4H), 3.25-3.35 (m,
	F	Ms:521	1H), 3.75 (t, 4H), 6.73 (dd, 1H), 6.85 (dd, 1H), 7.16-
			7.24 (m, 1H), 7.25-7.32 (m, 1H), 7.38-7.47 (m, 1H),
	N		7.8 (dd, 1H), 7.88 (d, 1H), 8.18 (s, 1H), 8.42-8.52 (m,
			1H), 8.86 (s, 1H), 9.36 (s, 1H)
	0		
			DMSO-d6: 0.93 (d, 6H), 2.4-2.56 (m, 4H), 2.69 (t,
19-26		Ms : 565	2H), 3.25-3.38 (m, 1H), 3.59 (t, 4H), 4.11 (t, 1H), 6.75
			(dd, 1H), 6.93 (dd, 1H), 7.16-7.23 (m, 1H), 7.3-7.4 (m,
	, o		1H), 7.4-7.38 (m, 1H), 7.8 (dd, 1H), 7.88 (d, 1H), 8.19
	N		(s, 1H), 8.36-8.5 (m, 1H), 8.92 (s, 1H), 9.34 (s, 1H)
		<u> </u>	

19-27	1	l	DMSO-d6: 0.93 (d, 6H), 1.3-1.62 (m, 8H), 1.75-1.85
	0	Ms : 614	(m, sH), 2.26-2.4 (m, 1H), 2.4-2.58 (m, 4H), 3.28-3.38
			(m, 1H), 3.68-3.78 (m, 5H), 6.42 (dd, 1H), 6.64 (d,
	, N		1H), 7.18-7.24 (m, 1H), 7.42-7.5 (m, 2H), 7.77 (d, 1H),
			7.82 (dd, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 8.17 (s, 1H), 8.4-8.5 (m,
			1H), 9.36 (s, 1H)
	N		
			DMSO-d6: 0.93 (d, 6H), 1.6-1.7 (m, 2H), 1.88-1.98
19-28	F F	Rf: 0.5	(m, 2H), 2.17-2.35 (m, 5H), 2.6-2.73 (m, 2H), 3.25-3.4
		(MeOH:	(m, 1H), 4.34-4.44 (m, 1H), 6.75 (dd, 1H), 6.93 (dd,
	ļ ģ	CH2Cl2=3:	1H), 7.16-7.23 (m, 1H), 7.29-7.36 (m, 1H), 7.37-7.47
		7)	(m, 1H), 7.8 (dd, 1H), 7.89 (d, 1H), 8.19 (s, 1H), 8.36-
			8.46 (m, 1H), 8.92 (s, 1H), 9.31 (s, 1H)
	Ţ		
19-29			DMSO-d6: 0.93 (d, 6H), 2.45-2.55 (m, 4H), 2.7 (t,
	~~~	Ms : 577	2H), 3.25-3.35 (m, 1H), 3.59 (t, 3H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 4.1
			(t, 1H), 6.48 (dd, 1H), 6.65 (d, 1H), 7.18-7.24 (m, 1H),
			7.4-7.5 (m, 2H), 7.82 (dd, 1H), 7.88 (d, 1H), 8.17 (s,
			1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 8.4-8.48 (m, 1H), 9.31 (s, 1H)
	~		D1400 10 0 00 (1 01) 0 47 ( 01) 0 0 0 4 ( 01)
10.00	.0.	Ma . 500	DMSO-d6: 0.93 (d, 6H), 2.15 (s, 3H), 2.2-2.4 (m, 4H),
19-30		Ms : 590	2.4-2.6 (m, 4H), 2.69 (t, 2H), 3.25-3.35 (m, 1H), 3.75
		ř	(s, 3H), 4.08 (t, 2H), 6.47 (dd, 1H), 6.64 (d, 1H), 7.18-
	0		7.24 (m, 1H), 7.41-7.49 (m, 2H), 7.81 (dd, 1H), 7.86-
	Ň		7.91 (m, 1H), 8.17 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 8.39-8.46 (m,
			1H), 9.31 (s, 1H)

19-31	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	Ms : 588	DMSO-d6: 0.94 (d, 6H), 2.19-2.36 (m, 4H), 2.66-2.85 (m, 3H), 3.15-3.21 (m, 1H), 3.73-3.8 (m, 5H), 6.43 (dd, 1H), 6.63 (d, 1H), 7.18-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.4 (d, 1H), 7.43-7.5 (m, 1H), 7.81 (dd, 1H), 7.89 (d, 1H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 8.17 (s, 1H), 8.42-8.52 (m, 1H), 9.32 (s, 1H)
19-32	O N	Ms : 560	CDCl3: 1.01(s, 6H), 1.45-1.56 (m, 2H), 2.03-2.11 (m, 2H), 2.11-2.2 (m, 2H), 2.31 (s, 3H), 2.78-2.87 (m, 2H), 3.22-3.31 (m, 1H), 3.39-3.5 (m, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 4.5-4.6 (m, 1H), 6.13 (dd, 1H), 6.21 (d, 1H), 7.16 (s, 1H), 7.18-7.24 (m, 1H), 7.5-7.57 (m, 1H), 7.82 (d, 1H), 7.97 (dd, 1H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 8.08 (s, 1H), 8.46 (d, 1H), 8.92 (s, 1H)

The following 2-[5-chloro-2-(subst.phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-N-methyl-benzene-sulfonamides are prepared from 2-(5-chloro-2-chloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide and the corresponding aniline following the procedure of Example A

ExplNo.	Rx	Rf (solvent)	NMR (400MHz), δ (ppm)
		or MS	
			CDCl ₃ : 2.63(d, 3H), 3.14(t, 4H), 3.87-3.90(m,7H),
20-1	0	0.50	4.64(m,1H), 6.45(dd, 1H), 6.55(d, 1H), 7.23-7.26(m,
		(AcOEt)	1H), 7.51-7.55(m, 1H), 7.91(d, 1H), 7.95(dd, 1H),
	N		8.06(s, 1H), 8.47(d, 1H), 9.26(s, 1H)

			DMSO-d6: 2.06 (s, 3H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 3.10 (m, 2H),
20-2			3.16 (m, 2H), 3.59-3.62 (m, 4H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 6.49
		m/z 546,	(dd, 1H), 6.68 (d, 1H), 7.21-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.42 (d, 1H),
!	Ň	548 (M+1)	7.49 (dd, 1H), 7.75-7.77 (m, 1H), 7.78(s, 1H), 8.16(s,
	N		1H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 8.50(d, 1H), 9.35 (s, 1H)
	Ac		·
20-3		0.27	CDCl ₃ : 2.65(d, 3H), 4.45-4.49(m, 1H), 6.99-7.04(m,
	O F	( <i>n</i> -hexane:	1H), 7.17-7.28(m, 4H), 7.56-7.60(m, 1H), 7.96-
	Ė	AcOEt=3:1)	7.98(m, 1H), 8.18(s, 1H), 8.31-8.34(m, 1H), 8.41-
			8.44(m, 1H), 9.14(s, 1H)
20-4		0.27	CDCl ₃ : 2.65(d, 3H), 4.54-4.58(m, 1H), 6.53(dd, 1H),
	O F H	( <i>n</i> -hexane:	6.98-7.02(m, 1H), 7.11-7.15(m, 2H), 7.24-7.28(m,
	Ė	AcOEt=3:1)	1H), 7.35(bs, 1H), 7.57-7.61(m, 1H), 7.95-7.98(m,
			1H), 8.16(s, 1H), 8.29-8.32(m, 1H), 8.42-8.46(m, 1H),
			9.14(s, 1H)
20-5		0.46	CDCl ₃ : 1.95-2.00(m, 5H), 2.29-2.37(m, 1H), 2.62(d,
	° -	(MeOH:	3H), 3.20-3.78(m, 4H), 3.86(s, 3H), 4.60-4.64(m, 2H),
		CH ₂ Cl ₂ =1:4)	5.68-5.69(m, 1H), 6.09-6.16(m, 2H), 7.15(bs, 1H),
	<u> </u>		7.19-7.23(m, 1H), 7.54-7.58(m, 1H), 7.88-7.95(m,
			2H), 8.06(s, 1H), 8.55-8.57(m, 1H), 9.08(s, 1H)
	H		
20-6	<u> </u>		DMSO-d6: 2.23(s, 3H), 2.43(s, 3H), 2.45-2.50(m, 4H),
		518	3.12-3.17(m, 4H), 3.76(s, 3H), 6.45(dd,1H), 6.63(d,
		[M+1]+	1H), 7.22(dd, 1H), 7.37(d, 1H), 7.45-7.50(m, 1H),
	Ň		7.74-7.78(m, 1H), 7.76(d, 1H), 8.15(s, 1H), 8.19(s,
	$\setminus_{N}$		1H), 8.46-8.53(m, 1H), 9.35(bs, 1H)
20-7			DMSO-d6: 2.43(s, 3H), 2.80-2.89(m, 4H), 2.99-
		504	3.07(m, 4H), 3.76(s, 3H), 6.44(dd,1H), 6.61(d, 1H),
		[M+1]+	7.18-7.24(m, 1H), 7.37(d, 1H), 7.44-7.50(m, 1H),
	, i		7.76(dd, 1H), 8.15(s, 1H), 8.18(s, 1H), 8.45-8.55(m,
			1H), 9.20-9.45(m, 1H)
	H		

00.0		T'	DMOQ 10: 4.05 4.40/ OUD 4.45 4.04/- OUD 4.75
20-8	0		DMSO-d6: 1.35-1.43(m, 2H), 1.45-1.61(m, 6H), 1.75-
		586	1.85(m,2H), 2.30-2.40(m, 1H), 2.43(d, 3H), 2.42-
		[M+1]+	2.55(m, 4H), 2.60-2.70(m, 2H), 3.68-3.77(m, 2H),
	$\backslash$		3.75(s, 3H), 6.45(dd, 1H), 6.62(d, 1H), 7.21(dd, 1H),
			7.36(d, 1H), 7.43-7.51(m, 1H), 7.73-7.81(m, 1H),
	N.		7.75(dd, 1H), 8.15(s, 1H), 8.17(s, 1H), 8.45-8.52(m,
			1H), 9.34(bs, 1H)
20-9	1		DMSO-d6: 1.85-1.95(m, 2H), 2.15(s, 3H), 2.18(t, 2H),
		569	2.22-2.40(m, 8H), 2.43(s, 3H), 4.17(t, 2H), 6.65(d,
	N N	[M+1]+	1H), 7.06(dd, 1H), 7.20(d, 1H), 7.22(ddd, 1H), 7.25(d,
		[	1H), 7.39-7.47(m, 2H), 7.72-7.82(m, 1H), 7.77(dd,
			1H), 8.26(s, 1H), 8.52(d, 1H), 9.22(s, 1H), 9.36(s, 1H)
	N		
	1		
:			DMSO-d6: 1.85-1.95(m, 2H), 2.19(t, 2H), 2.25-
20-10		556	2.35(m, 4H), 2.43(s, 3H), 3.55-3.60(m, 4H), 4.19(t,
	N,	[M+1]+	2H), 6.66(d, 1H), 7.06(dd, 1H), 7.17-7.24(m, 1H),
			7.21(d, 1H), 7.27(d, 1H), 7.39-7.45(m, 1H), 7.44(d,
			1H), 7.70-7.80(m, 1H), 7.76(dd, 1H), 8.26(s, 1H),
			8.52(d, 1H), 9.21(s, 1H), 9.36(s, 1H)
	$\backslash$		0.02(0, 117), 0.21(0, 117), 0.00(0, 117)
	`0		
			DMSO-d6: 2.64 (d, 3H), 2.87-2.96 (m, 4H), 3.65-3.74
20-11	0	Rf	(m, 4H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 4.41-4.51 (m, 1H), 6.50 (dd,
	N	(Hexane :	1H), 6.81 (d, 1H), 7.55-7.64 (m, 2H), 7.96 (d, 1H),
		AcOEt=1:1)	8.01 (s, 1H), 8.19 (s, 1H), 8.49 (d, 1H), 9.07 (s, 1H).
	<b>~</b>	0.29	
	1		DMSO-d6: 2.64 (d, 3H), 3.05 (bs, 4H), 3.59 (bs, 3H),
20-12		Me	
20-12		MS	3.87(bs, 3H), 3.89 (bs, 4H), 4.52-4.48 (m, 1H),
		535	6.57(bs, 1H), 7.25-7.20(m, 1H), 7.44-7.32 (m, 1H),
	_ N_		7.63-7.52 (m, 1H), 7.94(bs, 1H), 8.06 (d, 1H), 8.25(s,
			1H), 8.48(d, 1H), 9.06(bs, 1H)
	`0'		
L			Language and the second

	I	I	D100 10 0 47 ( 010 0 00 ( 010 0 00 ( 010 0 00 ( 010 0 0 0
			DMSO-d6: 2.17 (bs, 3H), 2.63 (d, 3H), 2.68 (bs, 4H),
20-13		MS	3.10(bs, 4H), 3.57 (s, 3H), 4.54-4.46 (m, 1H),
	_0	548	6.59(bs, 1H), 7.27-7.18(m, 1H), 7.37 (bs, 1H), 7.62-
	N		7.55 (m, 1H), 7.94(bs, 1H), 7.95 (d, 1H), 8.16(s, 1H),
			8.48(d, 1H), 9.04(bs, 1H)
	N		
			DMSO-d6: 1.06 (t, 3H), 1.86 (dd, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H),
20-14		MS	2.62-2.59 (m, 4H), 2.64(d, 3H), 4.00-3.97 (m, 4H),
		546	4.62-4.54 (m, 1H), 6.44 (dd, 1H), 6.54(d, 1H), 7.27-
	Ň		7.22(m, 1H), 7.34(bs, 1H), 7.58-7.54(m, 1H), 7.95(dd,
	N		1H), 8.02(d, 1H), 8.11(s, 1H), 8.53(d, 1H), 9.07(bs,
			1H)
	l		DMSO-d6: 1.46-1.62 (m, 2H), 1.72-1.79 (m, 1H),
20-15	, o	LC-MS	1.82-1.90 (m, 1H), 2.38-2.46 (m, 1H), 2.43 (s, 3H),
		545	2.62-2.76 (m, 2H), 3.59-3.69 (m, 2H), 3.43 (s, 3H),
	/N'		6.47 (dd, 1H), 6.63 (d, 1H), 6.82-6.89 (br, 1H), 7.21
	NH ₂		(dd, 1H), 7.32-7.41 (m, 2H), 7.44-7.52 (m, 1H), 7.71-
	Ö		7.82 (m, 2H), 8.15 (s, 1H), 8.15-8.20 (br, 1H), 8.44-
			8.53 (m, 1H), 9.28-9.38 (m, 1H)
			DMSO-d6: 1.47-1.55 (m, 2H), 1.80-1.91 (m, 2H), 2.16
20-16	0	0.24	(s, 3H), 2.25-2.41 (m, 5H), 2.42-2.48 (m, 3H), 2.61-
20-10			
	(N)	(CH2Cl2:M	2.73 (m, 2H), 3.68-3.79 (m, 5H), 6.45 (dd, 1H), 6.62
	N.	eOH=8:2)	(d, 1H), 7.21 (dd, 1H), 7.34 (d, 1H), 7.45-7.49 (m,
	N		1H), 7.73-7.80 (m, 2H), 8.15 (s, 1H), 8.20 (s, 1H),
	T		8.45-8.54 (m, 1H), 9.34 (s, 1H)
			DMSO-d6: 1.76-1.84 (m, 1H), 2.08-2.16 (m, 1H), 2.33
20-17	<b>^o</b> \	LC-MS	(s, 3H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 3.00-3.03 (m, 1H), 3.23-3.27 (m,
		518	3H), 3.42-3.46 (m, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 6.06 (dd, 1H),
	$\langle ^{N} \rangle$		6.18- 6.20 (m, 1H), 7.17-7.23 (m, 1H), 7.38-7.48 (br,
	N—		1H), 7.72-7.77 (m, 1H), 8.12 (s, 1H), 8.17-8.21 (br,
	H		1H), 8.46-8.58 (br, 1H), 9.30-9.40 (br, 1H)
L		<u> </u>	

	, o.		DMSO-d6: 1.36-1.49 (m, 2H), 1.69-1.76 (m, 2H), 2.13
20-18	N N	LC-MS	(s, 3H), 2.15-2.23 (m, 1H), 2.24-2.36 (br, 4H), 2.39-
	N N	601	2.48 (m, 5H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 3.27-3.40 (m, 2H), 3.74 (s,
	_N		3H), 6.62 (dd, 1H), 6.90 (d, 1H), 7.22-7.26 (m, 1H),
			7.41-7.46 (m, 1H), 7.49-7.53 (m, 1H), 7.55-7.86 (br,
			1H), 7.77 (dd, 1H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 8.25 (s, 1H), 8.42 (d,
			1H), 9.28 (s, 1H)
	_		DMSO-d6: 1.37-1.46 (m, 2H), 1.69-1.75 (m, 2H), 2.43
20-19	0	LC-MS	(s, 3H), 2.53-2.61 (m, 2H), 3.18-3.26 (m, 2H), 3.40-
	N	519	3.74 (m, 2H), 4.62 (d, 1H), 6.62 (dd, 1H), 6.90 (d, 1H),
	HO		7.22-7.26 (m, 1H), 7.42-7.46 (br, 1H), 7.48-7.55 (m,
			1H), 7.77-7.80 (m, 2H), 8.13-8.18 (br, 1H), 8.25 (s,
			1H), 8.40-8.45 (m, 1H), 9.25-9.30 (m, 1H)
		10.111.111.111.111.111.111.111.111.111.	DMSO-d6: 1.66-1.76 (m, 1H), 2.00-2.07 (m, 1H), 2.14
20-20	0	LC-MS	(s, 6H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 2.68-2.76 (m, 1H), 2.87-2.91 (m,
	○N^	532	1H), 2.99-3.10 (m, 2H), 3.24-3.28 (m, 1H), 3.71 (s,
	-N		3H), 6.25 (dd, 1H), 6.90 (d, 1H), 7.00-7.03 (m, 1H),
	·		7.21-7.24 (m, 1H), 7.40-7.45 (m, 1H), 7.78-7.83 (m,
			2H), 8.19 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 8.46 (d, 1H), 9.27-9.36
			(br, 1H)
20-21			DMSO-d6: 2.37-2.47 (m, 4H), 2.48-2.53 (m, 3H), 2.64
		Ms : 549	(t, 2H), 3.57 (t, 3H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.92 (t, 2H), 6.61(dd,
	و المال		1H), 6.93 (d, 1H), 7.28 (dd, 1H), 7.56-7.63 (m, 2H),
			7.75-7.85 (m, 2H), 7.74-7.84 (m, 2H), 8.14 (s, 1H),
	Ň		8.29 (s, 1H) 8.46 (d, 1H), 9.33(s, 1H)
	0		
			DMSO-d6: 2.20 (s, 3H), 2.3-2.5 (m, 11H), 2.64 (t, 2H),
20-22		Ms:562	3.77 (s, 3H), 3.91 (t, 2H), 6.61(dd, 1H), 6.94 (d, 1H),
	_		7.25-7.31(m, 1H), 7.57 (d, 1H), 7.58-7.64 (m, 1H),
	, in		7.74-7.84 (m, 2H), 8.12 (brs, 1H), 8.28 (s, 1H) 8.46 (d,
	N N		1H), 9.33(brs, 1H)

			<del>-</del> 78 -
,			DMSO-d6: 2.42-2.45 (m, 3H), 3.83 (s, 2H), 6.8 (ddd,
20-23	° \	Ms:438	1H), 7.02 (dd, 1H), 7.3-7.36 (m, 1H), 7.58-7.64 (m,
	F		1H), 7.74-7.8 (m, 1H), 7.82 (dd, 1H), 7.85 (dd, 1H),
			8.18 (brs, 1H), 8.31 (s, 1H), 8.41 (d, 1H), 9.3 (brs, 1H)
			DMSO-d6: 2.41-2.45 (m, 3H), 3.79 (s, 2H), 6.74 (ddd,
20-24	~~~	Ms:438	1H), 7.0 (dd, 1H), 7.22-7.28 (m, 1H), 7.49-7.55 (m,
			1H), 7.6 (dd, 1H), 7.75-7.8 (m, 2H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 8.37
	F		(brs, 1H), 8.39-8.45 (m, 1H), 9.34 (brs, 1H)
	l .		DMSO-d6: 1.24-1.38 (m, 2H), 1.64-1.8 (m, 3H), 1.83-
20-25		Ms:547	1.92 (m, 2H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 2.41-2.45(m, 3H), 2.76-
	Ŷ		2.83 (m, 2H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.84 (d, 2H), 6.48 (dd, 1H),
			6.64 (d, 1H), 7.2-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.41 (d, 1H), 7.43-7.5
	<b>\</b>		(m, 1H), 7.74-7.8 (m, 2H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 8.26 (brs, 1H)
			8.44-8.5 (m, 1H), 9.34 (brs, 1H)
	<u> </u>		DMSO-d6: 1.18-1.3 (m, 2H), 1.56-1.7 (m, 3H), 1.8-
20-26		Ms:547	1.88 (m, 2H), 2.15 (s, 3H), 2.41-2.45(m, 3H), 2.73-2.8
			(m, 2H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.65 (d, 2H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 6.57
			(dd, 1H), 6.93 (d, 1H), 7.25 (dd, 1H), 7.51-7.6 (m, 2H),
			7.7-7.9 (m, 2H), 8.09 (brs, 1H), 8.28 (s, 1H), 8.45 (d,
			1H), 9.31 (brs, 1H)
	Ó		DMSO-d6: 1.62-1.72 (m, 2H), 1.9-1.99 (m, 2H), 2.3-
20-27		Ms:533	2.35 (m, 5H), 2.41-2.45(m, 3H), 2.64-2.74 (m, 2H),
	Ĭ		3.75 (s, 3H), 4.35-4.43 (m, 1H), 6.52 (dd, 1H), 6.65 (d,
			1H), 7.19-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.41 (d, 1H), 7.43-7.49 (m,
	N N		1H), 7.74-7.8 (m, 2H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 8.27 (brs, 1H),
	•		8.42-8.5 (m, 1H), 9.34 (brs, 1H)
	0		DMSO-d6: 0.96-1.2 (m, 2H), 1.75-1.9 (m, 1H), 2.2-2.3
20-28		Ms:547	(m, 1H), 2.35-2.45 (m, 1H), 2.41-2.45(m, 2H), 2.43(d,
	ļ		3H), 2.6-3.0 (m, 3H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 4.85-5.0 (m, 1H),
	\ \(\int_{\mathbb{N}}\)		6.43-6.49 (m, 1H), 6.57-6.64 (m, 1H), 7.18-7.25 (m,
	<b>—</b>		1H), 7.39-7.52 (m, 2H), 7.73-7.83 (m, 2H), 8.17 (s,
			1H), 8.27 (brs, 1H), 8.44-8.51 (m, 1H), 9.35 (brs, 1H)

,

I			DMOO 40: 4.74.4.00 ( 411) 0.00 0.04 ( 411) 0.00
			DMSO-d6: 1.74-1.83 (m, 1H), 2.23-2.31 (m, 1H), 2.28
20-29		Ms:519	(s, 3H), 2.35-2.4 (m, 1H), 2.41-2.45(m, 3H), 2.58-2.63
	<b>b</b>		(m, 1H), 2.63-2.7 (m, 1H), 2.78-2.83 (m, 1H), 3.75 (s,
	<b>○</b> N		3H), 4.86-4.92 (m, 1H), 6.43 (dd, 1H), 6.58 (d, 1H),
			7.19-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.41 (d, 1H), 7.44-7.51 (m, 1H),
			7.73-7.83 (m, 2H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 8.26 (brs, 1H), 8.43-
			8.52 (m, 1H), 9.34 (brs, 1H)
			DMSO-d6: 1.04 (t, 3H), 1.74-1.82 (m, 1H), 2.23-2.33
20-30		Ms : 533	(m, 1H), 2.47-2.5(m, 6H), 2.62-2.72 (m, 2H), 2.8-2.87
			(m, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 4.86-4.92 (m, 1H), 6.44 (dd,
	$\rightarrow$		1H), 6.59 (d, 1H), 7.19-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.41 (d, 1H),
	_n <u>`</u>		7.44-7.51 (m, 1H), 7.73-7.8 (m, 2H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 8.26
			(brs, 1H), 8.44-8.51 (m, 1H), 9.34 (brs, 1H)
			DMSO-d6: 2.23(s, 3H), 2.38-2.47 (m, 7H), 2.87-2.93
20-31	~ \	Ms : 518	(m, 4H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 6.63 (dd, 1H), 6.93 (d, 1H),
	N T		7.22-7.28 (m, 1H), 7.42 (d, 1H), 7.48-7.54 (m, 1H),
	_ N		7.76-7.84 (m, 1H), 8.2 (s, 1H), 8.25(s, 1H), 8.43 (dd,
			1H) 9.29 (s, 1H)
			DMSO-d6: 1.35-1.55 (m, 8H), 1.66-1.75 (m, 2H),
20-32		Ms : 586	2.23(s, 3H), 2.41-2.45 (m, 3H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 6.63 (dd,
			1H), 6.91 (d, 1H), 7.21-7.28 (m, 1H), 7.44 (d, 1H),
			7.48-7.54 (m, 1H), 7.76-7.87 (m, 1H), 8.16 (s, 1H),
ĺ .			8.25 (s, 1H), 8.43 (dd, 1H) 9.29 (s, 1H)
			DMSO-d6: 1.62-1.71 (m, 1H), 1.95-2.04 (m, 1H),
20-33	~ \\	Ms : 518	2.23-2.27 (m, 3H), 2.39-2.43 (m, 3H), 2.93-3.1 (m,
			2H), 3.13-3.26 (m, 2H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 6.19 (dd, 1H),
			6.88 (d, 1H), 7.07-7.13 (m, 1H), 7.13-7.2 (m, 1H), 7.4-
			7.48 (m, 1H), 7.75 (dd, 1H), 8.06 (brs, 1H), 8.18 (s,
			1H), 8.4 (d, 1H)
	]		DMSO-d6: 2.02 (m, 1H), 2.42-2.46 (m, 3H), 2.71-2.91
20-34		Ms : 546	(m, 4H), 3.44-3.51 (m, 4H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 6.66 (dd,
		- · - · -	1H), 6.94 (d, 1H), 7.21-7.27 (m, 1H), 7.75-7.85 (m,
			2H), 8.19 (s, 1H), 8.26 (s, 1H), 8.41 (d, 1H), 9.28 (brs,
	U		1H).
			,

20-35		MS (ESI) 464 (M+H)	HPLC Retention time (min) 2.68
-------	--	-----------------------	--------------------------------

The following 2-[5-chloro-2-(subst.phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-N-sec-butyl-benzene-sulfonamides are prepared from 2-(5-chloro-2-chloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-N-sec-butyl-benzenesulfonamide and the corresponding aniline following the procedure of Example 7A

ExplNo.	Rx	Rf (solvent)	NMR (400MHz) , $\delta$ (ppm)
		or MS	
			CDCl ₃ : 0.62(t, 3H), 0.88(d, 3H), 1.22-1.29(m, 2H),
21-1		0.35	2.23(s,3H), 2.45-2.47(m, 4H), 3.05-3.14(m, 5H), 3.75
		( <i>n</i> -hexane:	(s, 3H), 6.40-6.43(m, 1H), 6.62(s, 1H), 7.18-7.22(m,
	Ň	AcOEt=1:1)	1H), 7.39-7.47(m, 2H), 7.80-7.82(m, 1H), 8.15-
	Ň		8.16(m, 2H), 8.44-8.46(m, 1H), 9.32(s, 1H)
21-2		0.30	DMSO-d6: 0.62(t, 3H), 0.87(d, 3H), 1.17-1.26(m, 2H),
	<u> </u>	( <i>n</i> -hexane:	3.03-3.10(m, 1H), 3.79(s, 3H), 6.66-6.71(m, 1H),
		AcOEt=3:1)	6.96-7.00(m, 1H), 7.21-7.25(m, 1H), 7.47-7.51(m,
	ļ ģ		1H), 7.60-7.64(m, 1H), 7.79-7.83(m, 2H), 8.21(s, 1H),
			8.31(s, 1H), 8.35-8.37(m, 1H), 9.29(s, 1H)

21-3		0.30	DMSO-d6: 0.61(t, 3H), 0.87(d, 3H), 1.21-1.29(m, 2H),
21.0	Ja.		
		( <i>n</i> -hexane:	1.58-1.67(m, 2H), 1.86-1.93(m, 2H), 2.14-2.20(m,
		AcOEt=1:1)	5H), 2.59-2.67(m, 2H), 3.06-3.08(m, 1H), 3.74(s, 3H),
	ò		4.32-4.36(m, 1H), 6.46-6.48(m, 1H), 6.63(d, 1H),
	N.		7.17-7.21(m, 1H), 7.40-7.50(m, 2H), 7.79-7.81(m,
			2H), 8.16(s, 1H), 8.21(bs, 1H), 8.35-8.42(m, 1H),
			9.29(s, 1H)
21-4	<u> </u>	-	DMSO-d6: 0.61(t, 3H), 0.87(d, 3H), 1.22-1.29(m, 2H),
		0.30	2.43-2.47(m, 2H), 2.61-2.63(m, 1H), 2.68-2.70(m,
		( <i>n</i> -hexane:	2H), 3.04-3.11(m, 1H), 3.56-3.60(m, 5H), 3.75(s, 3H),
	o	AcOEt=1:1)	3.93-3.96(m, 1H), 4.08-4.11(m, 2H), 6.45-6.47(m,
	Ņ		1H), 6.64(d, 1H), 7.18-7.22(m, 1H), 7.43-7.46(m, 2H),
			7.80-7.82(m, 2H), 8.17(s, 1H), 8.21(s, 1H), 8.42-
			8.44(m, 1H), 9.31(s, 1H)

The following 2-[5-chloro-2-(subst.phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-N-*iso*-butyl-benzene-sulfonamides are prepared from 2-(5-chloro-2-chloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-N-*sec*-butyl-benzenesulfonamide and the corresponding aniline following the procedure of Example 7A

ExplNo.	Rx	Rf (solvent)	NMR (400MHz) , $\delta$ (ppm)
:		or MS	
22-1		0.30	DMSO-d6: 0.69(d, 6H), 1.52-1.59(m, 1H), 2.57-
	°	( <i>n</i> -hexane:	2.58(m, 2H), 3.82(s, 3H), 6.75-6.80(m, 1H), 6.99-
	F. T.	AcOEt=3:1)	7.02(m, 1H), 7.29-7.33(m, 1H), 7.56-7.60(m, 1H),
			7.82-7.93(m, 3H), 8.14(bs, 1H), 8.31(s, 1H), 8.33(s,
			1H), 9.23(s, 1H)

22-2		0.30	CDCl ₃ : 0.74(d, 6H), 1.57-1.64(m, 1H), 2.72-
	· ·	( <i>n</i> -hexane:	2.76(m,2H), 3.88(s, 3H), 4.55-4.56(m, 1H), 6.52-6.57
		AcOEt=3:1)	(m, 1H), 6.62-6.65(m, 1H), 7.24-7.28(m, 2H), 7.36(bs,
	F		1H), 7.56-7.60(m, 1H), 7.95-8.08(m, 1H), 8.10-
	,		8.14(m, 2H), 8.36-8.39(m, 1H), 8.98(bs, 1H)
22-3	<u> </u>		DMSO-d6: 0.73(d, 6H), 1.55-1.62(m, 1H), 2.56-
	o c	0.54	2.59(m, 2H), 3.10-3.12(m, 4H), 3.74-3.76(m, 7H),
		(AcOEt)	6.43-6.46(m, 1H), 6.65(d, 1H), 7.20-7.24(m, 1H),
	Ń		7.40-7.48(m, 2H), 7.76-7.78(m, 1H), 7.90-7.95(m,
			1H), 8.16(s, 1H), 8.17(s, 1H), 8.43-8.45(m, 1H),
			9.32(s, 1H)

The following 2-[5-chloro-2-(subst.phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-N-(1-ethyl-propyl)-benzenesulfonamides are prepared from 2-(5-chloro-2-chloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-N-(1-ethyl-propyl)-benzenesulfonamide and the corresponding aniline following the procedure of Example 7A

ExplNo.	Rx	Rf (solvent)	NMR (400MHz) , δ (ppm)
		or MS	
23-1			DMSO-d6: 0.58(t, 6H), 1.14-1.34(m, 4H), 1.58-
		0.46	1.68(m, 2H), 1.87-1.96(m, 2H), 2.12-2.22(m, 2H),
		(MeOH:	2.18(s, 3H), 2.57-2.65(m, 2H), 2.86-2.96(m, 1H),
	°\	CH ₂ Cl ₂ =3:7)	3.75(s, 3H), 4.30-4.39(m, 1H), 6.46(dd, 1H), 6.63(d,
	, N		1H), 7.19(dd, 1H), 7.39-7.48(m, 2H), 7.75-7.84(m,
			2H), 8.18(s, 1H), 8.20 (s, 1H), 8.39(m, 1H), 9.33(bs,
			1H) .

I I			
	\ _o_ \		CDCl ₃ : 0.59(t, 6H), 1.14-1.34(m, 4H), 2.23(s,3H),
23-2		0.35	2.45-2.47(m, 4H), 2.90-2.95(m, 1H), 3.11-3.14(m,
		( <i>n-</i> hexane:	4H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 6.39-6.42(m, 1H), 6.62(s, 1H), 7.18-
	N	AcOEt=1:1)	7.22(m, 1H), 7.41-7.46(m, 2H), 7.76-7.82(m, 2H),
-	N		8.12(s, 1H), 8.16(s, 1H), 8.43-8.44(m, 1H), 9.35(s,
			1H)
23-3	_	,	DMSO-d6: 0.59(t, 6H), 1.16-1.35(m, 4H), 1.75-
	~ \\	0.41	1.89(m, 1H), 2.08-2.15(m, 1H), 2.32(s, 3H), 2.90-
		(MeOH:	3.02(m, 2H), 3.21-3.45(m, 4H), 3.73(s, 3H), 6.02(dd,
	(N)	CH ₂ Cl ₂ =1:4)	1H), 6.18(d, 1H), 7.16(dd, 1H), 7.27(d, 1H), 7.35-
	\		7.45(m, 1H), 7.77-7.82(m, 2H), 8.10 (s, 1H) 8.12 (s,
	H		1H), 8.45-8.55(m, 1H), 9.38(s, 1H)
23-4			DMSO-d6: 0.60(t, 6H), 1.04(t, 3H), 1.17-1.35(m, 4H),
	~ \\	0.41	1.76-1.83(m, 1H), 2.10-2.15(m, 1H), 2.56-2.64(m,
		(MeOH:	2H), 2.91-3.01(m, 2H), 3.21-3.47(m, 4H), 3.74(s, 3H),
	(N)	CH ₂ Cl ₂ =1:4)	6.02(dd, 1H), 6.18(d, 1H), 7.14-7.17(m, 1H), 7.28(d,
	N		1H), 7.35-7.45(m, 1H), 7.77-7.82(m, 2H), 8.11 (s, 1H)
	ri.		8.12 (s, 1H), 8.45-8.55(m, 1H), 9.38(s, 1H)
23-5		0.25	DMSO-d6: 0.58(t, 6H), 1.06-2.16(m, 11H), 2.16(s,
		( <i>n</i> -hexane:	3H), 2.62-2.67(m, 1H), 2.81-2.94(m, 2H), 3.75(s, 3H),
		AcOEt=1:1)	3.80-3.89(m, 2H), 6.41-6.44(m, 1H), 6.62(d, 1H),
			7.17-7.21(m, 1H), 7.42-7.47(m, 2H), 7.77-7.82(m,
			2H), 8.18(s, 1H), 8.19(s, 1H), 8.35 -8.42(m, 1H),
	Ň		9.35(s, 1H)
			DMSO-d6: 0.59 (t, 6H), 1.14-1.38 (m, 4H), 2.87-2.98
23-6	~~	Ms : 561	(m, 1H), 3.1 (t, 4H), 3.72-3.79 (m, 7H), 6.42 (dd, 1H),
			6.64 (d, 1H), 7.18-7.24 (m, 1H), 7.42-7.5 (m, 2H),
	N		7.77 (d, 1H), 7.81 (dd, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 8.17 (s, 1H),
			8.4-8.5 (m, 1H), 9.36 (s, 1H)
	`0'		

			DMSO-d6: 0.58 (t, 6H), 1.13-1.37 (m, 4H), 1.72-1.82
23-7	0	Ms : 575	(m, 1H), 2.21-2.31 (m, 4H), 2.32-2.4 (m, 1H), 2.54-
			2.61 (m, 1H), 2.62-2.68 (m, 1H), 2.75-2.82 (m, 1H),
	ļ ļ		2.87-2.97 (m, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 4.84-4.91 (m, 1H),
			6.37 (dd, 1H), 6.56 (d, 1H), 7.14-7.24 (m, 1H), 7.38-
	_\n\		7.52 (m, 2H), 7.72-7.86 (m, 1H), 8.12-8.25 (m, 2H),
			8.34-8.45 (m, 1H), 9.33 (brs, 1H)
			DMSO-d6: 0.58 (t, 6H), 1.14-1.36 (m, 4H), 2.43-2.53
23-8	° \	Ms : 605	(m, 4H), 2.69 (t, 2H), 2.89-2.95 (m, 1H), 3.59 (t, 4H),
			3.76 (s, 3H), 4.09 (t, 1H), 6.45 (dd, 1H), 6.64 (d, 1H),
	0		7.17-7.23 (m, 1H), 7.41-7.52 (m, 2H), 7.78 (d, 1H),
			7.81 (dd, 1H), 8.18 (s, 1H), 8.19 (s, 1H), 8.36-8.46 (m,
	N		1H), 9.35 (s, 1H)
	<u> </u>		
			DMSO-d6: 0.58 (t, 6H), 1.14-1.37 (m, 4H), 2.15 (s,
23-9	~ ^°	Ms:618	1H), 2.25-2.4 (m, 4H), 2.45-2.55 (m, 4H), 2.68 (t, 2H),
			2.88-2.97 (m, 1H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 4.07 (t, 1H), 6.44 (dd,
	6		1H), 6.64 (d, 1H), 7.15-7.23 (m, 1H), 7.41-7.51 (m,
			2H), 7.7-7.84 (m, 2H), 8.12-8.22 (m, 1H), 8.34-8.44
			(m, 1H), 9.34 (s, 1H)
	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		

The following 2-[5-chloro-2-(subst.phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-N-iso-butyl-benzene-sulfonamides are prepared from 2-(5-chloro-2-chloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-N-cyclobutyl-benzenesulfonamide and the corresponding aniline following the procedure of Example 7A

ExplNo.	Rx	Rf (solvent)	NMR (400MHz) , $\delta$ (ppm)
		or MS	
	,		

24-1	0.35 ( <i>n</i> -hexane: AcOEt=1:1)	DMSO-d6: 1.37-1.48(m, 2H), 1.69-1.91(m, 4H), 3.09-3.12(m, 4H), 3.63-3.74(m, 1H), 3.76(s, 3H), 6.43-6.45(m, 1H), 6.63(d, 1H), 7.18-7.22(m, 1H), 7.41-7.47(m, 2H), 7.76-7.78(m, 1H), 8.17-8.24(m, 3H), 8.46(d, 1H), 9.33(s, 1H)
24-2	0.46 (MeOH: CH ₂ Cl ₂ =3:7)	DMSO-d6: 1.37-1.93(m, 10H), 2.18(s, 3H), 2.59-2.62(m, 1H), 3.60-3.74(m, 1H), 3.77(s, 3H), 4.32-4.36(m, 1H), 6.46-6.49(m, 1H), 6.62(d, 1H), 7.16-7.20(m, 1H), 7.41-7.44(m, 2H), 7.75-7.77(m, 1H), 8.16(s, 1H), 8.22 (bs, 1H), 8.40-8.42(m, 1H), 9.30(bs, 1H)
24-3	0.46 (MeOH: CH ₂ Cl ₂ =1:4)	CDCl ₃ : 1.45-1.75(m, 5H), 1.94-2.06(m, 6H), 2.29-2.37(m, 1H), 3.21-3.56(m, 4H), 3.72-3.81(m, 1H), 3.86(s, 3H), 4.55-4.65(m, 1H), 4.90(d, 1H), 5.72(d, 1H), 6.07(bs, 1H), 6.15(bs, 1H), 7.18-7.22(m, 2H), 7.52-7.56(m, 1H), 7.89-7.94(m, 2H), 8.08(s, 1H), 8.50(d, 1H), 9.00(s, 1H)

Expl	Rx	Ms	NMR (400MHz), δ (ppm)
No.			
			DMSO-d6: 1.2-1.38 (m, 4H), 1.4-1.65 (m, 4H), 3.11
25-1		Ms : 559	(t, 4H), 3.42-3.5 (m, 1H), 3.7-3.8 (m, 7H), 6.44 (dd,
			1H), 6.64 (d, 1H), 7.18-7.26 (m, 1H), 7.38-7.5 (m, 2H),
	, vi		7.81 (d, 1H), 7.88-7.96 (m, 1H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 8.17 (s,
			1H), 8.4-8.5 (m, 1H), 9.34 (s, 1H)

25-2	\\°\	Ms : 587	DMSO-d6: 1.2-1.38 (m, 4H), 1.42-1.6 (m, 6H), 1.88- 1.98 (m, 2H), 2.1-2.25 (m, 5H), 2.55-2.65 (m, 2H), 3.4-3.5 (m, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 4.3-4.4 (m, 1H), 6.48
			(dd, 1H), 6.63 (d, 1H), 7.18-7.24 (m, 1H), 7.38-7.47 (m, 1H), 7.77-7.82 (m, 1H), 7.88-7.96 (m, 1H), 8.17 (s, 1H), 8.22 (s, 1H), 8.36-8.46 (m, 1H), 9.31 (s, 1H)

The following 5-Chloro-N²-(substituted phenyl)-N⁴-[2-(propane-1-sulfonyl)-phenyl]-pyrimidine-2,4-diamine are prepared from (2,5-Dichloro-pyrimidin-4-yl)-[2-(propane-1-sulfonyl)-phenyl]-amine and the corresponding aniline following the procedure of Example 7A

ExplN	Rx	Rf (solvent)	NMR (400MHz) , δ (ppm)
0.		, MS or Mp	
26-1		0.58	CDCl ₃ : 0.97(t,3H), 1.72-1.82(m, 2H), 3.08-3.14(m, 6H), 3.87-3.89(m, 7H), 6.46(dd, 1H), 6.53(d,1H), 7.24-
		(AcOEt)	7.28(m,1H), 7.30(s, 1H), 7.60-7.64(m, 1H), 7.94(dd,
			1H), 8.05(d, 1H), 8.15(s, 1H), 8.59(d, 1H), 9.40(s, 1H)
			CDCI ₃ : 0.98(t, 3H), 1.85-1.68(m, 2H), 2.15(s, 3H),
26-2		0.57	3.16-3.07(m, 6H), 3.67-3.62(m, 2H), 3.81-3.78(m,
		(MeOH:	2H), 3.89(s, 3H), 6.47(d, 1H), 6.55(d, 1H), 7.36-
	Ň	AcOEt=1:4)	7.33(m, 1H), 7.62 (dd, 1H), 7.95(dd, 1H), 8.08(d, 1H),
	N AG		8.15(s, 1H),8.58(d, 1H), 9.41(s, 1H)

	1		
			CDCl ₃ : 0.97(t, 3H), 1.43-1.52(m, 2H), 1.52-1.67 (m,
26-3		0.13	4H), 1.69-1.72(m, 4H), 1.90-1.98(m, 2H), 2.34-
		(MeOH:	2.46(m, 1H), 2.51-2.59(m, 4H), 2.64-2.74(m, 2H),
	(N)	AcOEt=1:4)	3.11(dd, 2H), 3.64-3.73(m, 2H), 3.87(s, 3H), 6.47(dd,
			1H), 6.56 (d, 1H), 7.24-7.33(m, 1H), 7.62(dd, 1H),
	N		7.94(dd, 1H), 8.00(d, 1H), 8.14(s, 1H), 8.59(d, 1H),
			9.39(bs, 1H).
			CDCl ₃ : 0.97(t, 3H), 1.45(d, 1H), 1.68-1.82(m, 4H), 2.0-
26-4	o ·	0.22	2.1(m, 2H), 2.91(ddd, 2H),3.10(ddd, 2H), 3.46-3.51
		(AcOEt)	(m, 2H), 3.84-3.92(m, 1H), 3.88 (s, 1H), 6.48(dd, 1H),
	N		6.57(d, 1H), 7.23-7.32 (m, 1H), 7.62(dd, 1H),
			7.94(dd,1H), 8.02 (dd, 1H), 8.14(s, 1H), 8.59(d, 1H),
	он		9.39(bs, 1H)
			CDCl ₃ : 0.97(t, 3H) ,1.71-1.82(m, 2H), 1.86-1.98(m,
26-5		0.1	2H), 2.01-2.08(m, 2H), 2.25-2.37(m, 1H), 2.75 (ddd,
		(AcOEt)	2H), 3.10(ddd, 2H), 3.63-3.66(m, 2H), 3.88(s, 3H),
	(N)		5.25-5.40(m, 1H), 5.40-5.58 (m, 1H), 6.48(dd, 1H),
			6.57(d, 1H), 7.22-7.34 (m, 1H), 7.62(ddd, 1H), 7.93
	O NH3		(d, 1H), 7.94 (dd, 1H), 8.02 (d, 1H), 8.14(s, 1H),
	•		8.59(d, 1H), 9.40(m, 1H)
			CDCl ₃ : 0.97 (t, 3H), 1.77 (ddd, 2H), 2.00-1.85 (m, 4H),
26-6		MS	2.27-2.18(m, 1H), 2.72(ddd, 2H) 3.12-3.08 (m, 2H),
		587	3.69-3.61(m, 2H), 3.58-3.46(m, 1H), 3.64 (t, 2H),
	, N.		3.80(t, 2H), 3.88(s,3H), 5.56-5.46 (m, 1H), 6.47(dd,
			1H), 6.55(d, 1H), 7.32-7.23 (m, 1H), 7.30(bs, 1H),
			7.64-7.60(m, 1H), 7.94(dd, 1H), 8.02(d, 1H), 8.14(s,
	N O		1H), 8.59(d, 1H), 9.40(s, 1H)
	Н		CDCL 0 00 (4 21) 4 46/ha CLIV 4 90 4 70 (72 01)
00 -		140	CDCl ₃ : 0.98 (t, 3H), 1.46(bs, 6H) 1.82-1.73 (m, 2H),
26-7		MS 507	2.17(s, 3H), 3.58-3.46(m, 1H), 2.95-2.84 (m, 2H),
		587	3.12-3.08 (m, 2H), 3.90(s,3H), 6.48(dd, 1H), 6.52(d,
	, N		1H), 7.30-7.22 (m, 1H), 7.31(bs, 1H), 7.66-7.60(m,
			1H), 7.95(dd, 1H), 8.06(d, 1H), 8.15(s, 1H), 8.59(d,
	Ac		1H), 9.43(s, 1H)
		l	

<del></del>			
26-8		MS 573	CDCl ₃ : 0.97 (t, 3H), 1.19(t, 3H), 1.77 (ddd, 2H), 2.41(m, 2H), 3.18-3.09(m, 6H), 3.68-3.64 (m, 2H), 3.85-3.78 (m, 2H), 3.89(s,3H), 6.47(dd, 1H), 6.55(d, 1H), 7.29-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.34(bs, 1H), 7.64-7.60(m, 1H), 7.95(dd, 1H), 8.07(d, 1H), 8.15(s, 1H), 8.58(d, 1H), 9.41(s, 1H)
26-9		MS 587	CDCl ₃ : 0.97 (t, 3H), 1.17(d, 3H) 1.76 (ddd, 2H), 2.88-2.81(m, 2H), 3.18-3.05(m, 6H), 3.74-3.67 (m, 2H), 3.86-3.78 (m, 2H), 3.89(s,3H), 6.47(dd, 1H), 6.55(d, 1H), 7.29-7.20(m, 1H), 7.34(bs, 1H), 7.64-7.60(m, 1H), 7.95(dd, 1H), 8.07(d, 1H), 8.15(s, 1H), 8.58(d, 1H), 9.41(s, 1H)
26-10	O NH	MS 517	CDCl ₃ : 0.97 (t, 3H), 1.76 (ddd, 2H), 2.86(d, 3H), 3.14-3.08(m, 2H), 3.13(t, 4H), 3.55 (t, 4H), 3.89(s,3H), 4.48-4.39 (m, 1H), 6.46(dd, 1H), 6.55(d, 1H), 7.29-7.21(m, 1H), 7.34(bs, 1H), 7.64-7.60(m, 1H), 7.95(dd, 1H), 8.06(d, 1H), 8.15(s, 1H), 8.58(d, 1H), 9.41(s, 1H)
26-11	N Ac	MS 587	CDCl ₃ : 0.98 (t, 3H), 1.51 (s, 6H), 1.82-1.72 (m, 1H), 2.13 (s, 3H), 3.12-3.08 (m, 2H), 3.26(s, 2H), 3.44 (t, 2H), 3.74(t, 2H), 3.88(s,3H), 5.56-5.46 (m, 1H), 6.45(dd, 1H), 6.51(d, 1H), 7.00(bs, 1H), 7.62-7.58 (m, 1H), 7.64-7.60(m, 1H), 7.93(d, 1H), 7.96(dd, 1H), 8.13(s, 1H), 8.62(d, 1H), 9.42(s, 1H)

			CDCI ₃ : 0.98 (t, 3H), 1.81-1.71 (m, 3H), 1.95-1.84 (m,
26-12		MS	3H), 2.68-2.63(m, 1H), 3.12-3.08 (m, 4H), 3.28(d, 2H),
		559	3.89(s,3H), 5.45-5.38 (m, 1H), 6.53(dd, 1H), 6.59(d,
	N		1H), 6.71-6.62 (m, 1H), 7.28-7.21 (m, 1H), 7.35(bs,
			1H), 7.65-7.61(m, 1H), 7.95(dd, 1H), 8.08(d, 1H),
			8.15(s, 1H), 8.58(d, 1H), 9.41(s, 1H)
	NH ₂		
			CDCl ₃ : 0.98 (t, 3H), 1.81-1.71 (m, 3H), 1.95-1.84 (m,
26-13		MS	3H), 2.68-2.63(m, 1H), 3.12-3.08 (m, 4H), 3.28(d, 2H),
,		559	3.89(s,3H), 5.45-5.38 (m, 1H), 6.53(dd, 1H), 6.59(d,
	N		1H), 6.71-6.62 (m, 1H), 7.28-7.21 (m, 1H), 7.35(bs,
			1H), 7.65-7.61(m, 1H), 7.95(dd, 1H), 8.08(d, 1H),
	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		8.15(s, 1H), 8.58(d, 1H), 9.41(s, 1H)
	$\dot{NH}_2$		
			CDCl ₃ : 0.98 (t, 3H), 1.85-1.74 (m, 3H), 2.00-1.86 (m,
26-14		MS	3H), 2.70-2.51(m, 1H), 3.13-3.08 (m, 4H), 3.29-3.27
		559	(m, 2H), 3.89(s,3H), 5.46-5.37 (m, 1H), 6.53(dd, 1H),
	N		6.59(d, 1H), 6.69-6.56 (m, 1H), 7.29-7.19 (m, 1H),
			7.34(bs, 1H), 7.65-7.61(m, 1H), 7.95(dd, 1H), 8.08(d,
			1H), 8.15(s, 1H), 8.58(d, 1H), 9.41(s, 1H)
	NH ₂		
			CDCl ₃ : 0.99(t, 3H), 1.79-1.72 (m, 2H), 2.92 (t, 2H),
26-15		MS	2.98(t, 2H), 3.16-3.12 (m, 2H), 3.53(t, 2H), 3.67(t, 2H),
	N N	559	3.87(s,3H), 6.54(dd, 1H), 6.82 (d, 1H), 7.29-7.19 (m,
	Ac N		1H), 7.56(bs, 1H), 7.67-7.62(m, 1H), 7.96(dd, 1H),
	Αυ .		8.07(d, 1H), 8.21(s, 1H), 8.59(dd, 1H), 9.46(s, 1H)
			CDCl ₃ : 0.98 (t, 3H), 1.81-1.72 (m, 2H), 2.49 (t, 4H),
26-16		MS	2.66 (t, 2H), 3.12-3.08(m, 2H), 3.18 (t, 2H), 3.74(t,
		561	4H), 3.86(s,3H), 6.53(dd, 1H), 6.20(dd, 1H), 6.26 (d,
	NH		1H), 7.13(bs, 1H), 7.25-7.21 (m, 1H), 7.62-7.57(m,
			1H), 7.87(dd, 1H), 7.93(dd, 1H), 8.12(s, 1H), 8.62(d,
			1H), 9.40(s, 1H)
	$\langle N \rangle$		
	6		
L			

		1	
00.17			CDCl ₃ : 0.98 (t, 3H), 1.78-1.73 (m, 2H), 2.49 (t, 4H),
26-17		MS	2.66 (t, 2H), 2.94-2.92 (m, 4H), 3.15-3.11(m, 2H),
	N N	518	3.76-3.73(m, 4H), 3.88(s,3H), 6.52(dd, 1H), 6.82(d,
			1H), 7.28-7.24 (m, 1H), 7.57(bs, 1H), 7.25-7.21 (m,
			1H), 7.68-7.63(m, 1H), 7.95(dd, 1H), 8.02(d, 1H),
			8.20(s, 1H), 8.56(d, 1H), 9.41(s, 1H)
			CDCl ₃ : 0.97 (t, 3H), 1.81-1.72 (m, 2H), 2.08-2.00 (m,
26-18	0	MS	2H), 2.49 (t, 4H), 2.66 (t, 2H), 2.40 (t, 2H), 3.59 (t,
		559	2H), 3.69(t, 2H), 3.87(s,3H), 6.41 (dd, 1H), 6.51(d,
	<		1H), 7.29-7.25 (m, 2H), 7.65-7.60(m, 1H), 7.95(dd,
			1H), 8.05(d, 1H), 8.15(s, 1H), 8.56(d, 1H), 9.41(s, 1H)
	N-FO		
			•
	1		CDCl ₃ : 0.98 (t, 3H), 1.82-1.73 (m, 2H), 2.14 (s, 3H),
26-19		MS	3.12-3.08 (m, 2H), 3.55-3.45(m, 2H), 3.66-3.56 (m,
20-10		587	·
		507	4H), 3.79-3.68 (m, 2H), 3.95(s,3H), 6.95(dd, 1H), 7.03
	0=\ N-\		(d, 1H), 7.32-7.28(m, 1H), 7.69-7.64 (m, 1H), 7.71(s,
	〈		1H), 7.97(dd, 1H), 8.22 (s, 1H), 8.39(d, 1H), 8.52(d,
	_N √		1H), 9.46(s, 1H)
26-20			CDCl ₃ : 0.97 (t, 3H), 1.82-1.73 (m, 2H), 3.12-3.08 (m,
		MS	2H), 3.80-3.58(m, 8H), 3.94(s,3H), 6.94(dd, 1H), 7.02
		546	(d, 1H), 7.32-7.28(m, 1H), 7.69-7.64 (m, 1H), 7.32-
	0=		7.28(m, 1H), 7.97(dd, 1H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 8.34(d, 1H),
			8.52(d, 1H), 9.45(s, 1H)
	<b>`</b> _₀′		
	1 ~		CDCl ₃ : 0.97 (t, 3H), 1.82-1.72 (m, 2H), 2.71 (t, 3H),
26-21		MS	3.05 (s, 2H), 3.10 (m, 2H), 3.18 (t, 4H), 3.88(s,3H),
	, ,	615	4.17-4.08 (m, 1H), 6.47 (dd, 1H), 6.54 (d, 1H), 6.99-
			6.89(m, 1H), 7.28-7.24 (m, 1H), 7.31(bs, 1H), 7.65-
	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		7.60 (m, 1H), 7.32-7.28(m, 1H), 7.95(dd, 1H), 8.05 (d,
	HN O		1H), 8.15(s, 1H), 8.59(d, 1H), 9.41(s, 1H)
	<i>&gt;</i> —		

		<del></del>	
			CDCl ₃ : 0.98 (t, 3H), 1.80-1.74 (m, 2H), 3.12-3.08 (m,
26-22		MS	2H), 3.45-3.42 (m, 2H), 3.55-3.53 (m, 2H), 3.87 (s,
		530	2H), 3.89(s,3H), 5.98-5.89 (m, 1H), 6.44 (dd, 1H),
	N		6.50(d, 1H), 7.35-7.19 (m, 2H), 7.62-7.58(m, 1H),
			7.95(dd, 1H), 8.09 (d, 1H), 8.15(s, 1H), 8.57(d, 1H),
	H_O		9.43(s, 1H)
			CDCl ₃ : 0.97 (t, 3H), 1.10 (s, 3H), 1.12 (s, 3H), 1.80-
26-23	0	MS	1.74(m, 2H), 2.80-2.63 (m, 5H), 3.12-3.08 (m, 2H),
		558	3.19-3.17 (m, 4H), 3.87(s,3H), 6.48 (dd, 1H), 6.56(d,
	, N		1H), 7.30-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.62-7.58(m, 1H), 7.94(dd,
			1H), 8.00 (d, 1H), 8.14(s, 1H), 8.59(d, 1H), 9.40(s,
	N		1H)
	$\wedge$		
	<u> </u>		CDCl ₃ : 0.98 (t, 3H), 1.81-1.72 (m, 2H), 2.03-1.91 (m,
26-24		MS	1H), 2.28-2.19 (m, 1H), 2.33 (s, 6H), 2.92-2.84 (m,
		544	1H), 3.12-3.08 (m, 2H), 3.17(t, 1H), 3.35(ddd, 1H),
	Ĭ,		3.51-3.42 (m, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 6.11 (dd, 1H), 6.14
			(d,1H), 7.09 (s, 1H), 7.26-7.20(m, 1H), 7.60-7.56 (m,
	N		1H), 7.85(d, 1H), 7.92(dd, 1H), 8.11(s, 1H), 8.38(d,
	/		1H), 9.41(s, 1H)
			CDCl ₃ : 0.98 (t, 3H), 1.82-1.71 (m, 2H), 1.96-1.86 (m,
26-25		MS	1H), 2.33-2.20 (m, 1H), 2.51 (s, 1H), 3.17-3.08 (m,
		530	3H), 3.35-3.30 (m, 1H), 3.54-3.30 (m, 3H), 3.87 (s,
	Į N		3H), 6.12 (dd, 1H), 6.16 (d,1H), 7.09 (s, 1H), 7.32-
			7.21(m, 1H), 7.58 (dd, 1H), 7.85(d, 1H), 7.92(dd, 1H),
	NH		8.11(s, 1H), 8.64(d, 1H), 9.40(s, 1H)
	/		
			CDCl ₃ : 0.98 (t, 3H), 1.83-1.71 (m, 2H), 1.98-1.81 (m,
26-26	o o	MS	2H), 2.16-2.02(m, 2H), 2.53-2.28 (m, 5H), 2.87-2.72
		546	(m, 2H), 3.12-3.08 (m, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 4.32 (bs,
			3H), 6.44 (dd, 1H), 6.53(d, 1H), 7.32-7.25 (m, 2H),
			7.63-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.94(dd, 1H), 8.04 (d, 1H), 8.15(s,
	N		1H), 8.57(d, 1H), 9.42(s, 1H)

			CDCl ₃ : 0.97 (t, 3H), 1.38-1.30 (m, 1H), 1.49-1.40 (m,
26-27		MS	2H), 1.70-1.62 (m, 1H), 1.83-1.72 (m, 2H), 1.89 (d,
		545	2H), 2.74-2.10 (m, 2H), 3.12-3.08 (m, 2H), 3.57 (d,
	N		2H), 3.63 (d, 2H), 3.90 (s,3H), 6.50 (d, 1H), 6.58 (s,
			1H), 7.34-7.24 (m, 2H), 7.64-7.60(m, 1H), 7.94(dd,
			1H), 8.02 (d, 1H), 8.14(s, 1H), 8.60(dd, 1H), 9.40(s,
	ОН		1H)
			CDCl ₃ : 0.97 (t, 3H), 1.88-1.65 (m, 3H), 2.05-1.97 (m,
26-28		MS	2H), 2.21-2.08 (m, 1H), 2.67-2.55 (m, 4H), 2.78-
		517	2.71(m, 2H), 3.12-3.08 (m, 2H), 3.61 (d, 2H), 3.87
	N		(s,3H), 6.47 (dd, 1H), 6.56 (d, 1H), 7.28-7.23 (m, 2H),
			7.64-7.60(m, 1H), 7.94(dd, 1H), 7.99 (d, 1H), 8.13(s,
	ОН		1H), 8.60(dd, 1H), 9.39(s, 1H)
			CDCl ₃ : 0.97 (t, 3H), 1.89-1.65 (m, 8H), 2.03 (d, 2H),
26-29		MS	2.20-2.10 (m, 1H), 2.68-2.58 (m, 4H), 2.78-2.72 (m,
		58 <b>5</b>	2H), 3.12-3.08 (m, 2H), 3.61(d, 2H), 3.87(s,3H), 6.47
			(dd, 1H), 6.56(d, 1H), 7.30-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.64-7.60(m,
	, N.		1H), 7.94(dd, 1H), 7.99 (dd, 1H), 8.13(s, 1H), 8.60(dd,
			1H), 9.39 (s, 1H)
			0.97 (t, 3H), 1.71-1.82 (m, 2H), 3.06-3.14 (m, 2H),
26-30	O	MS	3.89 (s, 1H), 6.60 (ddd, 1H), 6.66 (dd, 1H), 7.25-7.30
		451, 453	(m, 1H), 7.35 (br.s, 1H), 7.63 (dd, 1H), 7.95 (dd, 1H),
	F F		8.09-8.18 (m, 1H), 8.17 (s, 1H), 8.52 (dd, 1H), 9.42 (s,
			1H).
			0.98 (t, 3H), 1.71-1.83 (m, 2H), 2.18 (s, 3H), 2.47-2.64
26-31		MS	(m, 4H), 2.72-2.84 (m, 2H), 3.08-3.15 (m, 2H), 3.42-
		647, 649	3.54 (m, 2H), 3.58-3.69 (m, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 3.94-
			4.03 (m, 2H), 6.45-6.51 (m, 1H), 6.78 (d, 1H), 7.22-
			7.27 (m, 1H), 7.60 (s, 1H), 7.67-7.74 (m, 1H), 7.93-
	N.		7.97 (m, 1H), 7.73 (d, 1H), 8.02 (s, 1H), 8.54 (d, 1H),
	U		9.33 (s, 1H).

26-32		m.p.	400MHz, CDCl3, δ (ppm): 0.98 (t; 3H), 1.55-1.90 (m;
20-02			
		139,4	6H), 2.38 (s; 3H), 2.45-2.80 (m; 6H), 3.13 (m; 2H),
ĺ			3.47 (m; 2H), 3.84 (s; 3H), 6.54 (dd; 1H), 6.79 (d; 1H),
			7.23 (dd; 1H); 7.51 (s; 1H), 7.64 (dd: 1H), 7.92 (d;
			1H), 8.00 (s; 1H), 8.19 (s; 1H), 8.57 (d; 1H), 9.41 (s;
			1H).
26-33		m.p.	400MHz, CDCl3, δ (ppm): 0.98 (t; 3H), 1.50-1.90 (m;
		163,4	6H), 2.24 (bs; 1H), 2.45-2.65 (m; 6H), 3.12 (m; 2H),
			3.45 (m; 2H), 3.77 (m; 4H9, 3.85 (s; 3H), 6.55 (dd;
			1H); 6.79 (d; 1H), 7.24 (dd; 1H). 7.52 (s; 1H), 7.64
	•		(dd; 1H), 7.93 (d; 1H), 8.01 (s; 1H), 8.20 (s; 1H9, 9.42
		•	(s; 1H).
26-34		m.p.	400MHz, CDCl3, δ (ppm): 1.00 (s; 3H), 1.78 (m; 2H),
		232,9	2.83 (s; 3H), 3.03 (m; 2H), 3.12 (m; 2H), 3.38-3.60 (m;
			8H), 3.88 (s; 3H), 6.56 (m; 1H), 6.82 (d; 1H), 7.29 (m;
	_N		1H), 7.60 (s; 1H), 7.64 (m; 1H), 7.95 (d; 1H), 8.12 (s;
			1H), 8.20 (s; 1H), 8.59 (d; 1H), 9.50 (s; 1H).
26-35		m.p.	400MHz, CDCl3, δ (ppm): 0.99 (t; 3H), 1.43 (m; 1H),
:	°	197,3	1.63 (m; 2H), 1.77 (m; 2H), 1.90 (m; 2H), 2.70 (m;
			2H), 3.13 (m; 2H), 3.28 (m; 2H), 3.75 (s; 1H), 3.84 (s;
	но		3H), 6.55 (m; 1H), 6.80 (d; 1H), 7.24 (m; 1H), 7.53 (s;
			1H), 7.64 (s; 1H), 7.93 (d; 1H), 8.02 (s; 1H), 8.20 (s;
			1H), 8.58 (d; 1H), 9.41 (s; 1H).
26-36	)	m.p.	400MHz, CDCl3, δ (ppm): 1.00 (t; 3H), 1.78 (m; 2H),
	~~~	147,6	3.12 (m; 2H), 3.56 (m; 1H), 3.87 (s; 3H), 6.53 (dd;
	N N	, , -	1H), 6.80 (d; 1H), 7.30 (dd; 1H), 7.52 (s; 1H), 7.64 (m;
	\sim _N		1H), 7.95 (dd; 1H), 8.08 (s; 1H), 8.20 (s; 1H), 8.60 (d;
			1H), 9.48 (s; 1H).
			111), 0.40 (0, 111).
26-37		m.p.	500MHz, CDCl3, δ (ppm): 0.96 (t; 3H), 1.70 (m; 2H),
	°	143.2	2.11 (m; 1H), 2.39 (m; 1H), 2.75 (s; 3H), 3.02 (m; 1H),
			3.22 (m; 2H), 3.43 (d; 2H), 3.82 (s; 3H), 3.86 (m; 1H),
	<i>></i> /		6.40 (dd; 1H), 6.94 (d; 1H), 7.34 (ddd; 1H), 7.47 (s;
	HN		1H), 7.63 (ddd; 1H), 7.93 (dd; 1H), 8.18 (s; 1H), 8.51

			(d; 1H).
26-38		m.p. 133.5	400MHz, CDCl3, δ (ppm): 1.00 (t; 3H), 1.70-1.95 (m; 6H), 2.63 (s; 1H), 2,92 (s; 1H), 3.00-3.25 (m; 5H), 3.89 (s; 3H), 5.42 (s; 1H), 6.70 (s; 1H), 6.83 (m; 2H), 7.25 (m; 1H), 7.55 (s; 1H), 7.63 (m; 1H9, 8.95 (m; 1H), 8.15 (s; 1H), 8.23 (s; 1H), 8.54 (d; 1H), 9.45 (s; 1H).
26-39	NH ₂	m.p. 188.8	400MHz, CDCl3, δ (ppm): 0.99 (t; 3H), 1.70-1.90 (m; 3H), 2.08 (m; 1H), 2.28 (s; 6H9, 2.83 (s; 1H), 3.00-3.23 (m; 4H9, 3.37 (m; 1H), 3.83 (s; 3H), 6.19 (dd; 1H), 6.83 (d; 1H), 7.23 (dd; 1H), 7.50 (s; 1H), 7.59 (m; 2H), 7.93 (d; 1H), 8.19 (s; 1H), 8.60 (d; 1H), 9.42 (s; 1H).

The following 5-Chloro- N^2 -(substituted phenyl)- N^4 -[2-ethanesulfonyl-phenyl]-pyrimidine-2,4-diamine are prepared from (2,5-Dichloro-pyrimidin-4-yl)-[2-ethanesulfonyl-phenyl]-amine and the corresponding aniline following the procedure of Example 7A

Expl	Rx	Rf (solvent)	NMR (400MHz), δ (ppm) or
No.		or MS	Retention time min. (HPLC)
			CDCl ₃ : 1.28(t,3H), 3.12-3.19(m, 6H), 3.87-3.89(m,
27-1	0	0.53	7H), 6.45(dd, 1H), 6.53(d,1H), 7.24-7.28(m,1H),
		(AcOEt)	7.31(s, 1H), 7.60-7.64(m, 1H), 7.95(dd, 1H), 8.04(d,
	Ň		1H), 8.14(s, 1H), 8.58(d, 1H), 9.39(s, 1H)

	585 (M+H)	2.38
, and the second		
Ň		
	486 (M+H)	3.07
N N		
	587 (M+H)	2.29
M		
N		
0	545 (M+H)	2.59
N		
	545 (M+H)	2.45
N		
O NH ₂		
		585 (M+H) 486 (M+H) 587 (M+H) 545 (M+H) 545 (M+H)

-	96	
---	----	--

27-7		531 (M+H)	2.25
	N		
27-8	\rightarrow \right	545 (M+H)	2.45
	NH ₂		
27-9		600 (M+H)	2.17
	Ž Ž		

HPLC condition

Column: YMC CombiScreen ODS-A (5um, 12nm), 50 x 4.6 mm l.D.

Flow rate: 2.0 ml/min

Eluent: A) TFA/water (0.1/100), B) TFA/acetonitrile (0.1/100)

Gradient: 5-100%B (0-5min) Detection: UV at 215nm

The following 5-Chloro- N^2 -(substituted phenyl)- N^4 -[2-(propane-2-sulfonyl)-phenyl]-pyrimidine-2,4-diamine are prepared from (2,5-Dichloro-pyrimidin-4-yl)-[2-(propane-2-sulfonyl)-phenyl]-amine and the corresponding aniline following the procedure of Example 7A

EMEINE	D _v	Df (achient)	NIMO (ACCOMULA) 2 (FLIMOOD) CIMINA
ExplN	Rx	Rf (solvent)	NMR (400MHz) , δ (ppm) or
0.		or MS	Retention time min. (HPLC)
			CDCl ₃ : 1.31 (d, 6H), 1.85-1.73 (m, 1H), 1.86-1.98 (m,
28-1	°	0.2	3H), 2.62-2.70 (m, 1H), 3.11-3.13 (m, 2H), 3.21-8.28
		(AcOEt)	(m, 1H), 3.28 (m, 2H), 3.88 8s, 3H), 5.41 (brs, 1H),
			6.53 (d, 1H), 6.59 (d, 1H), 6.64 (brs, 1H), 7.28-7.34
			(m, 1H), 7.34 (s, 1H), 7.60-7.67 (m, 1H), 7.91 (dd,
	NH_2		1H), 8.08 (d, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 8.60 (d, 1H), 9.55 (s,
+			1H).
			CDCI ₃ : 1.31(d, 6H), 2.64 (t, 2H), 2.68-2.77 (m, 4H),
28-2	0	MS	3.19(t, 4H), 3.17-3.28(m, 1H), 3.68(t, 2H), 3.88(s, 3H),
		m/z 561,	6.48(dd, 1H), 6.55 (d, 1H), 7.23-7.32(m, 1H),
	N	563 (M+1).	7.62(ddd, 1H), 7.91(dd, 1H), 8.04(dd, 1H), 8.12(s,
			1H), 8.60(d, 1H), 9.54(bs, 1H)
	Ĵ		
	ОН		
			CDCl ₃ : 1.31(d, 6H), 3.12-3.14(m, 4H), 3.21-3.27(m,
28-3	0	0.55	1H), 3.87-3.89(m, 7H), 6.46(dd, 1H), 6.53(d,1H), 7.23-
		(AcOEt)	7.27(m, 1H), 7.30(s, 1H), 7.59-7.64(m, 1H), 7.91(dd,
	, N	,	1H), 8.05(d, 1H), 8.14(s, 1H), 8.60(d, 1H), 9.55(s, 1H)
	0		
			CDCI ₃ : 1.32(d, 6H), 3.21-3.27(m, 1H), 4.00(s, 1H),
	0	0.37	7.11(dd, 1H), 7.26-7.27(m, 1H), 7.29-7.33(m, 1H),
28-4		(AcOEt)	7.64(s, 1H), 7.66-7.71(m, 1H), 7.95(dd, 1H), 8.10(s,
	N		1H), 8.21(s, 1H), 8.46(d, 1H), 8.50(s, 1H), 8.54(d,
	N N		1H), 9.59(s, 1H)
1	·-		

		0.00	ODOL: 4.24/4.010.4.07.4.77/m. 2HV 4.05.0.05 /
	0	0.03	CDCl ₃ : 1.31(d, 6H), 1.67-1.77(m, 2H), 1.95-2.05 (m,
28-5		(AcOEt)	2H), 2.39-2.48 (m, 1H), 2.48-2.61(m, 2H), 2.63-
			2.78(m, 8H), 3.24 (sept, 1H), 3.71-3.63 (m, 2H),
	N		3.87(s, 3H), 6.47(dd, 1H), 6.55 (d, 1H), 7.21-7.28(m,
			1H), 7.61(ddd, 1H), 7.91(dd, 1H), 8.00(dd, 1H),
	, N		8.12(s, 1H), 8.60(d, 1H), 9.53(bs, 1H)
	N		
			·
		502 (M+H)	2.84
28-6			
	N		
	· ·		
	,0,	478 (M+H)	4.53
28-7			
	0-N-0		
			CDCl ₃ : 1.31(d, 6H),1.51-1.42(m, 2H), 1.67-1.53(m,
00.0	_0_	MS	
28-8			4H), 1.81-1.68(m, 2H), 1.96-1.89(m, 2H), 2.47-
		599	2.36(m, 1H), 2.57-2.54(m, 4H), 2.69(dd, 2H)3.24(sept,
	_ N_		1H), 3.67(d,1H), 3.87(s , 1H), 6.48 (dd, 1H), 6.56 (d,
			1H), 7.31-7.21(m, 1H), 7.63-7.59 (m, 1H), 8.00(d, 1H),
	\bigvee		8.12(s, 1H), 8.60(d, 1H), 9.55(s, 1H)
	N		
28-9			CDCl ₃ : 1.26 (t, 3H), 1.31(d, 6H),1.74-1.68(m, 2H),
20-9		MC	
		MS	1.85-1.76(m, 4H), 2.08-1.98(m, 2H), 2.19-2.10(m,
		585	2H), 2.67-2.58(m, 4H), 2.79-2.72(m, 2H), 3.24(sept,
	Ň		1H) 3.61(d, 2H), 3.87(s,3H), 6.48(dd, 1H), 6.56 (d,
			1H), 7.29-7.22 (m, 1H), 7.62(dd, 1H), 7.90(dd, 1H),
			7.99(d, 1H), 8.12(s, 1H), 8.60(d, 1H), 9.53(s, 1H)
	$\langle ^{N} \rangle$		
		·	

28-10		MS 559	CDCl ₃ : 1.31(d, 6H),1.59-1.37(m, 2H), 1.81-1.69(m, 1H), 1.87(d, 2H), 2.73-2.67(m, 2H), 3.28-3.21(m, 1H), 3.37(s, 3H),3.61(d, 1H),3.87(s, 3H),6.49(dd, 1H),6.57(s, 1H), 7.31-7.21(m, 1H),7.64-7.60 (m, 1H), 7.91(dd, 1H), 8.00(d, 1H), 8.60(d, 1H) 9.53(s, 1H)
28-11	N Ac	MS 558	CDCl ₃ : 1.31(d, 6H), 2.15(s, 3H), 3.12(ddd, 4H), 3.24(sept, 1H), 3.64 (t, 2H), 3.80(t, 2H), 3.89(s, 3H),6.47(dd, 1H),6.55(d, 1H),7.29-7.24(m, 1H),7.33(bs, 1H), 7.62(m, 1H),7.92(dd, 1H), 8.08(d, 1H), 8.14(s, 1H), 8.60(d, 1H) 9.55(s, 1H)
28-12		MS 544	CDCl ₃ : 1.16, (t, 3H), 1.31(d, 6H), 2.56-2.44(b, 2H), 2.71-2.60 (m, 4H), 3.28-3.17(m, 5H), 3.88(s, 3H), 6.48(dd, 1H),6.58(d, 1H),7.30-7.22(m, 1H), 7.63-7.58(m, 1H),7.90(dd, 1H), 8.01(d, 1H), 8.12(s, 1H), 8.60(d, 1H) 9.54(s, 1H)
28-13		MS 601	CDCl ₃ : 1.31(d, 6H, J=6.55),1.75-1.63(m, 2H),2.00-1.91(m, 2H),2.37-2.27(m, 1H),2.60 (t, 4H, J=4.79), 2.74-2.59(m, 2H), 3.24(sept, 1H), 3.66 (d, 2H, J=12.1), 3.75(t, 4H, J=4.53), 3.88(s, 3H), 6.48(dd, 1H, J=2.52, 8.56),6.56(d, 1H, J=2.52),7.33-7.22(m, 1H), 7.64-7.59 (m, 1H),7.91(dd, 1H, J=8.05, 1.51), 8.01(d, 1H, J=8.56), 8.12(s, 1H), 8.61(d, 1H, J=7.55) 9.54(s, 1H)

	1		CDCl ₃ : 1.11 (d, 6H, J=6.55), 1.31(d, 6H, J=7.05),
28-14	_0	MS	2.82-2.68(m, 5H), 3.20-3.17(m, 4H), 3.28-3.17(m,
20-14		559	1H), 3.87(s, 3H), 6.48(dd, 1H, J=2.52, 8.56),6.56(d,
		339	1H, J=2.52),7.33-7.24(m, 1H), 7.62-7.58(m,
	Ň		
			1H),7.90(dd, 1H, J=), 8.01(d, 1H, J=8.56), 8.12(s,
			1H), 8.60(d, 1H, J=8.56) 9.54(s, 1H)
			CDCl ₃ : 1.31 (d, 6H, J=7.05), 1.97-1.85(m, 2H), 2.17-
28-15		MS	1.98(m, 2H), 2.35-2.25(m, 1H), 2.75(m, 2H),
		559	3.24(sept, 1H), 3.65(d, 2H), 3.88(s, 3H), 5.30 (bs,
	N		1H), 5.48(bs, 1H), 6.48(dd, 1H, J=2.51, 8.56), 6.56(d,
			1H, J=2.52), 7.33-7.21(m, 1H), 7.62 (m, 1H), 7.91(dd,
			1H, J=1.51, 8.06), 8.03(dd, 1H, J=3.02, 8.56), 8.13(s,
	H₂N O		1H), 8.60(d, 1H, J=8.57), 9.54(s, 1H)
	/		CDCl ₃ : 1.31 (d, 6H, J=7.06), 1.46-1.43(m, 1H), 1.79-
28-16		MS	1.68(m, 2H), 2.08-1.99(m, 2H),2.99-2.88(m, 2H),
		532	3.24(sept, 1H), 3.51-3.45(m, 2H), 3.91-3.80(m, 1H),
	N		3.88(s, 3H), 6.49(dd, 1H, J=2.52, 8.56),6.57(d, 1H,
			J=2.52),7.34-7.23(m, 1H), 7.64-7.60(m, 1H),7.91(dd,
			1H, J=1.51, 8.06), 8.02(dd, 1H, J=3.02, 9.06), 8.13(s,
	ÖН		1H), 8.60(d, 1H, J=8.06) 9.53 (s, 1H)
28-17		<u> </u>	CDCl ₃ : 1.31 (d, 6H, J=6.96), 2.18-2.12(m, 2H),
	0	MS	3.24(sept, 1H),3.37-3.32(m, 2H), 3.39(s, 3H), 3.43(d,
		532	1H, J=8.56), 3.51(dd, 1H, J=5.04, 10.6), 3.87(s, 3H),
			4.17-4.09 (m,1H) 6.13 (dd, 1H, J=2.51,
			8.56),6.16(d, 1H, J=2.52),7.09(bs, 1H),7.31-7.21(m,
	O,		1H), 7.60-7.56 (m, 1H),7.85(d, 1H, J=8.56), 7.89(dd,
			1H, J=1.51, 8.06), 8.10(s, 1H), 8.65(d, 1H, J=9.06)
			9.54 (s, 1H)
	Ò		1H, J=1.51, 8.06), 8.10(s, 1H), 8.65(d, 1H, J=9.06)

		T	ODOL +4 24 (4 OH 1-7 OE) 4 90 4 70(m OH) 0 00
			CDCl ₃ : 1.31 (d, 6H, J=7.05), 1.82-1.70(m, 2H), 2.08-
28-18		MS	1.99(m, 2H),2.96-2.87(m, 2H), 3.24(sept, 1H), 3.41-
		546	3.33(m, 1H), 3.40(s, 3H),3.51-3.42(m, 2H), 3.87(s,
	N		3H), 6.49(dd, 1H, J=2.52, 9.07),6.57(d, 1H,
			J=2.52),7.32-7.22(m, 1H), 7.64-7.60 (m, 1H),7.91(dd,
			1H,), 8.00(dd, 1H, J=3.02, 9.06), 8.12(s, 1H), 8.60(d,
	0		1H, J=8.56) 9.53 (s, 1H)
		0.33	CDCl ₃ : 1.31 (d, 6H, J=7.05), 1.82-1.70(m, 2H), 2.08-
28-19	0	(AcOEt)	1.99(m, 2H),2.96-2.87(m, 2H), 3.24(sept, 1H), 3.41-
			3.33(m, 1H), 3.40(s, 3H),3.51-3.42(m, 2H), 3.87(s,
			3H), 6.49(dd, 1H, J=2.52, 9.07),6.57(d, 1H,
			J=2.52),7.32-7.22(m, 1H), 7.62(m, 1H),7.91(dd, 1H,),
			8.00(dd, 1H, J=3.02, 9.06), 8.12(s, 1H), 8.60(d, 1H,
	N	:	J=8.56) 9.53 (s, 1H)
	l		
			CDCl ₃ : 1.31 (d, 6H), 1.66-1.53(m, 2H), 2.10-2.01(m,
28-20		MS	2H),2.51 (s, 3H), 2.70-2.13(m, 1H),2.83-2.74(m, 2H),
		544	3.24(Sept, 1H), 3.63-3.55(m, 2H), 3.87(s, 3H), 4.34-
	N		4.25(m, 1H), 6.48(dd, 1H),6.56(d, 1H),7.34-7.24(m,
			1H), 7.64-7.60(m, 1H),7.90(dd, 1H), 8.00(d, 1H),
			8.12(s, 1H), 8.60(dd, 1H), 9.53(s, 1H)
	_ ŃH		
			CDCl ₃ : 1.30 (s, 3H),1.32 (s, 3H), 2.33-2.22(m, 1H),
28-21		MS	2.54(s, 3H), 3.37-3.20(m, 3H),3.57-3.44(m, 3H),
		531	3.86(s, 3H), 6.12(dd, 1H),6.16(d, 1H),7.14-7.08(m,
) N		1H), 7.30-7.20(m, 1H),7.65-7.58(m, 1H), 7.93-7.87(m,
			1H,), 8.10(s, 1H), 8.64(d, 1H) 9.54 (s, 1H)
	NH		
)NFT		

	·		
			CDCl ₃ : 1.30 (s, 3H), 1.32 (s, 3H), 2.03-1.89(m,
28-22		MS	1H),2.30-2.18(m, 1H), 2.34(s, 6H),2.96-2.83(m, 1H),
		545	3.29-3.16(m, 2H), 3.40-3.34(m, 1H),3.53-3.43(m, 2H),
	, N		3.87(s, 3H), 6.11(dd, 1H,) 6.13(dd, 1H),7.08(bs,
Ē			1H),7.31-7.21(m, 1H), 7.60-7.56(m, 1H),7.85(d, 1H),
	N		7.89(dd, 1H), 8.10(s, 1H), 8.66(d, 1H) 9.54(s, 1H)
	/		
			CDCl ₃ : 1.31 (s, 3H), 1.32 (s, 3H),3.05(s, 3H),
28-23		MS	3.24(sept, 1H), 3.50-3.43(m, 4H),3.85(s, 2H), 3.89(s,
		545	3H), 6.11(dd, 1H,) 6.43(dd, 1H),6.50(d, 1H),7.31-
	N		7.28(m, 1H), 7.64-7.60(m, 1H), 7.92(dd, 1H), 8.09(d,
			1H), 8.13(s, 1H), 8.58(d, 1H) 9.55(s, 1H)
	N 0		
		0.05	CDCl ₃ : 1.30 (s, 3H), 1.32 (s, 3H), 1.92-1.83(m,
28-24		(AcOEt/Me	1H),2.17-1.95(m, 1H), 2.43-2.27(m, 2H),2.79-2.71(m,
20-2-4		OH=4/1)	
		011-4/1)	4H), 3.15-2.97(m, 4H), 3.23-3.16(m, 4H),3.24(sept,
	Ň	•	1H), 3.87(s, 3H), 6.11(dd, 1H,) 6.47(dd, 1H),6.55(d,
	_ _N \		1H),7.33-7.23(m, 1H), 7.63-7.59(m, 1H),7.95(dd, 1H),
			8.01(dd, 1H), 8.12(s, 1H), 8.60(d, 1H) 9.54(s, 1H)
	N		
	i I	<u> </u>	CDCl ₃ : 1.30 (s, 3H), 1.32 (s, 3H), 1.80-1.70(m,
28-25		MS	2H),2.01-1.93(m, 2H), 2.49-2.28(m, 12H),2.76-
20-20		600	2.62(m, 4H), 3.04-2.96(m, 4H), 3.16-3.05(m,
		000	
	Ň		2H),3.24(sept, 1H), 3.72-3.63(m, 2H), 3.87(s,
			3H),6.48(dd, 1H),6.55(d, 1H),7.31-7.23(m, 1H), 7.66-
	N		7.589(m, 1H),7.91(dd, 1H), 8.01(d, 1H), 8.12(s, 1H),
			8.60(d, 1H) 9.53(s, 1H)
	N /		

28-26	THE STATE OF THE S	MS 573	CDCl ₃ : 1.30 (s, 3H), 1.32 (s, 3H), 2.59-2.43 (m, 4H),2.78-2.73(m, 1H), 3.00-2.86(m, 2H),3.38-3.20(m, 3H), 3.54-2.45(m, 1H), 3.73(dd, 1H),3.84-3.77(m, 1H), 3.94-3.87(m, 1H), 3.88(s, 3H),6.46(dd, 1H),6.53(d, 1H),7.32-7.23(m, 1H), 7.31 (bs, 1H), 7.63-7.52(m, 1H),7.91(dd, 1H), 8.04(d, 1H), 8.13(s, 1H), 8.60(d, 1H) 9.54(s, 1H)
28-27	NH ₂	MS 559	CDCl ₃ : 1.30(s, 3H), 1.32 (s, 3H), 1.82-1.73 (m, 1H), 1.97-1.84(m, 3H), 2.73-2.51 (m, 1H), 3.12(t, 2H), 3.31-3.20 (m, 3H), 3.90(s,3H), 5.46-5.37(m, 1H), 6.53(dd, 1H), 6.59(d, 1H), 6.68-6.62 (m, 1H), 7.28-7.21 (m, 1H), 7.33(bs, 1H), 7.65-7.61(m, 1H), 7.92(dd, 1H), 8.08(d, 1H), 8.14(s, 1H), 8.60(d, 1H), 9.55(s, 1H)
28-28	N NH ₂	MS 559	CDCl ₃ : 1.30(s, 3H), 1.32 (s, 3H), 1.82-1.73 (m, 1H), 1.97-1.84(m, 3H), 2.73-2.51 (m, 1H), 3.12(t, 2H), 3.31-3.20 (m, 3H), 3.90(s,3H), 5.46-5.37(m, 1H), 6.53(dd, 1H), 6.59(d, 1H), 6.68-6.62 (m, 1H), 7.28-7.21 (m, 1H), 7.33(bs, 1H), 7.65-7.61(m, 1H), 7.92(dd, 1H), 8.08(d, 1H), 8.14(s, 1H), 8.60(d, 1H), 9.55(s, 1H)
28-29		MS 413	CDCl ₃ : 1.31 (s, 3H), 1.33(s, 3H),2.92(t, 4H), 3.28(sept, 1H) 3.73(t, 4H), 3.87(s,3H), 6.51(dd, 1H), 6.82(d, 1H), 7.32-7.23 (m, 1H), 7.57(bs, 1H), 7.70- 7.64(m, 1H), 7.92(dd, 1H), 8.01(bs, 1H), 8.12(s, 1H), 8.60(d, 1H), 9.53(s, 1H)
28-30		MS 493	CDCl ₃ : 1.30 (s, 3H), 1.33(s, 3H), 3.25(sept, 1H) 3.60 (bs,3H), 3.89(s, 3H), 6.59(s, 1H), 7.27-7.18 (m, 1H),7.61(dd, 1H), 7.83(bs, 1H), 7.90(dd, 1H), 8.15 (s, 1H), 8.55(d, 1H), 9.55(s, 1H)

		CDCl ₃ : 1.31(d, 6H),1.59-1.37(m, 2H), 1.81-1.69(m,
28-31	MS	1H), 1.87(d, 2H), 2.73-2.67(m, 2H), 3.28-3.21(m, 1H),
	445	3.37(s, 3H),3.61(d, 1H),3.87(s, 3H),6.49(dd,
		1H),7.025(bs, 1H), 7.28-7.23(m, 1H),7.64-7.59(m,
		1H), 7.93-7.89(m, 2H), 8.15(s, 1H), 8.57(dd, 1H)
		9.56(s, 1H)

Expl	Rx	HPLC	Mass (ESI)
No.		Retention	m/z
		time (min)	
29-1		3.30	546 (M+H)
	o N		
29-2		2.82	627 (M+H)
	N N		
29-3	0	3.07	587 (M+H)

Expl	Rx	HPLC	Mass (ESI)
No.		Retention	m/z
		time (min)	
30-1	0	2.82	516 (M+H)
	o o		
30-2		2.65	557 (M+H)
30-3		2.50	557 (M+H)
	N NH ₂		
30-4	°	3.10	498 (M+H)
	2 -2 -2		

30-5		2.30	543 (M+H)
30-6	0	2.52	557 (M+H)
	NH ₂		
30-7	•	2.23	612 (M+H)
	-z-		

Expl	Rx	HPLC	Mass (ESI)
No.		Retention	m/z
		time (min)	
31-1	O F	3.15	423 (M+H)

	2.62	490 (M+H)	
\			
N			
`o'			
	N	N	

Expl	Rx	MS	NMR (400MHz) in CDCl ₃ , δ (ppm)
No.			
32-1		585.3	1.03 (s, 3H), 1.04(s, 3H), 2.15(s, 3H), 2.32(sept, 1H) 3.00(d, 2H) 3.10(t, 2H), 3.13(t, 2H), 3.64(t, 2H), 3.79(t, 2H), 3.89(s, 3H), 6.45(dd, 1H), 6.55(d, 1H), 7.34-7.26
	N Ao		(m, 1H), 7.52(bs, 1H), 7.64-7.60(m, 1H), 7.97(dd, 1H), 8.07(d, 1H), 8.15(s, 1H), 8.54(d, 1H), 9.32(s, 1H)
32-2		532 (M+H)	3.17
	N		

Expl	Rx	MS	NMR (400MHz) in CDCl ₃ , δ (ppm)
No.			
33-1	N Ac	585.3	1.66-1.52 (m, 2H), 1.92-1.73 (m, 4H), 2.12-2.03 (m, 2H), 2.15(s, 3H), 3.00(d, 2H) 3.11(t, 2H), 3.14(t, 2H), 3.58-3.46(m, 1H), 3.64 (t, 2H),3.80(t, 2H), 3.89(s,3H), 6.48(dd, 1H), 6.55(d, 1H), 7.30-7.24 (m, 1H), 7.52(bs, 1H), 7.63-7.58(m, 1H), 7.94(dd, 1H), 8.08(d, 1H), 8.14(s, 1H), 8.60(d, 1H), 9.54(s, 1H)
33-2		544 (M+H)	3.15

Expl	Rx	HPLC	Mass (ESI)
No.		Retention	m/z
:		time (min)	
34-1		3.15	532 (M+H)

34-2		3.34	558 (M+H)
34-3	S S	3.35	546 (M+H)
34-4		3.32	546 (M+H)
34-5		3.09	566 (M+H)
34-6		2.87	552 (M+H)

Ex		MS	NMR (400MHz), CDCl ₃ , δ ppm
No			
	. a		1.05 (t, 3H), 1.69-1.78 (m, 2H), 2.86-2.95 (m, 1H),
34-7	O HN NH	MS	3.16-3.25 (m, 1H), 6.57-6.68 (m, 2H), 7.17 (dd, 1H),
		435, 436	7.35-7.39 (m, 1H), 7.50 (dd, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 8.16-
	F		8.21 (m, 1H), 8.48 (d, 1H), 10.14 (s, 1H)
	Ci Z		0.94 (t, 3H), 1.69-1.80 (m, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 2.55-2.64
34-8	O HN NH NH	MS	(m, 4H), 3.02-3.08 (m, 2H), 3.22-3.29 (m, 4H), 3.88 (s,
		549, 551	3H), 6.55 (ddd, 1H), 6.60-6.66 (m, 1H), 7.13-7.18 (m,
	N F		1H), 7.34 (br.s, 1H), 7.44 (d, 1H), 8.10 (s, 1H), 8.10-
			8.23 (m, 2H), 8.88 (s, 1H).

WO 2004/080980

35-1	567 [M+1]+	DMSO-d6: 2.24 (s, 3H), 2.45-2.50 (m, 4H), 2.78 (d, 3H), 3.10-3.17 (m, 8H), 3.74-3.79 (m, 7H), 6.49 (dd, 1H), 6.66 (d, 1H), 6.85-6.89 (m, 1H), 7.18 (d, 1H), 7.40 (d, 1H), 7.98-8.02 (m, 2H), 8.29 (br.d, 1H), 8.60-8.66 (m, 1H), 11.17 (s, 1H).
35-2	505 [M+1] [†]	DMSO-d6: 2.24(s, 3H), 2.46-2.50(m, 4H), 2.79(d, 3H), 3.13-3.17(m, 4H), 3.78(s, 3H), 6.69(d, 1H), 6.87(dd, 1H), 7.07-7.17(m, 2H), 7.19-7.23(m, 2H), 7.54(d, 1H), 8.13(s, 1H), 8.45(s, 1H), 8.65-8.75(m, 1H), 9.04(s, 1H), 11.19(s, 1H)

Example 36 (Intermediates for Left anilines)

36-1 Preparation of 2-amino-N-methyl-benzamide

To a suspension of 16.3 g (100 mmol) of isatoic anhydride in 100mL of H_2O is added portionwise 100mL of 2N methylamine - tetrahydrofuran solution (200 mmol) at room temperature. The reaction mixture is stirred for 1 hour and then extracted with AcOEt. The organic layer is washed with H_2O and brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 , and concentrated under

reduced pressure to give 13.79 g of desired product, 2-amino-N-methyl-benzamide (92 mmol, 92%) as colorless solid.

NMR (400MHz, CDCl3, δ): 2.97 (d, 3H, J = 4.52 Hz), 5.49 (bs, 1H), 6.07 (bs, 1H), 6.64 (ddd, 1H, J = 8.04, 7.56, 1.0 Hz), 6.68 (dd, 1H, J = 8.32, 1.0 Hz), 7.20 (ddd, 1H, J = 8.32, 7.56, 1.52 Hz), 7.29 (dd, 1H, J = 8.04, 1.52 Hz).

<u>36-2</u>

2-(2,5-Dichloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-N-methyl-benzamide

To a solution of 15.0 g (99.8 mmol) of 2-amino-N-methyl-benzamide in DMF (300mL) are added 2, 4, 5-trichloropyrimidine (23.8 g, 130 mmol) and potassium carbonate (17.9 g, 130 mmol). The reaction mixture is stirred at 75°C for 5 hours, cooled to room temperature, and then poured into H_2O (600mL). The resulting precipitate is collected by a filtration followed by washing with 50% aqueous CH_3CN (200mL) and dried under reduced pressure (40°C, 10 hours) to give desired 2-(2,5-dichloro-pyrimidin-4-yl-amino)-N-methyl-benzamide as ivory solid (26.4 g, 88.9 mmol, 89%).

NMR (400MHz, DMSO-d6, δ): 2.81 (d, 3H, J = 4.52 Hz), 7.22 (dd, 1H, J = 8.56, 8.04 Hz), 7.60 (ddd, 1H, J = 8.56, 8.56, 1.0 Hz), 7.81 (dd, 1H, J = 8.04, 1.0 Hz), 8.48 (s, 1H), 8.52 (d, 1H, J = 8.56 Hz) 8.80-8.90 (m, 1H), 12.18 (s, 1H).

According the manner described above, the following compounds are prepared.

<u>36-3</u>

2-(5-Bromo-2-chloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-N-methyl-benzamide

NMR (400MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 2.81(d, 3H), 7.23(ddd, 1H, J=7.54, 7.54, 1.0Hz), 7.59(ddd, 1H, J=7.93, 8.06, 1.52Hz),7.79(dd, 1H, J=7.8, 1.52Hz), 8.47(dd, 1H J=8.06, 1.0Hz), 8.55(s, 1H), 8.81-8.87(m, 1H), 12.0(brs, 1H). Rf: 0.46 (n-Hexane: AcOEt=7:3).

36-4

2-(2,5-Dichloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-N-ethyl-benzamide

NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 1.28 (t, d=7.04, 3H), 3.48-3.57 (m, 2H), 6.22 (br. s, 1H), 7.11-7.17 (m, 1H), 7.51 (dd, J=1.0, 8.04, 1H), 7.53-7.61 (m, 1H), 8.22 (s, 1H), 8.69-8.74 (m, 1H), 11.66 (br. s, 1H). Rf: 0.60 (Hexane :AcOEt=1:1).

36-5

Preparation of 2-(5-bromo-2-chloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide

A suspension of 5-bromo-2,4-dichloropyrimidine (684 mg, 3.0 mmol) and 2-amino-N-methylbenzenesulfonamide (559 mg, 3.0 mmol) in N,N-dimethylformamide (10 mL) containing potassium carbonate (830 mg, 6.0 mmol) is stirred at room temperature for 23 hours. Saturated aqueous ammonium chloride is added and the mixture is poured into water and extracted twice with ethyl acetate. The organic layer is washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, and evaporated in vacuo. The residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane - ethyl acetate gradient) to afford the title compound as a slightly yellow solid.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃), δ (ppm): 2.67 (d, 3H), 4.79 (q, 1H), 7.26 (s, 1H), 7.29 (ddd, 1H), 7.66 (ddd, 1H), 7.95 (dd, 1H), 8.37 (s, 1H), 8.48 (d, 1H), 9.52 (s, 1H). Rf (n-hexane : ethyl acetate = 10:3): 0.33.

According to the manner described above, the following compound is prepared.

<u>36-6</u>

2-(2,5-Dichloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide

¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃, δ);2.67(d, 3H),4.97-5.04(m, 1H), 7.29(ddd, 1H, *J*=7.54, 7.54, 1.0Hz), 7.66(ddd, 1H, *J*=7.93, 8.08, 1.48Hz),7.94(dd, 1H, *J*=8.04, 1.52Hz), 8.24(s, 1H), 8.51(dd, 1H *J*=8.06, 1.0Hz), 9.64(brs, 1H). Rf: 0.45 (n-Hexane: AcOEt=4:1).

36-7

2-(2,5-Dichloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-N-isopropyl-benzenesulfonamide

To a solution of 2-amino-N-isopropyl-benzenesulfonamide (16.1g, 75.1mmol) in DMI (150mL) is added sodium hydride (6.6g, 165.3mmol) portionwise at 0°C. After the mixture is stirred at room temperature for one hour, 2, 4, 5-trichloropyrimidine (20.7g, 112.7mmol) is added at 0°C. After further stirring at room temperature for 5 hrs, water is added and the mixture is extracted with AcOEt three times. Organic layer is washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate and evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (Hexane to Hexane:AcOEt=4:1) to afford the title compound as pale brown solid (10.2g, 38%).

¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃, δ);1.06(d, 6H), 3.43-3.53(m, 1H), 4.38(d,1H), 7.29(dd, 1H), 7.66(dd, 1H), 7.98(d, 1H), 8.29(s, 1H), 8.51(d, 1H), 9.51(brs, 1H). Rf: 0.45 (n-Hexane:AcOEt=4:1)

The following compounds are prepared in the same manner described above.

WO 2004/080980 PCT/EP2004/002616

- 114 -

Rz	Rf (solvent)	NMR (400MHz) , δ (ppm)
	or MS	
	0.45	DMSO-d ₆ ; 0.63(t, 6H), 0.86(d, 3H), 1.21-1.31(m, 2H),
	(n-Hexane:	3.02-3.12(m, 1H), 7.37(dd,1H), 7.71(dd, 1H), 7.85(d,
. ,	AcOEt=4:1)	1H), 7.89(d, 1H), 8.20(d, 1H), 8.56(s, 1H), 9.51(brs,
		1H)
\wedge	0.46	CDCl ₃ ; 0.70(t, 6H),1.23-1.45(m, 4H), 3.03-3.13(m,
	(n-Hexane:	1H), 4.27(d,1H), 7.27(dd, 1H), 7.65(dd, 1H), 7.98(d,
	AcOEt=7:3)	1H), 8.29(s, 1H), 8.52(d, 1H), 9.59(brs, 1H)
	Rz	0.45 (n-Hexane: AcOEt=4:1) 0.46 (n-Hexane:

36-10

<u>Preparation of 2-(2-chloro-5-nitro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide:</u>

2,4-Dichloro-5-nitro-pyrimidine (1.94 g, 10 mmol) and 2-amino-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide (1.86 g, 10 mmol) are dissolved in CHCl₃ (30 mL). The reaction mixture is heated at 61°C for 2 h. The solvent is evaporated and the residue is washed with ether to give the title product. Rf = 0.5 (n-hexane : ethyl acetate = 1:1). 1 H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃), δ (ppm): 2.67 (d, 3H), 4.6-4.7 (m, 2H), 7.41 (t, 1H), 7.7 (t, 1H), 8.04 (d, 1H), 8.15 (d, 1H), 9.21 (s, 1H), 11.2 (s, 1H).

36-11 Preparation of (2,5-Dichloro-pyrimidin-4-yl)-[2-(propane-1-sulfonyl)-phenyl]-amine

WO 2004/080980 PCT/EP2004/002616

To a solution of 2-(Propane-1-sulfonyl)-phenylamine (3.69g, 18.5 mmol) of N,N-dimethylformamide (40mL), sodium hydride (1.48g, 37 mmol) is added portionwise at 0°C. After stirring, 2,4,5-trichloropyrimidine (2.1mL, 18.5 mmol) is added. The mixture is stirred at 0°C for 30 minutes and is further stirred at room temperature for 7hrs. After adding saturated aqueous ammonium chloride, the mixture is poured into water and extracted twice with ethyl acetate. The organic layer is washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, and evaporated in vacuo. The residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane - ethyl acetate gradient) to afford the title compound as colorless solids.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃), δ (ppm): 0.99 (t, 3H), 1.77 (d, 2H), 3.07-3.11 (m, 2H), 7.26 (s, 1H), 7.32 (ddd, 1H), 7.73 (ddd, 1H), 7.95 (dd, 1H), 8.31 (s, 1H), 8.61 (dd, 1H), 9.94 (bs, 1H). Rf (n-hexane : ethyl acetate = 3:1): 0.63

According to the manner described above, the following compounds are prepared.

ExplN	Rx	Identification
О.		
36-12		¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃), δ (ppm): 1.35(d, 6H), 3.18-3.24(m,
		1H), 7.30-7.34(m, 1H), 7.70-7.75(m, 1H), 7.92(dd,
		1H), 8.30(s, 1H), 8.63(d, 1H), 10.06(s, 1H). Rf 0.70:
		(AcOEt)
36-13		NMR (400MHz) in CDCl ₃ , δ (ppm): 1.29(t, 3H), 3.15(q,
		1H), 7.31-7.35(m, 1H), 7.71-7.75(m, 1H), 7.96(dd,

	1H), 8.31(s, 1H), 8.60(d, 1H), 9.92(s, 1H). Rf: 0.67 (AcOEt).
36-14	1.01-1.06(m, 2H), 1.32-1.37(m, 2H), 2.49-2.55(m,1H), 7.29-7.33(m, 1H), 7.69-7.73(m, 1H), 7.91(dd, 1H), 8.31(s, 1H), 8.58(d, 1H), 9.90(s, 1H). Rf 0.69 (AcOEt)
36-15	0.99(t, 6H), 1.72-1.90(m, 4H), 2.76-2.82(m, 1H), 7.26-7.34(m, 1H), 7.69-7.74(m, 1H), 7.92(dd, 1H), 8.30(s, 1H), 8.62(d, 1H), 10.02(s, 1H). Rf: 0.73 (AcOEt)

Example 36-16

Synthesis of substituted amines which are commercially not available:

Preparation of 3-amino-4'-methoxy-4-methylbiphenyl

To a solution of 4-methoxyphenyl-boronic acid (500 mg, 3.29 mmol) in toluene (5.2 mL) and ethanol (1.3 mL), potassium carbonate (910 mg, 6.58 mmol), tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)-palladium (228.1 mg, 0.099 mmol) and 4-bromo-1-methyl-2-nitrobenzene (711 mg, 3.29 mmol) are added and stirred at 100°C for 7 hours. The mixture is poured into water and extracted with ethyl acetate two times. The organic layer is washed with water and then brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, and evaporated in vacuo. The residue is purified with silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane : ethyl acetate = 5 : 1) to afford the 4'-methoxy-4-methyl-3-nitro-biphenyl as a yellow solid.

¹H-NMR (δ, ppm) : 2.62 (s, 3H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 7.02-6.98 (m, 2H), 7.37 (d, 1H), 7.54 (dd, 2H), 7.68 (dd, 1H), 8.18 (d, 1H). Rf (hexane : ethyl acetate = 3:1): 0.40.

A suspension of 4'-methoxy-4-methyl-3-nitrobiphenyl (630 mg, 2.95 mmol) and 10% palladium on charcoal (63 mg, 0.059 mmol) in methanol (6 mL) is stirred under hydrogen atmosphere for 12 hours. Palladium catalyst is removed by filtration and the resulting solution is evaporated in vacuo to afford the title compound.

¹H-NMR (δ, ppm): 2.20 (s, 3H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 6.87 (d, 1H), 6.89 (dd, 1H), 6.95 (d, 2H), 7.09 (d, 1H), 7.48 (d, 2H). Rf (n-hexane: ethyl acetate = 1:1): 0.50.

Preparation of 4-(3-amino-4-methylbenzoyl)-piperazine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester

WO 2004/080980 PCT/EP2004/002616

- 117 -

To a solution of 4-methyl-3-nitro-benzoic acid (300 mg, 2.76 mmol), N-butoxycarbonyl-piperazine (340 mg, 1.83 mmol) in DMF (3.0 mL), triethylamine (300 μ L, 3.59 mmol), TBTU (800 mg, 2.49 mmol) and HOAt (270.5 mg,1.99 mmol) are added and stirred at room temperature for 24 hours. The mixture is poured into water and extracted twice with ethyl acetate. The organic layer is washed with water and then brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, and evaporated in vacuo. The residue is purified with silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane : ethyl acetate = 5 : 1) to afford 4-(4-methyl-3-nitrobenzoyl)-piperazine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester as a colorless solid.

¹H-NMR (δ, ppm) : 1.47 (s, 9H), 2.64 (s, 3H), 3.28-3.88 (m, 8H), 7.42 (d, 1H), 7.56 (dd, 1H), 8.03 (d, 1H). Rf (hexane : ethyl acetate = 10:1): 0.13.

The title compound is obtained by reduction with hydrogen over 10% palladium on charcoal in methanol solution.

Preparation of 4-(3-amino-4-methylphenyl)-morpholine

To a solution of 4-bromo-1-methyl-2-nitrobenzene (225 mg, 1.04 mmol), morpholine (125 μ L, 1.25 mmol), and cesium carbonate (474.4 mg, 1.46 mmol) in toluene, palladium diacetate (31.2 mg, 0.139 mmol) and 2-(di-t-butylphosphino)biphenyl (125 mg, 0.403 mmol) are added and stirred at 100°C for 5 hours. After cooling, the mixture is filtered to remove insoluble material. The filtrate is poured into water and extracted with ethyl acetate twice. The organic layer is washed with water and then brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, and evaporated in vacuo. The residue is purified with silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane : ethyl acetate = 5 : 1) to afford 4-(4-methyl-3-nitrophenyl)-morpholine as a yellow solid.

¹H-NMR (δ, ppm) : 2.50 (s, 3H), 3.17-3.19 (m, 4H), 3.86-3.88(m, 4H), 7.04 (dd, 1H), 7.21 (d, 1H), 7.47 (d, 1H). Rf (hexane : ethyl acetate = 5:1): 0.20.

The title compound is obtained by reduction with hydrogen over 10% palladium on charcoal in methanol solution.

Example 37: Synthesis of substituted amines which are commercially not available:

37-1

Preparation of 1-(3-Methoxy-4-nitro-phenyl)-piperdin-4-ol

To a suspension of piperidin-4-ol (2.79g, 28 mmol) and potassium carbonate (3.88 g, 28 mmol) in N,N-dimethylformamide (40 mL), 4-Fluoro-2-methoxy-1-nitro-benzene (4.0g, 23 mmol) is added and stirred at room temperature for 24 hours. The mixture is poured into water and the precipitate is collected by a filtration. The resulting solid is dried in vacuo at 50° C to afford 1-(3-methoxy-4-nitro-phenyl)-piperidin-4-ol (5.23g) as yellow solids in 89% yield. 1 H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃, δ , ppm) :1.54(d, 1H), 1.62-1.71(m, 2H), 1.98-2.04(m, 2H), 3.22(ddd, 4H), 3.73-3.80(m, 2H), 3.95(s, 3H), 3.98-4.02(m, 1H), 6.33(d, 1H), 6.43(dd, 1H), 8.00(d, 1H).

By repeating the procedures described above using appropriate starting materials and conditions the following compounds are obtained.

Ex-No	Rx	Identification
37-2		¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃ , ō, ppm) :1.53-1.72(m, 2H), 1.80-1.83(m, 4H), 1.99-2.04(m, 2H), 2.24-2.31(m, 1H), 2.54-2.67(m, 4H), 3.03(dt, 2H), 3.84-3.89 (m, 2H), 3.95(s, 3H), 6.31(d, 1H), 6.42(dd, 1H), 8.01(d, 1H). Rf 0.54 (AcOEt)
37-3		¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ, ppm): 1.81-1.91(m, 2H), 1.99-2.04(m, 2H), 2.38-2.48(m, 1H), 3.03(ddd, 2H), 3.91-3.96(m, 2H), 3.95(s, 3H), 5.22-5.41(m, 1H), 5.40-5.53(m, 1H), 6.36(d, 1H), 6.43(dd, 1H), 8.00(d, 1H). Rf 0.15 (AcOEt)

37-4		¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ, ppm) : 1.15(t, 3H),1.88-1.96(m, 1H), 2.22-2.30(m,1H), 2.68-2.77(m, 2H),3.15-3.18(m, 1H), 3.38-3.44(m, 1H), 3.52-3.62(m, 2H), 3.93(s, 3H), 5.92(d, 1H), 6.07-6.10(m, 1H), 8.00-8.02(m, 1H). Rf 0.65 (<i>n</i> -hexane: AcOEt=1:1).
	Ethyl-[1-(3-methoxy-4-nitro-pheny -pyrrolidin-3-yl]-amine	
37-5		1 H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ, ppm) : 2.36(s, 3H), 2.52-2.57(m, 4H), 3.40-3.43(m, 4H), 3.95(s, 3H), 6.32(d, 1H, J =2.52Hz), 6.43(dd, 1H, J =9.56, 2.52Hz), 7.99(d, 1H, J =9.08Hz). Rf 0.60 (MeOH : CH ₂ Cl ₂ =4:1).
	1-(3-Methoxy-4-nitro-phenyl)-4-meti yl-piperazine	
37-6		¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ, ppm) : 1.10-1.19(m, 1H), 1.59-2.18(m, 6H), 2.28(s,3H), 2.71-2.74(m, 1H), 2.88-2.91(m, 1H), 3.86-3.95 (m, 5H), 6.47-6.52(m, 2H), 7.97-8.00(m, 1H). Rf 0.65 (<i>n</i> -hexane: AcOEt=1:1)
	3-(3-Methoxy-4-nitro-phenoxymethy -1-methyl-piperidine	
37-7		¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ, ppm) : 4.08(s,3H), 7.30(dd,1H), 7.58(d, 1H), 8.05(d, 1H), 8.15(s, 1H), 8.67(s, 1H). Rf: 0.42 (AcOEt)

37-8		¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ, ppm): 1.40 – 1.50 (m, 2H), 1.55 – 1.69 (m, 6H), 1.90 – 1.96 (m, 2H), 2.45 – 2.53 (m, 5H), 2.90 – 2.99 (m, 2H), 3.90 – 4.00 (m, 2H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 6.30 (d, 1H, J =, 2.5 Hz), 6.41 (dd, 1H, J = 9.0, 2.5 Hz), 7.99 (d, 1H, J = 9.0 Hz)
37-9		¹ H-NMR (400MHz, DMSO-d6, δ, ppm) : 1.95-1.82(m, 2H), 2.15-2.06 (m, 1H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 3.17 (dd, 1H), 3.32-3.23 (m, 1H), 3.56-3.34 (m, 3H), 3.96 (s, 1H), 6.09 (d, 1H), 6.21 (dd, 1H), 7.91 (d, 1H)
37-10	O H O H	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃ , ō, ppm): 2.30 - 2.48 (m, 3H), 2.59 - 2.66 (m, 1H), 2.70 - 2.76 (m, 1H), 2.85 - 2.92 (m, 1H), 3.09 - 3.17 (m, 1H), 3.30 - 3.34 (m, 1H), 3.52 - 3.58 (m, 1H), 3.68 - 3.84 (m, 3H), 3.87 - 3.91 (m, 1H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 6.32 (d, 1H, J = 2.5 Hz), 6.42 (dd, 1H, J = 9.6, 2.5 Hz), 8.00 (d, 1H, J = 9.6 Hz)
37-11		¹ H-NMR (400MHz, DMSO-d6, CDCl ₃ , ō, ppm) : 1.90-1.79(m, 1H), 2.25-2.15 (m, 1H), 2.21 (s, 3H), 2.87-2.77 (m, 1H), 3.16 (dd, 1H), 3.42-3.32 (m, 1H), 3.59-3.52 (m, 1H), 3.67-3.61 (m, 1H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 6.13 (d, 1H), 6.24 (dd, 1H)), 7.91 (dd, 1H)

37-12	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 1.43-1.00(m, 2H),1.95-1.81 (m, 2H),2.94-2.17(m, 2H),2.96(s, 3H),3.27 (d, 2H), 3.35(s, 3H),3.97-3.90 (m, 2H), 3.95(s, 3H), 6.30(d, 1H), 6.42(dd, 1H) 8.00(d, 1H). Rf: 0.25 (AcOEt)
37-13	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 1.14(t, 3H),2.48(dd, 2H), 2.59(t, 4H),3.42 (t, 4H), 3.95(s,3H), 6.32(d, 1H), 6.43(dd, 1H) 8.01(d, 1H). Rf 0.15 (AcOEt)
37-14	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 1.02-0.89 (m, 2H), 2.01-1.94 (m, 2H), 2.52-2.38 (m, 1H), 2.65-2.53 (m, 4H),3.04-2.94(m, 2H), 3.79-3.69(m, 4H),3.97-3.88 (m, 2H), 3.95(s,3H), 6.32(d, 1H), 6.42(dd, 1H) 8.00(d, 1H). Rf 0.10 (AcOEt)
37-15	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): 1.08 (s, 3H),1.09(s, 3H), 2.66(t, 4H),2.74 (sept, 1H), 3.41 (t, 4H), 3.95(s,3H), 6.32(d, 1H), 6.42(dd, 1H) 8.00(d, 1H). Rf 0.15 (AcOEt)

37-16	H,N O	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 1.91-1.81 (m, 2H), 2.06-1.97(m, 2H), 2.48-2.40(m, 1H), 3.07-2.98(m, 2H), 3.97-3.93(m, 2H), 3.93(s,3H), 5.37-5.30(m, 1H), 5.55-5.43 (m, 1H), 6.33(d, 1H), 6.43(dd, 1H) 8.00(d, 1H). Rf 0.10 (AcOEt)
37-17		¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 2.18-2.07 (m, 1H), 2.30-2.22 (m, 1H), 3.38(s, 3H), 3.56-3.44(m, 4H),3.95 (s, 3H), 4.13 (ddd,1H), 5.96(d, 1H), 6.12(dd, 1H) 8.03(d, 1H). Rf 0.30 (AcOEt)
37-18	O N boc	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 1.46(s, 9H),1.81-1.68(m, 4H), 2.73(bs, 3H),3.07-2.97(m, 2H), 3.95(s,3H), 4.03-3.94 (m, 2H), 6.32(d, 1H), 6.43(dd, 1H) 8.00(d, 1H). Rf 0.55 (Hexane:AcOEt)
37-19		¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): 3.60-3.57(m, 2H),3.68-3.65(m, 2H), 3.97(s, 3H),4.07(s, 2H), 6.17(bs, 1H), 6.26(d, 1H), 6.39(dd, 1H) 8.04(d, 1H). Rf 0.85 (AcOEt)

37-20		¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 3.08(s, 3H), 3.54(dd, 2H),3.67(dd, 2H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 4.05(s, 2H), 6.25(d, 1H), 6.38(dd, 1H) 8.03(d, 1H) . Rf 0.30 (AcOEt)
37-21		¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 1.73-1.55 (m, 2H), 1.99-1.91 (m, 2H), 2.09(s, 3H),2.61-2.49 (m, 5H), 3.47(t, 2H),3.63(t, 2H), 3.99-3.89 (m, 3H), 3.95 (s, 3H), 6.32(d, 1H), 6.42(dd, 1H) 8.01(d, 1H) . Rf 0.10 (AcOEt:MeOH=4:1)
37-22	0 1 0	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): 3.90(s, 3H), 3.98(s, 3H), 3.98 ⟨s, 3H), 6.56(s, 1H), 7.59(s, 1H) . Rf 0.605 (AcOEt)
37-23		¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 3.25-3.22 (m, 4H), 3.90-3.87 (m, 4H), 3.95(s, 3H), 6.48(s, 1H), 7.57(s, 1H) . Rf 0.060 (Hexane:AcOEt=5:1)

37-24		¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 2.37 (s, 3H), 2.61 (bs, 4H),3.27 (bs, 4H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.95(s, 3H), 6.48(s, 1H), 7.56(s, 1H) . Rf 0.10 (AcOEt:MeOH=5:1)
37-25		¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): 1.09(t, 3H), 1.89(dd, 2H), 2.36(s, 3H), 2.55(t, 4H), 3.39(t, 4H), 4.03(t, 2H), 6.32(d, 1H), 6.42(dd, 1H), 7.98(d, 1H). Rf 0.12 (AcOEt:MeOH=9:1)
37-26	O Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 1.36(s, 3H), 1.38 (s, 3H), 2.10 (s, 2H), 2.17(s, 3H), 3.27-2.96 (m, 2H), 3.71 (d, 2H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 6.33(d, 1H), 6.43(dd, 1H), 8.02(d, 1H). Rf 0.10 (AcOEt)
37-27		¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): 1.16(s, 3H), 1.18 (s, 3H), 2.50(dd, 2H), 3.02-2.47 (m, 2H), 3.69 (dd, 2H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 6.31(d, 1H), 6.43(dd, 1H), 8.00(d, 1H) . Rf 0.070(AcOEt)
37-28	O N O O	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 1.16(d, 3H), 2.57(dd, 1H), 3.00-2.89 (m, 4H), 3.18-3.11 (m, 1H), 3.75-3.68 (m, 2H),3.96 (s, 3H), 6.31(d, 1H), 6.43(dd, 1H), 8.01(d, 1H). Rf 0.070 (AcOEt)

37-29		¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 1.18(t, 3H), 2.40(dd, 2H), 3.47-3.38(m, 4H), 3.71-3.63(m, 2H), 3.85-3.79(m, 2H), 3.96(s, 3H), 6.32(d, 1H), 6.42(dd, 1H), 8.01(d, 1H) . Rf 0.20 (AcOEt)
37-30		¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 1.16(s, 3H), 1.18(s, 3H), 2.82(sept, 1H), 3.50-3.37(m, 4H), 3.77-3.65(m, 2H), 3.86-3.78(m, 2H), 3.96(s, 3H), 6.33(d, 1H), 6.43(dd, 1H), 8.01(d, 1H) . Rf 0.48 (AcOEt)
37-31	O N O O	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 2.86(d, 3H), 3.48-3.45(m, 4H), 3.61-3.58(m, 4H), 3.96(s, 3H), 4.48-4.37 (m, 1H), 6.29(d, 1H), 6.40(dd, 1H), 8.01(d, 1H) . Rf 0.20 (AcOEt)
37-32	O N O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 1.72-1.60(m, 2H), 2.06-1.97(m, 2H), 3.25-3.17 (d, 3H), 3.78-3.70(m, 2H), 3.95(s, 3H), 4.04-3.99(m, 1H), 6.33(d, 1H), 6.43(dd, 1H), 8.00(d, 1H) . Rf 0.20 (AcOEt)

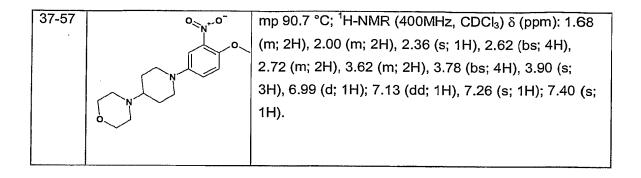
37-33	O N N N Ac	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 1.53 (s, 6H), 2.14(s, 3H), 3.50(s, 2H), 3.61-3.58(m, 2H), 3.97-3.81(m, 2H), 3.97 (s, 3H), 6.10 (d, 1H), 6.26(dd, 1H), 8.05(d, 1H). Rf 0.030 (AcOEt)
37-34	O NET Y	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): 2.54-2.23 (m, 4H), 2.67 (t, 2H), 3.29-3.23(m, 2H), 3.74(t, 4H), 3.94(s, 3H), 6.07(d, 1H), 6.16 (dd, 1H), 8.00(d, 1H) . Rf 0.15 (AcOEt)
37-35		¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): 2.10-2.02 (m, 2H), 2.41(t, 2H), 3.56(dd, 2H), 3.71(t, 2H), 3.95(s, 3H), 4.19(t, 2H), 6.49(dd, 1H), 6.55(d, 1H), 7.99(d, 1H) . Rf 0.10 (AcOEt)
37-36	0 0	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 2.14(s, 3H), 3.87-3.34(m, 8H), 3.99 (s, 3H), 7.01(dd, 1H), 7.16(d, 1H), 7.88(d, 1H) . Rf 0.25 (AcOEt)

37-37		¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 3.49-3.37(m, 2H), 3.88-3.55(m, 6H), 3.99 (s, 3H), 7.00(dd, 1H), 7.16(d, 1H), 7.87(d, 1H) . Rf 0.50 (AcOEt)
37-38	O N O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 1.17 (s, 3H), 1.19(s, 3H), 2.69 (t, 4H), 3.06(s, 2H), 3.42 (t, 4H), 3.96(s, 3H),4.13(sept, 1H), 6.34 (d, 1H), 6.44(dd, 1H), 6.90-6.79(m, 1H), 8.00(d 1H) . Rf 0.20 (AcOEt)
37-39	OH OH	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 1.44-1.34 (m, 2H),1.84-1.77 (m, 1H), 1.94-1.85 (m, 2H), 3.04-2.94 (m, 2H), 3.55 (t, 2H), 3.96-3.57(m, 2H), 3.95(s, 3H), 6.31(d, 1H), 6.42(dd, 1H), 8.00(d, 1H) . Rf 0.30 (AcOEt)
37-40	O N O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): 1.44-1.34 (m, 2H),1.84-1.77 (m, 1H), 1.94-1.85 (m, 2H), 3.04-2.94 (m, 2H), 3.55 (t, 2H), 3.96-3.57(m, 2H), 3.95(s, 3H), 6.31(d, 1H), 6.42(dd, 1H), 8.04(d, 1H) . Rf 0.45 (AcOEt)

[
37-41	0 N O	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 4.05 (s, 3H), 7.07 (d, 1H), 7.08 (d, 1H), 7.27-7.26 (m, 1H), 7.33 (t, 1H), 7.92 (s, 1H), 8.04 (d, 1H). Rf: 0.20 (AcOEt)
	N N	
37-42	N—	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃) :2.34 (s, 3H), 2.55-2.37 (m, 4H),
	O N+-O	3.86-3.38 (m, 4H), 4.00 (s, 3H), 7.13 (d, 1H). 7.66 (dd, 1H).7.93 (d, 1H). Rf: 0.30 (AcOEt:MeOH=4:1)
	0	
	N	
37-43	0 N. O -	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 2.43 (s, 3H), 2.74 (s, 6H), 7.91 (dd, 1H), 7.23 (d, 1H), 7.24 (d, 1H), 7.46 (dd,
		1H). Rf: 0.70 (Hexane:AcOEt=5:1)
	N	
37-44	0 _N +.0 ⁻	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃) :2.15 (s, 3H), 3.80-3.48 (m, 2H), 6.87 (dd, 1H), 6.92(dd, 1H), 7.09 (d, 1H), 7.40
		(dd, 2H), 8.54 (dd, 2H).
	N	
37-45	ON-0-	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃) :3.86 (s, 3H), 4.00 (s, 3H), 6.78 (d, 1H), 6.99 (dd, 2H), 7.14(d, 1H), 7.48 (dd, 2H), 7.14 (dd, 1H), 8.03 (dd, 1H), Pft 0.30
		7.71 (dd, 1H), 8.03 (d, 1H). Rf: 0.30 (Hexane:AcOEt=3:1)
	/°′	

37-46	0	1H NIMP (400MHz, CDCL) -4 44 (4 011) 0 40 (1 11)
31-40	N O	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃) :1.44 (t, 3H), 3.10 (t, 4H), 3.86 (t, 4H), 4.13 (q, 2H), 7.01(dd, 1H), 7.08 (dd, 1H), 7.35 (d, 1H). Rf: 0.25 (Hexane:AcOEt=3:1)
37-47	0 _N .0	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃) :1.26 (t, 3H), 3.32 (t, 4H),
		3.85 (t, 4H), 4.15 (q, 2H), 6.34(d, 1H), 6.42 (dd, 1H), 7.98 (d, 1H). Rf: 0.45 (Hexane:AcOEt=5:1)
37-48	0	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃) :3.45 (s, 3H), 3.77 (dd, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 4.06 (t, 2H), 7.08-7.08(m, 2H), 7.37 (t, 1H). Rf: 0.45 (Hexane:AcOEt=3:1)
37-49	0	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃) :2.44 (t, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.96 (ddd, 2H), 4.20 (t, 2H), 7.06 (d, 1H), 7.12(dd, 1H), 7.40 (d, 1H). Rf: 0.10 (Hexane:AcOEt=3:1)
37-50	0 0 0	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃) :1.45 (t, 3H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 4.13 (q, 2H), 7.01(d, 1H), 7.08 (dd, 1H), 7.36 (d, 1H). Rf: 0.20 (Hexane:AcOEt=3:1)
37-51	0 N O O	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃):1.35 (s, 3H), 1.36(s, 3H), 3.81(s, 3H), 4.52 (sept, 1H), 7.08-7.01 (m, 2H), 7.31 (d, 1H). Rf: 0.30 (Hexane:AcOEt=3:1)

37-52		¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃) :1.05 (t, 3H), 1.83 (ddd, 2H), 3.81(s, 3H), 4.01(t, 2H), 7.01 (d, 1H), 7.08 (dd, 1H), 7.36 (d, 1H). Rf: 0.35 (Hexane:AcOEt=3:1)
37-53	O N+O	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃) :3.86 (s, 6H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 6.91 (dd, 1H), 7.00 (d, 1H), 7.18 (d, 1H). Rf: 0.5 (Hexane:AcOEt=9:1)
37-54	0 0	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃) :4.04(s, 3H), 7.22 (d, 1H), 7.48(dd, 2H), 7.83 (dd, 1H), 8.16 (d, 1H), 8.69 (dd, 2H). Rf: 0.12 (Hexane:AcOEt=1:1)
37-55	0	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃):4.02 (s, 3H), 7.22 (d, 1H), 7.39 (ddd, 1H), 7.77(dd, 1H), 7.85(ddd, 1H), 8.08 (d, 1H), 8.63(dd, 1H), 8.83 (d, 1H). Rf: 0.55 (Hexane:AcOEt=2:1)
37-56	0 N O O	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃):4.03 (s, 3H), 7.19 (d, 1H), 7.28-7.24 (m, 1H), 7.72(dd, 1H), 7.80-7.76(m, 1H), 8.25 (dd, 1H), 8.52 (d, 1H), 8.69 (ddd, 1H). Rf: 0.55 (Hexane:AcOEt=2:1)



38
Preparation of 1-[4-(4-Methoxy-3-nitro-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-ethanone

To a solution of 5-bromo-1-methoxy-2-nitrobenzene (300 mg, 1.29 mmol) in dioxane, 1-acetyl piperazine (400mg, 3.12 mmol), cesium carbonate (1.0g, 3.07 mmol), palladium diacetate (29.0 mg, 0.129 mmol) and 2-(di-t-butylphosphino)biphenyl (77 mg, 0.258 mmol) are added and stirred at 100°C for 8 hours. After cooling, the mixture is filtered to remove insoluble material. The filtrate is poured into water and extracted with ethyl acetate twice. The organic layer is washed with water and then brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, and evaporated in vacuo. The residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane : ethyl acetate gradient) to afford 1-[4-(4-Methoxy- 3-nitro-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-ethanone (319mg, 44%) as yellow solids. 1 H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃, δ , ppm) : 2.14 (s, 3H), 3.63 (ddd, 4H), 3.63 (t, 2H), 3.78 (t, 2H), 3.92 (s, 3H), 7.03 (d, 1H), 7.12 (d, 1H), 7.41 (d, 1H). Rf (ethyl acetate): 0.18

39
Preparation of 1-(3-Methoxy-4-nitro-phenyl)-piperidin-4-one

To a solution of 4-piperidone hydrochloride monohydrate (10.0 g, 0.065mol) in DMF (80 mL) are added 4-Fluoro-2-methoxy-1-nitro-benzene (10.0 g, 0.058 mol) and potassium carbonate

(20.2 g), and the mixture is stirred at 70° C for 20 h. After a filtration, the filtrate is poured into H₂O (*ca.* 300 mL), and the resulting precipitates are collected by a filtration followed by washing with H₂O for several times to give title compound (8.98 g) in 61% yield. Orange solid. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 2.65-2.62 (4H, m), 3.81-3.78 (4H, m), 3.98 (3H, s), 6.34 (1H, d), 6.45 (1H, dd), 8.05 (1H, d).

40
Preparation of 1-[1-(3-Methoxy-4-nitro-phenyl)-piperidin-4-yl]-4-methyl-piperazine

To a solution of 1-(3-Methoxy-4-nitro-phenyl)-piperidin-4-one (4.96g, 0.020mol) in dichloroethane (50 ml) is added N-methylpiperazine (2.7ml, 0.024 mol) at 0 °C and the mixture is stirred at room temperature. After 4 h, sodium triacetoxy-borohydride (5.04g, 0.024mol) is added and the mixture is further stirred at room temperature for 24 h. After addition of 1N sodium hydroxide at 0 °C, the mixture is poured into water and extracted three times with dichloromethane. The organic layer is combined and extracted three times with 1N hydrochloride. The water layer is basified with 2N sodium hydroxide and extracted three times with dichloromethane. The organic layer is washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, and evaporated in vacuo to give the title compound as yellow solids (6.04g) in 91% yield.

¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 1.70-1.57 (2H, m), 2.03-1.93 (2H, m), 2.29 (3H, s), 2.55-2.38 (5H, m), 2.70-2.56 (4H, m), 2.97 (2H, ddd), 3.97-3.92 (2H, m), 3.95 (3H, s), 6.31 (1H, d,), 6.42 (1H, dd), 8.00 (1H, d).

41 Preparation of 4'-Methoxy-4-methyl-3-nitro-biphenvl

To a solution of 4-methoxyphenyl-boronic acid (500 mg, 3.29 mmol) in toluene (5.2 mL) and ethanol (1.3 mL), potassium carbonate (910 mg, 6.58 mmol), tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)-palladium (228.1 mg, 0.099 mmol) and 4-bromo-1-methyl- 2-nitrobenzene (711 mg, 3.29 mmol) are added and stirred at 100°C for 7 hours. The mixture is poured into water and extracted with ethyl acetate two times. The organic layer is washed with water and then brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, and evaporated in vacuo. The residue is purified with silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane: ethyl acetate = 5:1) to afford the 4'-methoxy-4-methyl-3-nitro-biphenyl (630mg, 79%) as a yellow solid.

¹H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃, δ, ppm) : 2.62 (s, 3H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 7.02-6.98 (m,2H), 7.37 (d, 1H), 7.54 (dd, 2H), 7.68 (dd, 1H), 8.18 (d, 1H). Rf (hexane : ethyl acetate = 3:1): 0.40.

<u>42</u> <u>Preparation of 4-(2-Ethoxy-ethoxy)-1-(3-methoxy-4-nitro-phenyl)-piperidine</u>

To a solution of 1-(3-Methoxy-4-nitro-phenyl)-piperidin-4-ol (300mg, 1.2 mmol) in N,N-dimethylformamide (3.0 mL), sodium hydride (1.52g, 3.8 mmol) is added. After stirring, 2-bromoethyl methyl ether (150 μ l, 1.6 mmol) is added and the mixture is further stirred at 70° C for 15 hours. After addition of saturated aqueous ammonium chloride, the mixture is poured into water and extracted twice with ethyl acetate. The organic layer is washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, and evaporated in vacuo. The residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane - ethyl acetate gradient) to afford 4-(2-Methoxy-ethoxy)-1-(3-methoxy-4-nitro-phenyl)-piperidine (111mg, 29%) as a yellow oil.

 1 H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃, δ, ppm) : 1.52(t, 3H), 1.95-2.00(m, 2H), 1.70-1.79(m, 2H), 3.23(ddd, 2H), 3.58-3.64(m, 2H), 3.65-3.68(m, 2H), 3.64-3.72(m, 2H), 3.95(s, 3H), 6.31(d, 1H), 6.42(dd, 1H), 8.00(d, 1H). Rf 0.53 (n-hexane: AcOEt=1:1).

According the procedure described above using appropriate alkyl halides, the following compounds are prepared.

Ex-	Rx	Identification
No.		

42-1	O N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ, ppm) : 2.04-2.21(m, 1H), 2.63(t, 2H), 2.68(t, 2H), 3.42(t, 4H), 3.87(t, 4H), 3.96(s, 3H), 6.33(d, 1H), 6.44(dd, 1H), 8.02(d, 1H). Rf 0.09 (AcOEt).
42-2		¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ, ppm): 1.71-1.79(m, 2H), 1.95-2.02(m, 2H), 3.22(ddd, 2H), 3.40(s, 3H), 3.55-3.57(m, 2H), 3.59-3.73(m, 3H), 3.65-3.67(m, 2H), 3.95(s, 3H), 6.31(d, 1H), 6.42(dd, 1H), 8.00(d, 1H). Rf 0.35 (<i>n</i> -hexane: AcOEt=1:1)

Example: 43

2-Methoxy-4-(1-methyl-piperidin-4-yloxy)-phenylamine 4-(3-Methoxy-4-nitro-phenoxy)-1-methyl-piperidine

To a solution of 4-Fluoro-2-methoxy-1-nitro-benzene (10.3g, 60 mmol) in toluene (50 mL) and 25% KOH aq.(50mL), 4-hydroxy-1-methylpiperidine (13.8g, 120 mmol) and tetra-n-butyl ammonium bromide (3.87g, 12mmol) are added at room temperature. The mixture is heated at 60°C for 1 day. The reaction mixture is cooled to room temperature, poured into ice water and extracted twice with ethyl acetate. The organic layer is successively washed with dil.HCl and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, and evaporated in vacuo to afford the crude compound in quantitative yield (13.4g).

Rf = 0.22 (methanol : dichloromethane = 1:4). 1 H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, δ , ppm): 1.84-1.92(m, 2H), 2.0-2.1(m, 2H), 2.3-2.4 (m, 2H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 2.65-2.75(m, 2H), 3.94(s, 3H), 4.39-4.46(m, 1H), 6.49 (dd, 1H), 6.99 (d, 1H), 6.54 (d, 1H), 7.99 (d, 1H).

Example: 44

2-Methoxy-4-(2-morpholin-4-yl-ethoxy)-phenylamine

3-Methoxy-4-nitro-phenol

To a solution of 3-Fluoro-4-nitro-phenol (15.7g, 100 mmol) in THF (300 mL), 30% KOMe in Methanol(49mL, 210mmol) is added at 0°C. The mixture is heated to gentle reflux for 18 hours.

4-[2-(3-Methoxy-4-nitro-phenoxy)-ethyl]-morpholine

To a solution of 3-Methoxy-4-nitro-phenol (1.69g, 10 mmol) in DMF (25 mL), 4-(2-Chloroethyl)morpholine hydrochloride(2.05g, 11mmol), K2CO3(1.52g, 11mmol), KI(332mg, 2mmol) are added at room temperature. The mixture is heated to gentle reflux for 4 hours. The reaction mixture is cooled to room temperature and quenched with water. The resulting mixture is extracted twice with ethyl acetate and then the organic layer is successively washed with water and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated in vacuo to afford the crude compound in 90% yield (2.55g).

Rf = 0.11 (AcOEt only). 1 H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), δ (ppm): 2.56-2.61(m, 4H), 2.83(t, The reaction mixture is cooled to room temperature and quenched slowly with 1NHCl aq at 0°C. The resulting mixture is extracted twice with ethyl acetate and then the organic layer is successively washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated in vacuo to afford the crude compound in 94% yield(15.9g).

Rf = 0.22 (methanol : dichloromethane = 1:4). 1 H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), δ (ppm): 3.95(s, 3H), 5.49(s, 1H), 6.44 (dd, 1H, J=8.8, 2.52Hz), 6.54 (d, 1H, J=2.52Hz), 7.96 (d, 1H J=8.6Hz).

3.72-3.76(m, 4H), 3.94(s, 3H), 4.18(t, 2H), 6.51 (dd, 1H, *J*=9.08, 2.52Hz), 6.56 (d, 1H, *J*=2.48Hz), 8.00 (d, 1H *J*=9.08Hz). 2H),

Example: 45 2-Methoxy-4-(2-morpholin-4-yl-ethoxy)-phenylamine Acetic acid 4-methoxy-3-nitro-phenyl ester

To a solution of 4-Methoxyphenol (12.4g, 100 mmol) in AcOH (50 mL), Ac₂O (50mL) is added at room temperature. The mixture is heated to gentle reflux for 1.5 hour. The reaction mixture is cooled to room temperature and c.HNO₃ (d=1.38, 10mL) is added slowly at 0 $^{\circ}$ C. The mixture is heated to 55 $^{\circ}$ C for 1.5h. The reaction mixture is cooled to room temperature and quenched with water at 0oC. The resulting solid is filtered on Buchner funnel to afford the crude compound in 76% yield (16.0g).

Rf = 0.59 (AcOEt : n-Hexane = 3:7). 1 H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), δ (ppm): 2.31(s, 3H), 3.96(s, 3H), 7.08 (d, 1H, J=9.04Hz), 7.31 (dd, 1H, J=9.04, 3.04Hz), 7.96 (d, 1H J=3.04 Hz).

4-Methoxy-3-nitro-phenol

To a solution of Acetic acid 4-methoxy-3-nitro-phenyl ester (1.06g, 5 mmol) in EtOH (20 mL), 1N NaOH aq (5.5mL) is added at 0°C. The mixture is stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. The reaction mixture is quenched with AcOH and extracted twice with ethyl acetate. The organic layer is successively washed with water and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated in vacuo to afford the crude compound in quantitative yield (840mg).

Rf = 0.59 (AcOEt : n-Hexane = 3:7). 1 H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), δ (ppm): 3.91(s, 3H), 6.99 (d, 1H, J=9.04Hz), 7.17 (dd, 1H, J=9.04, 3.00Hz), 7.38 (d, 1H J=3.04 Hz).

4-[2-(4-Methoxy-3-nitro-phenoxy)-ethyl]-morpholine

To a solution of 4-Methoxy-3-nitro-phenol (1.01g, 6 mmol) in DMF (15 mL) , 4-(2-Chloroethyl)morpholine hydrochloride (1.34g, 7.2mmol), K2CO3 (2.49g, 18mmol), KI(2.99g, 18mmol) are added at room temperature. The mixture is heated to 80° C for 4 hours. The reaction mixture is cooled to room temperature and quenched with saturated NH4Cl solution in water. The resulting mixture is extracted twice with ethyl acetate and then the organic layer is successively washed with water and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated in vacuo to afford the crude compound in quantitative yield (1.70g). Rf = 0.14 (AcOEt only). 1 H-NMR (400MHz, DMSO, $\bar{\delta}$, ppm) : 2.36-2.51 (m, 4H), 2.67 (t, J=5.5, 2H), 3.52-3.60 (m, 4H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 4.11 (t, J=6.0, 2H), 7.25-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.46-7.49 (m, 1H).

Preparation of 2-Methoxy-4-(1-methyl-piperidin-4-yloxy)-phenylamine:

To a solution of 4-(3-Methoxy-4-nitro-phenoxy)-1-methyl-piperidine (3.0g, 11.3 mmol) in ethanol (50 mL), 5% palladium on carbon(300mg) is added under a nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction vessel is fitted with a balloon adapter and charged with hydrogen and evacuated three times until the reaction is under a hydrogen atmosphere. The reaction is allowed to stir overnight. The reaction mixture is filtered through a pad of Celite and washed with methanol. The filtrate is concentrated in vacuo to afford 2-Methoxy-4-(1-methyl-piperidin-4-yloxy)-phenylamine in quantitative yield (2.7g).

Rf = 0.41 (methanol : dichloromethane = 1:1). 1 H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), δ (ppm): 1.75-1.86(m, 2H), 1.92-2.05(m, 2H), 2.2-2.32 (m, 2H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 3.4-3.7(brs, 2H), 3.82(s, 3H), 4.1-4.2(m, 1H), 6.37(dd, 1H), 6.46 (d, 1H), 6.61 (d, 1H).

By repeating the procedures described above using appropriate starting materials and conditions the following compounds are obtained.

46-1 NH ₂ 1-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ, ppm): 3.92(s,3H), 3.97(br 6.75(d,1H), 7.00(dd, 1H), 7.12(d, 1H), 8.06(s, 1H), 8.41 Rf 0.32 (AcOEt) 1-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ, ppm): 1.13(t, 3H), 1.77-1. 1H), 2.19-2.27(m, 1H), 2.67-2.75(m, 2H), 3.01-3.06(m, 13.20-3.26(m, 1H), 3.33-3.38(m, 1H), 3.42-3.49(m, 2H), 3H), 6.04-6.07(m, 1H), 6.14-6.15(m, 1H), 6.64-6.66(m, 0.2 (AcOEt only) 1-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ, ppm): 2.44(s, 3H), 2.70-2. 4H), 3.13-3.17(m, 4H), 3.48(brs, 2H), 3.84(s, 3H), 6.41(J=8.5, 2.52Hz), 6.51(d, 1H, J=2.52Hz), 6.64(d, 1H, J=8.5, 2.52Hz), 6.64	Ex-	Rx	Identification
46-2 NH ₂ 1-(4-Amino-3-methoxy-phenyl)-pyn iidin-3-yr]-othyl-amine 46-3 1-(4-Amino-3-methoxy-phenyl)-pyn iidin-3-yr]-othyl-amine 46-3	No.		
1H), 2.19-2.27(m, 1H), 2.67-2.75(m, 2H), 3.01-3.06(m, 13.20-3.26(m, 1H), 3.33-3.38(m, 1H), 3.42-3.49(m, 2H), 3.H), 6.04-6.07(m, 1H), 6.14-6.15(m, 1H), 6.64-6.66(m, 0.2 (AcOEt only) 1H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ, ppm) : 2.44(s, 3H), 2.70-2.4H), 3.13-3.17(m, 4H), 3.48(brs, 2H), 3.84(s, 3H), 6.41(J=8.5, 2.52Hz), 6.51(d, 1H, J=2.52Hz), 6.64(d, 1H, J=8.7), 6.64(d, 1H, J	46-1	NH ₂ O	6.75(d,1H), 7.00(dd, 1H), 7.12(d, 1H), 8.06(s, 1H), 8.41(s, 1H).
4H), 3.13-3.17(m, 4H), 3.48(brs, 2H), 3.84(s, 3H), 6.41(J=8.5, 2.52Hz), 6.51(d, 1H, J=2.52Hz), 6.64(d, 1H, J=8. Rf 0.2 (AcOEt only). 46-4 NH ₂ 1H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ, ppm) : 1.01-1.12(m, 1H), 1 2.13(m, 6H), 2.26(s,3H), 2.74-2.77(m, 1H), 2.93-2.96(m 3.47 (bs, 2H), 3.70-3.80(m, 2H), 3.82(s, 3H), 6.31-6.34(46-2	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	
2.13(m, 6H), 2.26(s,3H), 2.74-2.77(m, 1H), 2.93-2.96(m 3.47 (bs, 2H), 3.70-3.80(m, 2H), 3.82(s, 3H), 6.31-6.34(46-3	2-Methoxy-4-(4-methyl-plperazin-1-	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ, ppm) : 2.44(s, 3H), 2.70-2.73(m, 4H), 3.13-3.17(m, 4H), 3.48(brs, 2H), 3.84(s, 3H), 6.41(dd, 1H, <i>J</i> =8.5, 2.52Hz), 6.51(d, 1H, <i>J</i> =2.52Hz), 6.64(d, 1H, <i>J</i> =8.5Hz). Rf 0.2 (AcOEt only).
2-Methoxy-4-(1-methyl-piperidin-3- lmethoxy)-phenylamine	46-4	2-Methoxy-4-(1-methyl-piperidin-3-	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ, ppm) : 1.01-1.12(m, 1H), 1.57-2.13(m, 6H), 2.26(s,3H), 2.74-2.77(m, 1H), 2.93-2.96(m, 1H), 3.47 (bs, 2H), 3.70-3.80(m, 2H), 3.82(s, 3H), 6.31-6.34(m, 1H), 6.44-6.45(m, 1H), 6.60-6.62(m, 1H). Rf 0.2 (AcOEt only)

46-5	NH ₂ O	¹ H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl ₃) 1.80-1.67 (2H, <i>m</i>), 1.99-1.90 (2H, <i>m</i>), 2.42-2.27 (1H, <i>m</i>), 2.56-2.43 (4H, <i>m</i>), 2.68-2.58 (2H, <i>m</i>), 2.76-2.58 (4H, <i>m</i>), 3.57-3.48 (2H, <i>m</i>), 3.83 (3H. s), 6.41 (1H, <i>dd</i>), 6.52 (1H, <i>d</i>), 6.63 (1H, <i>d</i>). <i>R</i> _f (hexane/acetone 1:1) 0.44.
46-6	NH ₂ O NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ, ppm) : 1.83-1.95 (m, 2H), 1.97-2.08 (m, 2H), 2.20-2.31 (m, 1H), 2.60-2.72 (m, 2H), 3.46-3.53 (m, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 5.42-5.60 (m, 1H), 6.43 (dd, 1H), 6.53 (d, 1H), 6.64 (d, 1H).
46-7	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ, ppm) : 2.13 (s, 3H), 3.01-3.05 (m, 4H), 3.59 (t, 2H), 3.75 (t, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 6.30 (dd, 1H), 6.39 (bs, 1H), 6.71 (d, 1H).
46-8	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ, ppm): 1.84-1.97 (m, 2H), 1.98-2.07 (m, 2H), 2.20-2.32 (m, 1H), 2.61-2.72 (m, 2H), 3.47-3.55 (m, 2H), 3.95 (s, 3H), 5.20-5.38 (m, 1H), 5.40-5.56 (m, 2H), 6.43 (d, 1H), 6.53 (bs, 1H), 6.64 (d, 1H).
46-9	NH ₂ OH	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ, ppm) : 2.59-2.67 (m, 2H), 2.77-2.68 (m, 4H), 3.08-3.15 (m, 4H), 3.49-3.56 (m, 1H), 3.67-3.77 (m, 2H), 3.98 (s, 3H), 6.41-6.43 (m, 1H), 6.52 (bs, 1H), 6.65 (d, 1H).

46-10	NH ₂	1H NMD (400MH= 0D0L 5) 4 70 4 00 (010)
40-10		¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ, ppm) : 1.72-1.96 (m, 2H), 1.98-2.10 (m, 2H), 2.63 (s, 3H), 2.73-2.84 (m, 2H), 3.40 (s, 3H), 3.34-3.42 (m, 2H), 3.44-3.49 (m, 1H), 3.55-3.57 (m, 2H), 3.64-3.66 (m, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 6.41-6.43 (m, 1H), 6.53 (bs, 1H), 6.63 (d, 1H).
46-11	NH ₂ O	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ, ppm) : 1.22(t, 3H), 1.72-1.84 (m, 2H), 2.00-2.10 (m, 2H), 2.72-2.82 (m, 2H), 3.33-3.38 (m, 2H), 3.43-3.49 (m, 1H), 3.55 (q, 2H), 3.58-3.61 (m, 2H), 3.64-3.66 (m, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 6.41-6.43 (m, 1H), 6.53 (bs, 1H), 6.63 (d, 1H).
46-12	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ, ppm) : 2.20 (s, 3H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 6.87 (d, 1H), 6.89 (dd, 1H), 6.95 (d, 2H), 7.09 (d, 1H), 7.48 (d, 2H). Rf (n-hexane : ethyl acetate = 1:1): 0.50.
46-13	NH ₂	1 H- NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ, ppm): 1.49 – 1.59 (m, 3H), 1.70 – 1.95 (m, 6H), 2.00 – 2.20 (m, 2H), 2.60 – 2.90 (m, 7H), 3.50 – 3.60 (m, 3H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.85 - 3.91 (m, 1H), 6.41 (dd, 1H, J = 8.0, 2.5 Hz), 6.50 (d, 1H, J = 2.5 Hz), 6.63 (d, 1H, J = 8.0 Hz)

46-14	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, DMSO-d6, δ, ppm) : 1.87-1.79(m, 1H), 2.22 (ddd, 1H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 3.05 (dd, 1H), 3.28-3.21 (m, 1H), 3.40-3.32 (m, 2H), 3.45 (dd, 1H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 6.06 (dd, 1H), 6.15 (d, 1H)), 6.66 (d, 1H)
	, h	
46-15	NH ₂	1 H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ, ppm): 2.35 - 2.73 (m, 4H), 2.68 - 2.75 (m, 1H), 2.82 - 2.93 (m, 2H), 3.14 - 3.19 (m, 1H), 3.29 - 3.40 (m, 2H), 3.50 - 3.60 (bs, 2H), 3.69 - 3.78 (m, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 3.85 - 3.91 (m, 1H), 6.40 (dd, 1H, J = 8.0, 2.5 Hz), 6.50 (d, 1H, J = 2.5 Hz), 6.64 (d, 1H, J = 8.0 Hz)
46-16	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, DMSO-d6, δ, ppm) : 1.95-1.85(m, 1H), 2.22-2.14 (m, 1H), 2.31 (s, 3H), 2.89-2.79 (m, 1H), 3.10 (t, 1H), 3.39-3.25 (m, 3H), 3.42 (t, 1H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 6.05 (dd, 1H), 6.14 (d, 1H), 6.67 (d, 1H)
46-17	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ, ppm) : 1.68-1.81 (m, 2H), 1.97-2.09 (m, 2H), 2.74-2.87 (m, 2H), 3.31-3.41 (m, 2H), 3.77-3.88 (m, 1H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 6.40-6.48 (m, 1H), 6.65 (bs, 1H), 6.64 (d, 1H).
46-18	NH ₂	1 H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl ₃), δ (ppm): 2.55-2.61(m, 4H), 2.80(t, 2H), 3.72-3.77(m, 4H), 3.81(s, 3H), 4.05(t, 2H), 6.24 (dd, 1H, J =8.56, 2.52Hz), 6.34 (d, 1H, J =2.52Hz), 6.68 (d, 1H J =8.56Hz). Rf = 0.31 (methanol : dichloromethane = 1:9).

1 42 42		
46-19	NH ₂	1 H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl ₃), δ (ppm): 2.55-2.61(m, 4H), 2.78(t, 2H), 3.72-3.77(m, 4H), 3.82(s, 3H), 4.05(t, 2H), 6.35 (dd, 1H, J =8.56, 2.52Hz), 6.47 (d, 1H, J =2.52Hz), 6.63 (d, 1H J =8.56Hz). Rf = 0.61 (methanol : dichloromethane = 1:4).
46-20	NH ₂ O	¹ H-NMR (DMSO), δ (ppm): 3.84 (s, 3H), 6.95-7.00 (m, 1H), 7.08-7.12 (m, 2H).
46-21	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 1.47-1.34(m, 2H), 1.75-1.63 (m, 1H), 1.86-1.79(m, 2H), 2.64-2.58 (m, 2H), 3.28(d, 2H),3.61(d, 3H),3.87(s, 3H), 3.36(s, 1H),3.49-3.45 (m, 2H), 3.84(s,3H), 6.43(dd, 1H), 6.53(d, 1H) 6.64(d, 1H)
46-22	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 1.13(t, 3H),2.49(dd, 2H), 2.68-2.59 (m, 4H),3.10 (t, 4H), 3.84(s,3H), 6.43(dd, 1H), 6.53(d, 1H) 6.65(d, 1H)
46-23	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 1.78-1.68 (m, 2H), 1.99-1.89 (m, 2H), 2.36-2.20(m, 1H),2.67-2.50(m, 6H), 3.56-3.48(m, 2H),3.79-3.69(m, 4H), 3.84(s,3H), 6.42(dd, 1H), 6.52(d, 1H) 6.64(d, 1H)

16.04	NU	THE NIME (400MH) ODOLY 400MH
46-24	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 1.08 (s, 3H),1.10 (s, 3H), 2.69(t, 4H),2.72-2.68 (m, 1H), 3.08 (t, 4H), 3.83(s,3H), 6.42(dd, 1H), 6.53(d, 1H) 6.64(d, 1H)
46-25	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 1.96-1.84 (m, 2H), 2.07-1.99 (m, 2H), 2.32-2.28(m, 1H), 2.70-2.60(m, 2H), 3.54-3.47(m, 2H), 3.84(s, 3H), 5.35-5.24(m,1H), 5.50-5.45 (m, 1H), 6.42(dd, 1H), 6.52(d, 1H) 6.64(d, 1H)
	H,N O	
46-26	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 2.18-2.03 (m, 2H), 3.28-3.19 (m, 2H), 3.39-3.31(m, 1H), 3.36(s, 3H), 3.49-3.42 (m, 1H), 3.85 (s,3H), 6.07(dd, 1H), 6.16(d, 1H), 6.66(d, 1H)
	, vi	
46-27	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 1.48(s, 9H), 1.88-1.71 (m, 2H), 1.97-1.82 (m, 2H), 2.78 (s, 3H), 2.84-2.64(m, 2H), 3.55-3.48(m, 2H), 3.95(s,3H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 6.43(d, 1H), 6.52(bs, 1H), 6.64(d, 1H)
	N _{boc}	
46-28	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 3.02(s, 3H), 3.33(dd, 2H), 3.44(t, 2H), 3.74 (s, 2H), 3.83(s, 3H), 6.38(dd, 1H), 6.47(d 1H), 6.66(d, 1H)
	No	

46-29	NH ₂ O NH ₂ N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 1.78-1.38 (m, 2H), 1.96-1.89 (m, 2H), 2.30(s, 3H),2.39-2.31(m, 1H), 2.55-2.42(m, 4H),2.71-2.56(m, 6H), 3.35-3.49 (m,2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 6.41(dd, 1H), 6.52(d, 1H) 6.63(d, 1H)
46-30	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 3.80(s, 3H), 3.82(s, 3H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 6.40(s, 1H), 6.54(s, 1H)
46-31	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 3.20(t, 2H), 4.57(t, 2H), 6.55(dd, 1H), 6.70-6.65(m, 1H), 6.68 (d, 1H). Rf 040 (AcOEt)
46-32	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 2.98 (t, 4H), 3.62 (bs, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.87(t, 4H), 6.36(s, 1H), 6.53(s, 1H)
46-33	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 2.37 (s, 3H), 2.61 (t, 4H), 3.27 (t, 4H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.95(s, 3H), 6.48(s, 1H), 7.56(s, 1H)

46-34	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 1.05(t, 3H), 1.83 (ddd, 2H), 2.35(s, 3H), 2.58(t, 4H), 3.07(t, 4H), 3.94(t, 2H), 6.41(dd, 1H), 6.51(d, 1H), 6.65(d, 1H)
46-35	NH ₂ O N AG	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 1.28(s, 3H), 1.30 (s, 3H), 2.04 (s, 2H), 2.17(s, 3H), 2.84-2.72 (m, 2H), 3.20 (d, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 6.41(d, 1H), 6.46(dd, 1H), 6.66(d, 1H),
46-36	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 1.18(t, 3H), 2.39(dd, 2H), 3.07-2.98(m, 4H), 3.61(t, 2H), 3.78(t, 2H), 3.88(s, 3H), 6.41(dd, 1H), 6.51(d, 1H), 6.65(d, 1H)
46-37	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 1.15(s, 3H), 1.16(s, 3H), 2.83(sept, 1H), 3.07-2.98(m, 4H), 3.73-3.64(m, 2H), 3.83-3.76(m, 2H), 3.84(s, 3H), 6.41(dd, 1H), 6.51(d, 1H), 6.65(d, 1H)

	The second secon	
46-38	NH ₂ O NH	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): 2.84(d, 3H), 3.02(t, 4H), 3.51(t, 4H), 3.84(s, 3H), 4.48-4.38(m, 1H), 6.41(dd, 1H), 6.51(d, 1H), 6.65(d, 1H)
46-39	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 1.99-1.81 (m, 2H), 2.23-2.12(m, 2H), 2.69-2.58(m, 2H), 2.84 (d, 3H), 3.54-3.45(m, 2H), 3.84(s, 3H), 5.55-5.45(m, 1H), 6.42(dd, 1H), 6.52(d, 1H), 6.64(d, 1H)
46-40	NH ₂ O Ac	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): 1.53 (s, 6H), 2.11(s, 3H), 3.05(s, 2H), 3.28(t, 2H), 3.64(t, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 6.26 (dd, 1H), 6.33(d, 1H), 6.67(d, 1H)
46-41	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 2.55-2.41 (m, 4H), 2.63 (t, 2H), 3.13(t, 2H), 3.77-3.68(m, 4H), 3.83(s, 3H), 6.15(dd, 1H), 6.25 (d, 1H), 6.62(d, 1H)

46-42	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 2.05-2.00 (m, 2H), 2.39(t, 2H), 3.57(t, 2H), 3.64 (t, 2H), 3.83(s, 3H), 4.04(t, 2H), 6.32 (dd, 1H), 6.44(d, 1H), 6.63(d, 1H)
46-43	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 2.13 (s, 3H), 3.53-3.46 (m, 2H), 3.65-3.55(m, 4H), 3.71-3.66(m, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 6.67(d, 1H), 6.87(dd, 1H), 6.95(d, 1H)
46-44	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 3.73-3.61(m,8H), 3.87(s, 3H), 6.65(d, 1H), 6.86(dd, 1H), 6.95(d, 1H)
46-46	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): 1.17 (s, 3H), 1.19(s, 3H), 2.69(t, 4H), 3.04 (s, 2H), 3.08(t, 4H),4.15-4.07(m, 1H), 6.41 (dd, 1H), 6.51(d, 1H), 6.65(d, 1H), 7.01-6.94(m 1H)

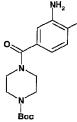
46-47	ŅH ₂	THI NIME (400MI) - OPOL) COT OPO (ON)
40.47		¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 3.35-3.28 (m, 2H), 3.53-3.46(m, 2H), , 3.76 (s, 2H), 3.84(s, 3H), 5.92-5.83 (m, 1H), 6.40(dd, 1H), 6.48(d, 1H), 6.67 (d,1H)
	N	
10.10	H O	
46-48	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 2.09-2.00 (m, 2H), 2.25-2.15 (m, 2H), 3.29-3.20 (m, 2H), 3.51-3.40(m, 4H), 3.85(s, 3H), 4.62-4.55(m, 1H), 6.08(d, 1H), 6.18(d, 1H), 6.67(d, 1H)
	ОН	
46-49	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃): 1.52-1.40 (m, 2H), 1.90-1.84 (m, 2H), 2.68-2.59 (m, 2H), 3.51-3.45(m, 2H), 3.84(s, 3H), 6.44(dd, 1H), 6.54(d, 1H), 6.64(d, 1H)
10.50	он	
46-50	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃) : 2.14 (s, 3H), 2.66 (s, 6H), 6.44 (d, 1H), 6.54 (d, 1H), 6.98 (t, 1H).
46-51	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃) :2.63 (s, 3H), 7.49-7.45 (m, 1H), 7.74-7.62 (m, 2H), 7.76 (dd, 1H), 8.24(d, 1H), 8.77-8.64 (m, 2H).
46-52	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃) :3.84 (s, 3H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 6.78(d, 1H), 6.83 (d, 1H), 7.00-6.89 (m, 3H), 7.45 (d, 1H).

46-53	NH ₂	1H-NMR (400MHz CDCL) :1 40 (f 3H) 3 03 (f 4H) 2 04 (f
40-33		¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃) :1.40 (t, 3H), 3.03 (t, 4H), 3.84 (t, 4H), 4.00 (q, 2H), 6.27 (dd, 1H), 6.38 (d, 1H), 6.71 (dd, 1H),
46-54	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃):1.26 (t, 3H), 3.02 (t, 4H), 3.85 (t, 4H), 4.05 (q, 2H), 6.40(dd, 1H), 6.49 (d, 1H), 6.66 (d, 1H),
46-55	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃) :3.44 (s, 3H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 3.74-3.68 (m, 2H), 3.95-3.85 (m, 2H), 4.10-4.05 (m, 2H), 6.21 (dd, 1H), 6.32(d, 1H), 6.75 (d, 1H).
46-56	NH ₂ OH	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃) :2.35-2.26 (m, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 3.93-3.86 (m, 2H), 4.09-4.07 (m, 2H), 6.25 (dd, 1H), 6.34(d, 1H), 6.76 (d, 1H).
46-57	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃) :1.40 (t, 3H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 4.00 (q, 2H), 6.22(dd, 1H), 6.33 (d, 1H), 6.69 (d, 1H).
46-58	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃) :1.32(d, 6H), 3.73(s, 3H), 3.85-3.71 (m, 2H), 4.37 (sept, 1H), 6.22 (dd, 1H), 6.32 (d, 1H), 6.72 (d, 1H).

46-59	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃):1.04 (t, 3H), 1.80 (ddd, 2H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.85-3.75 (m, 2H), 3.90 (t, 2H), 6.22 (dd, 1H), 6.33 (d, 1H), 6.69 (d, 1H).
46-60	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃) :2.94 (s, 6H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 6.16 (dd, 1H), 6.25 (d, 1H), 6.72 (d, 1H).
46-61	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃) :3.91(s, 3H), 6.87 (d, 1H), 7.02 (dd, 1H), 7.05 (d, 1H), 7.44 (dd, 2H), 8.59 (dd, 2H).
46-62	NH ₂	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃):3.91 (s, 3H), 6.88 (d, 1H), 6.96-6.93(m, 1H), 7.31(ddd, 1H), 7.83-7.80 (m, 1H), 8.51(dd, 1H), 8.78(dd, 1H).
46-63	NH ₂ O	¹ H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl ₃) :3.91 (s, 3H), 6.87 (dd, 1H), 7.16(ddd, 1H), 7.34(dd, 1H), 7.43 (d, 1H), 7.72-7.64 (m, 2H), 8.63-8.61 (m, 1H).
46-64	NH ₂	mp 148.6°C; ¹ H-NMR (500MHz, CDCl ₃) δ (ppm): 1.63 (m; 2H), 1.99 (m; 2H), 2.27 (m; 1H), 2.60 (m; 6H), 3.52 (m; 2H), 3.71 (m; 4H), 3.78 (s; 3H), 6.36 (dd; 1H); 6.52 (d; 1H), 6.73 (d; 1H).

<u>47</u>

Preparation of 4-(3-amino-4-methylbenzoyl)-piperazine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester



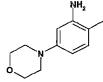
To a solution of 4-methyl-3-nitro-benzoic acid (300 mg, 2.76 mmol), N-butoxycarbonyl-piperazine (340 mg, 1.83 mmol) in DMF (3.0 mL), triethylamine (300 μ L, 3.59 mmol), TBTU (800 mg, 2.49 mmol) and HOAt (270.5 mg,1.99 mmol) are added and stirred at room temperature for 24 hours. The mixture is poured into water and extracted twice with ethyl acetate. The organic layer is washed with water and then brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, and evaporated in vacuo. The residue is purified with silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane : ethyl acetate = 5 : 1) to afford 4-(4-methyl-3- nitrobenzoyl)-piperazine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester as a colorless solid.

¹H-NMR (δ, ppm) : 1.47 (s,9H), 2.64 (s, 3H), 3.88-3.28 (m, 8H), 7.42 (d, 1H), 7.56 (dd, 1H), 8.03 (d, 1H). Rf (hexane : ethyl acetate = 10:1): 0.13.

The title compound is obtained by reduction with hydrogen over 10% palladium on charcoal in methanol solution.

48

Preparation of 4-(3-amino-4-methylphenyl)-morpholine



To a suspension of 4-bromo-1-methyl-2-nitrobenzene (225 mg, 1.04 mmol), morpholine (125 μ L, 1.25 mmol), and cesium carbonate (474.4 mg, 1.46 mmol) in toluene, palladium diacetate (31.2 mg, 0.139 mmol) and 2-(di-t-butylphosphino)biphenyl (125 mg, 0.403 mmol) are added and stirred at 100°C for 5 hours. After cooling, the mixture is filtered to remove insoluble material. The filtrate is poured into water and extracted with ethyl acetate twice. The organic layer is washed with water and then brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, and evaporated in

vacuo. The residue is purified with silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane : ethyl acetate = 5 : 1) to afford 4-(4-methyl-3-nitrophenyl)-morpholine as a yellow solid.

1H-NMR ($\bar{0}$, ppm): 2.50 (s, 3H), 3.19-3.17 (m, 4H), 3.88-3.86 (m, 4H), 7.04 (dd, 1H), 7.21 (d, 1H), 7.47 (d, 1H). Rf (hexane: ethyl acetate = 5:1): 0.20.

The title compound is obtained by reduction with hydrogen over 10% palladium on charcoal in methanol solution.

49 Preparation of 2-[5-chloro-2-(2-methoxy-4-morpholin-4-yl-phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-benzoic acid

To a solution of 1.0 g (3.37 mmol) of 2-(2,5-dichloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-*N*-methyl-benzamide in 15 mL of acetic acid are added 2-methoxy-4-morpholinoaniline dihydrochloride (1.9 g, 6.73 mmol) and 6.0 mL of 1N ethanolic solution of hydrogen chloride (6.0 mmol). After the reaction mixture is stirred at 120°C for 16 hours and cooled to room temperature, aqueous NaHCO₃ solution is added to adjust the acidity between pH 5 and pH 6. The resulting precipitate is collected by a filtration and dried under reduced pressure to give 2-[5-chloro-2-(2-methoxy-4-morpholin-4-yl-phenyl-amino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-benzoic acid (970 mg, 2.12 mmol, 63%) as ivory solid.

NMR (400MHz, DMSO-d6, δ): 3.10-3.20 (m, 4H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.70-3.80 (m, 4H), 6.52 (dd, 1H, J = 8.56, 2.52 Hz), 6.67 (d, 1H, J = 2.52 Hz), 7.08 (dd, 1H, J = 8.04, 8.04 Hz), 7.39 (d, 1H, J = 8.56 Hz), 7.35-7.45 (m, 1H), 7.99 (dd, 1H, J = 8.04, 1.52Hz), 8.14 (s, 1H), 8.28 (s, 1H) 8.70-8.80 (m, 1H).

Example 50: Sulfonamide moieties are prepared as follows:

Preparation of 2-amino-4-chloro-5-methyl-benzenesulfonyl chloride

To a solution of 2-amino-5-chloro-4-methyl-benzenesulfonic acid (3.0 g, 1.35 mmol) in dichloroethane (10 mL) is added sulfuryl chloride (4.4 mL, 3.83 mmol) and stirred at 60° C. After one hour, thionyl chloride (1.3 mL) is added and the mixture is further stirred at 100° C for 7.0 hours. The mixture is poured into iced water and extracted with ether three times. The organic layer is washed with water and then brine, dried over sodium sulfate, and evaporated in vacuo. 1 H-NMR (δ , ppm): 2.35 (s, 3H), 6.68 (s, 1H), 7.75 (s, 1H).

This substituted sulfonyl chloride is reacted with a suitable amine. On reaction e.g. with methylamine, 2-amino-5-chloro-4,N-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide is formed.

Example 51

<u>Preparation of 2-[5-bromo-2-(2-methoxy-4-morpholin-4-yl-phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-N. N-dimethyl-benznensulfonamide</u>

To a solution of 2-[5-Bromo-2-(2-methoxy-4-morpholin-4-yl-phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide (Ex3-19) (1.0g, 1.82mmol) in DMF (10mL), potassium carbonate (300mg, 2.17mmol) and iodomethane (116µl, 1.86mmol) are added. The resulting suspension is stirred at 50°C for 1h. To the reaction mixture, water is added and extracted with ethyl acetate three times. The organic layer is washed with water, dried over sodium sulfate, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue is purified by aluminum oxide column chromatography (AcOEt) to afford the title compound (728mg, 71% yield).

NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 2.74 ((s, 6H), 3.05-3.18 (m, 4H), 3.84-3.93 (m, 4H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 6.43 (dd, 1H), 6.53 (d, 1H), 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.31 (s, 1H), 7.56 (m, 1H), 7.87 (dd, 1H), 8.05 (d, 1H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 8.49 (d, 1H), 9.27 (s, 1H). Rf: 0.23 (AcOEt:Hexane=1:1).

Example 52

<u>Preparation of 2-[5-Bromo-2-(2-methoxy-4-morpholin-4-yl-phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-5-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide</u>

Preparation of 7-Fluoro-1,1-dioxo-1,4-dihydro-2H-1 λ 6-benzo[1,2,4]thiadiazin-3-one

To a solution of chlorosulfonylisocyanate (1.2mL, 13.5mmol) in nitroethane (10mL), 4-fluoroaniline (1.0g, 8.97mmol) is added dropwise at 0°C and the reaction mixture is stirred for 30min. To the solution, aluminum chloride (1.3g, 9.87mmol) is added at 0°C and the mixture is stirred at 100°C for 1 hour. After cooling to room temperature, water is added and the mixture is extracted with ethyl acetate twice. The organic layer is washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting solids are collected by a filtration and wahed with ether to give slightly gray solids (803.9mg, 41%).

NMR (400MHz, DMSO-d6, δ): 7.22-7.28 (m, 1H), 7.45-7.57 (m, 1H), 7.60 (m, 1H), 11.15-11.30 (m, 1H). Rf: 0.43 (MeOH:AcOEt=1:5).

Preparation of 7-Fluoro-2-methyl-1,1-dioxo-1,4-dihydro-2H-1 λ 6-benzo[1,2,4]thiadiazin-3-one

To a solution of 7-Fluoro-1,1-dioxo-1,4-dihydro-2H-1- λ^6 -benzo[1,2,4]thiadiazin-3-one (5.19g, 24.0mmol) in DMF (50mL), sodium hydride (1.04g, 26.0mmol) and iodomethane (1.5mL, 24.0mmol) are added successively and the mixture is stirred for 1 hour at 70°C. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture is poured into water and the precipitate is collected by a filtration and washed with water and hexane, successively, to give slightly gray solids (5.38g, 94%).

NMR (400MHz, DMSO-d6, δ): 3.32 (s, 3H), 7.44 (dd, 1H), 7.75 (ddd, 1H), 7.94 (dd, 1H). Rf (MeOH:AcOEt = 1:5): 0.21. Rf: 0.39 (Hexane:AcOEt=1:1).

Preparation of 2-Amino-5-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide

6.79g of 7-Fluoro-2-methyl-1,1-dioxo-1,4-dihydro-2H-1 λ ⁶-benzo[1,2,4]thiadiazin-3-one (29.5mmol) is dissolved in 20% aq. sodium hydroxide and the resulting solution is stirred at 100°C for 13.5 hours. The mixture is cooled to room temperature and poured into water. 78mL of 5M HCl aq. is added and the precipitate is collected by a filtration and washed with water to afford slightly purple solids (3.96g, 65%).

NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 2.60 (d, 3H), 4.55-4.82 (m, 3H), 6.74 (dd, 1H), 7.05-7.12 (m, 1H), 7.45 (dd, 1H). Rf: 0.41 (Hexane:AcOEt=1:1).

2-(5-Bromo-2-chloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-5-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide

The reaction of pyrimidine with 2-Amino-5-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide is performed in the same manner described in example B.

NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 2.67 (d, 3H), 4.56 (m, 1H), 7.36-7.45 (m, 1H), 7.68 (dd, 1H), 8.39 (s, 1H), 8.42 (dd, 1H), 9.26 (s, 1H). Rf 0.59 (Hexane:AcOEt = 1:1).

<u>2-[5-Bromo-2-(2-methoxy-4-morpholin-4-yl-phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-5-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide</u>

The introduction of substituted aniline is performed according to the manner described in Example A.

NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 2.65 (d, 3H), 3.09-3.16 (m, 4H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 4.50 (q, 1H), 6.41 (dd, 1H), 6.52 (d, 1H), 7.25-7.33 (m, 2H), 7.69 (dd, 1H), 7.95 (d, 1H), 8.20 (s, 1H), 8.37 (dd, 1H), 8.70 (s, 1H). Rf 0.30 (Hexane:AcOEt = 1:1)

Example 53: FAK Assay

All steps are performed in a 96-well black microtiter plate. Purified recombinant hexahistidinetagged human FAK kinase domain is diluted with dilution buffer (50 mM HEPES, pH 7.5, 0.01% BSA, 0.05% Tween-20 in water) to a concentration of 94 ng/mL (2.5 nM). The reaction mixture is prepared by mixing 10 μ L 5x kinase buffer (250 mM HEPES, pH 7.5, 50 μ M Na₃VO₄, 5 mM DTT, 10 mM MgCl $_2$, 50 mM MnCl $_2$, 0.05% BSA, 0.25% Tween-20 in water), 20 μ L water, 5 μ L of 4 μM biotinylated peptide substrate (Biot-Y397) in aqueous solution, 5 μL of test compound in DMSO, and 5 µL of recombinant enzyme solution and incubated for 30 min at room temperature. The enzyme reaction is started by addition of 5 μL of 5 μM ATP in water and the mixture is incubated for 3 hours at 37°C. The reaction is terminated by addition of 200 µL of detection mixture (1 nM Eu-PT66, 2.5 µg/mL SA-(SL)APC, 6.25 mM EDTA in dilution buffer), and the FRET signal from europium to allophycocyanin is measured by ARVOsx+L (Perkin Elmer) after 30 min of incubation at room temperature. The ratio of fluorescence intensity of 665 nm to 615 nm is used as a FRET signal for data analysis in order to cancel the colour quenching effect by a test compound. The results are shown as percent inhibition of enzyme activity. DMSO and 0.5 M EDTA are used as a control of 0% and 100% inhibition, respectively. IC₅₀ values are determined by non-linear curve fit analysis using the OriginPro 6.1 program (OriginLab).

- 156 -

The Biot-Y397 peptide (Biotin-SETDDYAEIID ammonium salt) is designed to have the same amino acid sequence as the region from S392 to D402 of human (GenBank Accession Number L13616) and is prepared by standard methods.

Purified recombinant hexahistidine-tagged human FAK kinase domain is obtained in the following way: Full-length human FAK cDNA is isolated by PCR amplification from human placenta Marathon-ReadyTM cDNA (Clontech, No. 7411-1) with the 5' PCR primer (ATGGCAGCTGCTTACCTTGAC) and the 3' PCR primer (TCAGTGTGGTCTCGTCTGCCC) and subcloned into a pGEM-T vector (Promega, No. A3600). After digestion with AccIII, the purified DNA fragment is treated with Klenow fragment. The cDNA fragment is digested with BamHI and cloned into pFastBacHTb plasmid (Invitrogen Japan K.K., Tokyo) previously cut with BamHI and Stu I. The resultant plasmid, hFAK KD (M384-G706)/pFastBacHTb, is sequenced to confirm its structure. The resulting DNA encodes a 364 amino acid protein containing a hexahistidine tag, a spacer region and a rTEV protease cleavage site at the N-terminal and the kinase domain of FAK (Met384-Gly706) from position 29 to 351.

Donor plasmid is transposed into the baculovirus genome, using MaxEfficacy DH10Bac *E.coli* cells. Bacmid DNA is prepared by a simple alkaline lysis protocol described in the Bac-to-Bac® Baculovirus Expression system (Invitrogen). Sf9 insect cells are transfected based on the protocol provided by the vendor (CellFECTIN®, Invitrogen). The expression of FAK in each lysate is analysed by SDS-PAGE and Western blotting with anti-human FAK monoclonal antibody (clone #77 from Transduction Laboratories).

The virus clone that shows the highest expression is further amplified by infection to Sf9 cells. Expression in ExpresSF+® cells (Protein Sciences Corp., Meriden, Connecticut, USA) gives high level of protein with little degradation. Cell lysates are loaded onto a column of HiTrapTM Chelating Sepharose HP (Amersham Biosciences) charged with nickel sulfate and equilibrated with 50 mM HEPES pH 7.5, 0.5 M NaCl and 10 mM imidazole. Captured protein is eluted with increasing amounts of imidazole in HEPES buffer / NaCl, and further purified by dialysis in 50 mM HEPES pH 7.5, 10% glycerol and 1 mM DTT.

Example 54: Cell-free ZAP-70 Kinase assay

The ZAP-70 kinase assay is based on time-resolved fluorescence resonance energy transfer (FRET). 80 nM ZAP-70 are incubated with 80 nM Lck (lymphoid T-cell protein tyrosine kinase)

- 157 -

and 4 μM ATP in ZAP-70 kinase buffer (20 mM Tris, pH 7.5, 10 μM Na₃VO₄, 1 mM DTT, 1 mM MnCl₂, 0.01 % BSA, 0.05 % Tween-20) for 1 hour at room temperature in a siliconized polypropylene tube. Then, the selective Lck inhibitor PP2 (1-tert-butyl-3-(4-chloro-phenyl)-1Hpyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-4-ylamine; Alexis Biochemicals) is added (final concentration 1.2 μM) and incubated for further 10 min. 10 μL of this solution is mixed with the 10 μL biotinylated peptide LAT-11 (1 μM) as substrate and 20 μL of serial dilutions of inhibitors and incubated for 4 hours at room temperature. The kinase reaction is terminated with 10 μL of a 10 mM EDTA solution in detection buffer (20 mM Tris, pH 7.5, 0.01 % BSA, 0.05 % Tween-20). 50 μ L europium-labelled anti-phosphotyrosine antibody (Eu-PT66; final concentration 0.125 nM); and 50 μL streptavidin-allophycocyanine (SA-APC; final concentration 40 nM) in detection buffer are added. After 1 hour incubation at room temperature fluorescence is measured on the Victor2 Multilabel Counter (Wallac) at 665 nm. Background values (low control) are obtained in the absence of test samples and ATP and are subtracted from all values. Signals obtained in the absence of test samples are taken as 100% (high control). The inhibition obtained in the presence of test compounds is calculated as percent inhibition of the high control. The concentration of test compounds resulting in 50% inhibition (IC₅₀) is determined from the doseresponse curves. In this assay, the agents of the invention have IC50 values in the range of 10 nM to 2 µM, preferably from 10 nM to 100 nM.

Recombinant ZAP-70 kinase is obtained as follows: A nucleic acid encoding full-length human ZAP-70 (GenBank #L05148) is amplified from a Jurkat cDNA library by RT-PCR and cloned into the pBluescript KS vector (Stratagene, California, USA). The authenticity of the ZAP-70 cDNA insert is validated by complete sequence analysis. This donor plasmid is then used to construct a recombinant baculovirus transfer vector based on the plasmid pVL1392 (Pharmingen, California, USA) featuring in addition an N-terminal hexahistidine tag. Following co-transfection with AcNPV viral DNA, 10 independent viral isolates are derived via plaque-purification, amplified on small scale and subsequently analyzed for recombinant ZAP-70 expression by Western Blot using a commercially available anti-ZAP-70 antibody (Clone 2F3.1, Upstate Biotechnology, Lake Placid, NY, USA). Upon further amplification of one positive recombinant plaque, titrated virus stocks are prepared and used for infection of Sf9 cells grown in serum-free SF900 II medium (Life Technologies, Basel, Switzerland) under defined, optimized conditions. ZAP-70 protein is isolated from the lysate of infected Sf9 cells by affinity chromatography on a Ni-NTAcolumn (Qiagen, Basel, Switzerland).

- 158 -

Recombinant His-tagged ZAP-70 is also available from PanVera LLC, Madison, Wisconsin, USA.

LAT-11 (linker for activation of T cell): The biotinylated peptide LAT-11 (Biotin-EEGAPDYENLQELN) used as a substrate in the ZAP-70 kinase assay is prepared in analogy to known methods of peptide synthesis. The N- α Fmoc group of Fmoc-Asn(Trt)-oxymethyl-4phenoxymethyl-co(polystyrene-1%-divinyl-benzene), content of Asn approx. 0.5 mmol/g, is cleaved using piperidine, 20% in DMF. Four equivalents per amino-group of Fmoc-amino acid protected in their side chains [Asp(OtBu), Glu(OtBu), Asn(Trt), Gln(Trt) and Tyr(tBu)] are coupled using DIPCDI and HOBt in DMF. After complete assembly of the peptide chain the terminal Fmoc-protecting group is removed with piperidine in DMF as before. L(+)-biotinylaminohexanoic acid is then coupled to the terminal amino group using DIPCDI and HOBt in DMF using four equivalents of the reagents for four days at RT. The peptide is cleaved from the resin support and all side-chain protecting groups are simultaneously removed by using a reagent consisting of 5% dodecylmethylsulfide and 5% water in TFA for two hours at RT. Resin particles are filtered off, washed with TFA and the product is precipitated from the combined filtrates by the addition of 10 to 20 volumes of diethyl ether, washed with ether and dried. The product is purified by chromatography on a C-18 wide-pore silica column using a gradient of acetonitrile in 2% aqueous phosphoric acid. Fractions containing the pure compound are collected, filtered through an anion-exchange resin (Biorad, AG4-X4 acetate form) and lyophilized to give the title compound. MS: 1958.0 (M-H)⁻¹

Example 55: Phosphorylation levels of FAK

Phosphorylation levels of FAK at Tyr397 is quantified by the sandwich ELISA. Mouse mammary carcinoma 4T1 cells (1 x 10^5) are plated in wells of 96-well culture plates and incubated with or without various concentrations of inhibitors for 1 h in Dulbecco's modified eagle medium containing 0.5% BSA. The medium is removed and cells are lysed in 200 μ L 50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.4, containing 1% NP-40, 0.25% sodium deoxycholate, 150 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM PMSF, 1 mM Na $_3$ VO₄, 1 mM NaF, 1 μ g/mL aprotinin, 1 μ g/mL leupeptin and 1 μ g/mL pepstatin. After centrifugation, the supernatants are subjected to a sandwich ELISA to quantify the phosphorylated FAK and total FAK. Cell lysates are applied to 96-well flat-bottom ELISA plates which have been pre-coated with 100 μ L/well of 4 μ g/mL mouse monoclonal anti-FAK antibody (clone 77, Becton Dickinson Transduction Laboratories) in 50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 9.5, containing 150 mM NaCl for 18 h at 4°C and blocked with 300 μ L of BlockAce (Dainippon Pharmaceuticals

- 159 -

Co.) diluted at 1:4 with H_2O at room temperature for 2 h. After washing with TBSN (20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.3, containing 300 mM NaCl, 0.1% SDS and 0.05% NP-40), total FAK is detected with 100 μ L of 1 μ g/ml anti-FAK polyclonal antibody (#65-6140, Upstate Biology Inc.), and phosphorylated FAK is detected with 100 μ L of 0.25 μ g/ μ L anti-phosphorylated FAK (Y397) antibody (Affinity BioReagents, #OPA1-03071) in BlockAce diluted at 1:10 with H_2O . After 1 h incubation at room temperature, plates are washed with TBSN and 100 μ L of biotinylated antirabbit IgG (#65-6140, Zymed Laboratolies Inc.) diluted at 1:2000 with BlockAce diluted at 1:10 with H_2O is incubated at room temperature for 1 h. After washing with TBSN, ABTS solution substrate kit (#00-2011, Zymed Lobolatories Inc.) is used for color development. Absorbance at 405 nm is measured after 20 min incubation at room temparature. The concentration of compound causing 50% reduction of phosphorylation level of FAK is determined.

Example 56: Anchorage-independent tumor cell growth assay

Mouse mammary carcinoma 4T1 cells (5 x 10^3) are plated in 96-well Ultra low Attachment plates (#3474, Corning Inc.) in 100 μ L of Dulbecco's modified eagle medium containing 10% FBS. Cells are cultured for 2 h and inhibitors are added at various concentrations in a final concentration of 0.1% DMSO. After 48 h, cell growth is assayed with the cell counting kit-8 (Wako Pure Chemical), which uses a water soluble tetrazolium salt WST8. Twenty μ L of the reagent is added into each well and cells are further cultured for 2 h. The optical density is measured at 450 nm. The concentration of compound causing 50 % inhibition of growth is determined.

Example 57: In vitro T cell migration assay:

Inhibitory activities of FAK inhibitors on the mobility of immune cells are secured by the following in vitro study. That is, Jurkat T human leukemic cell line are placed at 1×10^5 cells in the upper chamber of Fluoroblok with 8 µm pores (Beckton Dickinson, UK), and are allowed to migrate by four hours cultivation at 37°C, in 95% air-5% CO₂ depending on a concentration gradient of fetal bovine serum (10% FBS). Cell mobility is appraised through the number of cells migrated into lower chamber by labeling with calcein-AM (Molecular Probes, Netherlands) at 8 µg/ml in HBSS for 1 h. For evaluation of FAK inhibitors, both the upper and lower chambers are added with various concentrations of FAK inhibitors (0.03 – 1 µM). IC50 values are calculated by the decrement of those fluorescent intensity compared to that in vehicle-treated group measured with Ascent (Ex: 485 nm, Em: 538 nm).

- 160 -

Example 58: Test for activity against IGF-I induced IGF-IR autophosphorylation using the cellular "Capture ELISA" test

The assay is conducted as follows:

For the assay NIH-3T3 mouse fibroblasts transfected with human IGF-IR cDNA (complete human IGF-IR cDNA: GenBank Acc. No. NM_000875), prepared as described in Kato et al., J. Biol. Chem. <u>268</u>, 2655-61, 1993, are used. The cells which overexpress human IGF-IR are cultured in Dulbecco's minimal essential (DMEM) medium, containing 10 % Fetal Calf Serum (FCS). For the assay 5,000 cells/well are plated on day 1 on 96-well plates (Costar #3595) in normal growth medium and incubated for 2 days at 37°C in a standard CO₂ cell incubator. The density of the cells does not exceed 70-80 % at day 3. On day 3 the medium is discarded and the cells are incubated for 24 h in minimal medium (DMEM, containing 0.5 % FCS). Compounds of formula I [starting from 10 mM dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO) stock solutions] are added to produce final concentrations of 0.01, 0.03, 0.1, 0.3, 1, 3 and 10 μ M to determine the IC₅₀ value. The cells are incubated for 90 min in the presence of a compound of formula I. Thereafter the cells are stimulated with 50 μ I IGF-I (final concentration of IGF-I in the well = 10 ng/mI; IGF-I is obtained from Sigma; Product Code: I 3769) and incubated for 10 min at 37°C. The medium is discarded and the cells are washed twice with PBS/O (=Phosphate-Buffered Saline without CaCl₂) and Iysed for 15 min on ice with 50 μ I/well RIPA-buffer [50 mM Tris*HCl,

Saline without CaCl₂) and lysed for 15 min on ice with 50 µl/well RIPA-buffer [50 mM Tris•HCl, pH=7.2, 120 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA, 6 mM EGTA, 1% NP-40, 20 mM NaF, 1 mM benzamidine, 15 mM sodium pyrophosphate, 1 mM Phenyl methyl sulphonyl fluoride (PMSF) and 0.5 mM Na₃VO₄] and shaken for 10 min using a 96-well plate shaker (=cellular extracts).

Packard HTRF-96 black plates are coated with 50 μ l IGF-IR monoclonal Antibody (mAB) (Santa Cruz; Cat. No.: SC-462) in a concentration of 5 μ g/ml at 4°C overnight. The plates are washed twice with 0.05% (v/v) Tween-20 in Phosphate-Buffered Saline (PBS) and once with nanopure H₂O. Blocking is done for 2 h at room temperature (RT) with 3% Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA) in TBS-T buffer (20 mM Tris•HCl, pH=7.6, 137 mM NaCl, 0.05 % Tween-20). After blocking, the plates are washed once with nanopure H₂O.

Cellular extracts (40 μ l/well) are pipetted onto the precoated Packard plates, together with 40 μ l of the anti-phosphotyrosine mouse mAB PY-20 conjugated with Alkaline Phosphatase (AP) (1:1000 diluted in RIPA buffer; the antibody is obtained from Transduction Labs; Cat. No.: P11120).

After incubating the extracts and the secondary antibody for 2 h at 4 °C, the extracts are discarded, the plates are washed twice with 0.05% (v/v) Tween-20 in PBS and once with nanopure water.

90 μ l/well AP substrate (CDP-Star; obtained from Tropix; Cat. No.: MS100RY) are then added and the plates are incubated for 45 min at RT in the dark, followed by measuring AP activity in a Packard Top Count Microplate Scintillation Counter. The IC₅₀ values for the compounds of formula I are calculated via linear regression analysis using the GraphPad Instat program (GraphPad Software, USA). IC₅₀ values in the range of 5 nM to 1 μ M, especially in the range of 5 nM to 300 nM are found.

Example 59 *In vivo* activity in the nude mouse xenograft model:

female or male BALB/c nude mice (5-8 weeks old, Charles River Japan, Inc., Yokohama, Japan) are kept under sterile conditions with water and feed ad libitum. Tumours are induced by subcutaneous injection of tumour cells (human epithelial cell line MIA PaCa-2; European Collection of Cell Cultures (ECACC), Salisbury, Wiltshire, UK, Catalogue Number 85062806; cell line from a 65 year old Caucasian male; undifferentiated human pancreatic carcinoma cell line) into left or right flank of mice under Forene® anaesthesia (Abbott Japan Co., Ltd., Tokyo, Japan). Treatment with the test compound is started when the mean tumor volumes reached approximately 100 mm³. Tumour growth is measured two times per week and 1 day after the last treatment by determining the length of two perpendicular axis. The tumour volumes are calculated in accordance with published methods (see Evans et al., Brit. J. Cancer 45, 466-8, 1982). The anti-tumour efficacy is determined as the mean increase in tumour volume of the treated animals divided by the mean increase in tumour volume of the untreated animals (controls) and, after multiplication by 100, is expressed as delta T/C [%]. Tumour regression is reported as the mean changes of tumor volume of the treated animals divided by the mean tumor volume at start of treatment and, after multiplication by 100, is expressed as regression [%]. The test compound is orally administered daily with or without drug holidays.

As an alternative to cell line MIA PaCa-2, another cell line may also be used in the same manner, for example:

- the 4T1 breast carcinoma cell line (ATCC Number CRL-2539; see also Cancer. 88(12 Supple), 2979-2988, 2000) with female BALB/c mice (injection into mammary fat pad).

On the basis of these studies, a compound of formula I according to the invention shows therapeutic efficacy especially against proliferative diseases responsive to an inhibition of a tyrosine kinase.

Example 60: Tablets

Tablets comprising 50 mg of active ingredient, for example one of the compounds of formula I described in Examples 1 to 131, and having the following composition are prepared in customary manner:

Composition:

active ingredient	50 mg
wheat starch	150 mg
lactose	125 mg
colloidal silicic acid	12.5 mg
talc	22.5 mg
magnesium stearate	2.5 mg
Total:	362.5 mg

<u>Preparation</u>: The active ingredient is mixed with a portion of the wheat starch, with the lactose and the colloidal silicic acid and the mixture is forced through a sieve. A further portion of the wheat starch is made into a paste, on a water bath, with five times the amount of water and the powder mixture is kneaded with the paste until a slightly plastic mass is obtained.

The plastic mass is pressed through a sieve of about 3 mm mesh size and dried, and the resulting dry granules are again forced through a sieve. Then the remainder of the wheat starch, the talc and the magnesium stearate are mixed in and the mixture is compressed to form tablets weighing 145 mg and having a breaking notch.

Example 61: Soft Capsules

5000 soft gelatin capsules comprising each 50 mg of active ingredient, for example one of the compounds of formula I described in Examples 1 to 131, are prepared in customary manner:

Composition:

- 163 -

active ingredient

250 g

Lauroglykol

2 litres

Preparation: The pulverized active ingredient is suspended in Lauroglykol® (propylene glycol laurate, Gattefossé S.A., Saint Priest, France) and ground in a wet pulverizer to a particle size of approx. 1 to 3 μ m. 0.419 g portions of the mixture are then dispensed into soft gelatin capsules using a capsule-filling machine.

- 164 -

Biological results:

Example	FAK IC50 (nM)	Phos IC50 (μM)	Growth IC50 (μM)	T Cell Migration IC50 (μΜ)	IGF-1R IC50 (μM)
1.00	140	0.7	>10		
2.00	13	1.2			
3.01	44	0.34	>10		
3.02	36	0.85	4		
3.03	9.1	0.14	0.8	-	
3.04	32	0.53	2		
3.05	21	0.17	2		>10
3.06	13	0.11	2		
3.07	16	0.45	2		
3.08	74	0.3	6		
3.09	48	0.5	0.7		
3.10	52	0.95	>10		
3.11	9	0.04	0.3		0.2
3.12	5.4	0.01	1		
3.13	58	1.7	0.6		0.74
3.14	54	0.4	5		01.1
3.15	7	0.02	0.8		0.94
3.16	48	1.1	3		0.01
3.17	2.8	0.03	0.2		<0.08
3.18	130	1.5	9		-0.00
3.19	6.8	0.35	0.8		0.1
3.20	16	0.22	0.3		0.1
3.22	120	0.9	2		
3.23	38	0.39	0.5		
3.24	64	3.5	5		
3.25	22	0.3	0.3		0.81
3.26	50	0.79	2		
3.28	43	0.71	0.7		
3.29	89	0.6	>10		
3.30	69	0.6	3		
3.31	13	1.1	5		
3.32	14	0.18	0.49	0.28	0.12
3.33	2.9	0.03	0.05	0.09	0.13
3.34	7	0.1	0.24	0.13	<0.08
3.35	13	0.02	0.17	0.8	3.55
3.36	43	1.8	2.8		
3.37	39	1.1	2.6		
3.38	64	1.7	3.8		
3.39	2	0.02	0.03	1	0.09
3.40	9	>10	0.9		
3.41	22	>10	0.43		
3,42	29	0.35	0.3		
3.43	5.6	0.2	0.11		0.27
3.44	11	0.05	0.09		0.09
3.45	0.9	0.02	0.02		
3.46	4	0.1	0.18	0.3	
3.47	1	0.1	0.06		
3.48	7	0.07	0.3		0.21
3.49	39	10	0.39		

2.50	40	0.40		,	
3.50	13	0.12	1		1.19
3.51	29	0.2	0.4		0.41
3.52	29	0.42	2		
3.53	6	0.07	0.21		
3.54	0.9	0.01	0.07		<0.08
3.55	34	>10	3		
3.56	28	0.53	0.15		
3.57	28	0.61	3		
3.58	21	0.08	0.3		0.14
3.59	95	1,2	>10		
3.60	90	0.93	2		
3.61	12	10	>10		
3.62	63	>10	>10		
3.63	27	>10	>10		
3.64	5	0.13	0.7	0.21	
3.65	8	80.0	0.1		0.15
3.66	1	0.08	0.07		0.25
3.67	6	0.38	0.39		
3.68	5.5	0.2	0.63	1	
3.69	4	0.2	0.11	0.58	
3.70	3.5	0.02	0.13		
3.71	11	0.05	0.08		
3.72	2.1	0.11	0.06		
3.73	11	0.03	0.29		1.63
3.74	15	0.1	0.15		
3.75	72	0.5	1.3		
3.76	15	0.29	1.3	0.7	
3.77	65	>10	3		
3.78	10	>10	0.22	•	
3.79	5	1.3	0.12		
3.80	12	0.22	0.45		5
3.81	21	0.52	0.98		>10
3.82	4.8	0.2	0.07		
3.83	20	0.08	0.32		0.68
3.84	10	1	0.08		
6.00	110	0.35	5		
7.00	5.3	0.21	0.47	0.04	0.19
7.01	4.7	0.6	0.54		0.19
7.02	7.5	0.1	0.36		0.77
7.03	2.9	0.3	0.39		0.27
7.04	5.2	1	0.29		
7.05	6.2	0.3	0.2		0.25
7.06	17	0.8	1.09	0.25	
7.07	4.1	0.9	0.18		
7.08	8.7	0.8	1		
7.09	8.2	1	0.85		
7.10	6.6	1	0.98		
7.11	2.5	0.6	1.2		0.77
7.12	1.9	0.9	1 1	0.31	0.62
		0.8	1.22	5.5.	0.02
7.13	5.5				
7.13 7.14	5.5 7.6				0.33
7.14	7.6	0.3	0.36		0.33
7.14 7.15	7.6 4.5	0.3 0.06	0.36 0.19		0.33 0.26
7.14	7.6	0.3	0.36		

7.19	13	<u> </u>	0.33		
7.20	2.5	>10	0.11		
7.21	3.3	>10	0.46		
7.22	25	- 10	0.48		
7.23	1.4		0.25		
7.24	5.1		0.09		
7.25	13	0.2	0.73		
7.25	2	>10	0.73		-
7.26	4.1	- 10	0.15		
7.27	21	0.5	0.13		
7.28	34	1	0.15		
7.29	57	2	0.48		
7.30	2.1		0.3	1	
8.01	6.6	0.6	0.33	<u> </u>	
8.02	2.4	0.5	0.99		
8.03	13	0.22	1		>10
8.04	8	>10	1.1		710
9.01	22	0.36	1	0.6	
9.02	15	0.5	0.81	0.0	
9.03	18	0.5	0.37		
9.04	13	0.1	0.73		
9.05	22	0.36	1.6		0.6
9.06	23	3	0.4	0.3	0.6
9.07	17	>10	0.26	0.5	
10.01	39	1	0.44		
10.01	26	0.9			
10.02	23		1.06 2.4		
11.01	9	0.9 0.7	0.85		
11.02	4.1	0.7	0.69		
11.03	26	0.8			
11.03	4.3	>10	0.1 3.2		
12.01	2.5	0.09	0.4	0.22	
12.02	1.6	0.08	0.05	0.22	
12.02	2.3		0.25		***
12.03	1.1	***************************************	0.25		
12.04	2.6		0.14		
13.01	65		0.01		
14.01	19	0.2	0.81	0.00	
			1.47	0.28	
14.02 14.03	190 30	2 10	1.1	1	
14.03	18	10	1.01 0.54		
	37	\10			
14.05		>10	1		
14.06	63	10	1.11		
14.07	7.5 15	0.2	1.4		
15.01	21	10	0.47		
15.02 15.03	44	>10 2	0.66		
			1.67		
16.01	44	>10	4		
16.02	6	>10	0.6		
16.03	21	3	>10		
16.04	9.5	>10	0.92		
16B	11	3	7		
16.C	28	0.9	>10		
18.01	19	>10	1.29		
19.01	<1	0.2	0.3	0.29	1.41

10.00		T			
19.02	1.6	0.13	0.38		0.91
19.03	<1	0.3	0.09		0.64
19.04	1.6	0.2	0.34		0.14
19.05	1.8	0.2	0.67	0.07	0.47
19.06	5	11	0.7		
19.07	2.1	0.3	0.11		
19.08	3.2	0.03	0.4	0.29	0.13
19.09	1.3	0.17	0.39	0.3	0.48
19.10	1,3	0.06	0.56		1.02
19.11	38	>10	2		
19.12	9	>10	0.7		0.63
19.13	2.5	0.3	1.1		
19.14	2.6	0.4	1.13		0.44
19.15	3.1	0.5	0.36		
19.16	2.3	0.7	1.1		
19.17	1	>10	0.17		
19.18	7	0.13	0.87		
19.19	5.7		0.4		
19.20	1.6	0.03	0.07		0.23
19.21	84	>10	1.71		
19.22	3.4	0.12	0.51		
19.23	6.4	0.7	0.71		
19.24	1.8	0.05	0.12		
19.25	7.2	1	0.49		0.24
19.26	6.1	0.1	0.3		
19.27	1.5	0.3	0.4		
19.28	4.8	0.1	0.12	0.3	0.46
19.29	1.9				
19.30	<1	0.06	0.1		
19.31	1.8	0.4	0.38		
19.32	1.4	0.2	0.31		
20.01	10	0.3	0.18	0.25	0.7
20.02	9	0.12	0.17	0.75	0.52
20.03	42	0.4	2.5	0.1.0	2.78
20.04	23	0.58	1.9		2.70
20.05	6.8	0.87	1.46		
20.06	5	0.36	0.14	49	
20.07	3	0.1	0.05		0.38
20.08	6.8	0.17	0.05	0.29	0.00
20.09	2	0.3	0.01		
20.10	2	0,1	0.02		
20.11	26	2	0.4		
20.12	9.5				
20.13	6.3		0.04		
20.14	33		0.32		
20.15	14	0.4	0.97	0.3	
20.16	7.5		0.06		
20.17	2		0.14		
20.18	15		0.81		
20.19	28		0.21		
20.20	3.12				0.1
20.21	26	3	0.68		
20.22	8	>10	0.19		
20.23	30	0.49	3		
20.24	19	0.48	2		
	<u> </u>	JFU			

- 168 -

20.25	6.2	0.21	0.06	<u> </u>	<u></u>
20.25	5.3	0.76	0.06 0.27		
20.26	12	0.76	0.05		0.00
	9.2				0.29
20.28		0.17	0.08		0.42
20.29	6.1	0.2	0.05		0.31
20.30	7.6	0.3	0.08		0.67
20.31	39		0.5		
20.32	13		0.11		
20.33	2.5		0.38		
20.34	13	1 1	0.12		
20.35	8.7	0.09	0.09		0.15
21.01	11	0.07	0.19		0.47
21.02	8.5	0.33	>10		
21.03	1.7	0.3	0.3		
21.04	1.8	0.05	0.3		
22.01	43	>10	>10		
22.02	26	11	3		
22.03	6.6	0.09	0.15		0.26
23.01	3.4	0.6	0.2	0.63	0.53
23.02	1.5	0.2	0.4		0.8
23.03	1.7	11	1.12		0.82
23.04	1.2	0.9	1.07		0.6
23.05	1.9	>10	0.59		
23.06	16	11	0.57		
23.07	2.1	3	0.84		
23.08	6.7	0.3	0.49		
23.09	2.1	0.2	0.28		
24.01	3.6	0.11	0.44		0.05
24.02	2.1	0.5	0.11		0.39
24.03	1	0.3	1.08		
25.01	8.5	3	1		
25.02	3	0.4	0.13		0.64
26.01	4.4	0.05	0.35		0.29
26.02	1.9	0.03	0.12	0.09	0.39
26.03	1.4	0.1	0.13		0.23
26.04	4.9	0.05	0.43	0.29	1.16
26.05	2.1	0.09	0.23		1.5
26.06	4.4	0.1	0.35		
26.07	11	0.5	0.95		
26.08	2.9	0.01	0.18		
26.09	2.3	0.04	0.22		
26.10	2	0.01	0.14		
26.11	4.4	0.4	0.78	0.5	
26.12	3.7	0.2	0.19		
26.13	1.6	0.2	0.44		
26.14	5		0.19		
26.15	6.9	1.2	0.08		0.07
26.16	9	0.32	2	-	
26.17	17	0.3	0.1	0.26	
26.18	1.3	6	1.17	U.EU	
26.19	9.2	0.43	0.79		
26.20	10	0.14	0.22	0.6	0.49
26.21	1.1	0.14	0.49	0.0	0.70
26.22	<1	0.1	0.28		
26.23	1.4	0.1	0.09	0.3	0.18
20.23	1.4	1 0.3	0,09	10.5	0.10

26.24	1	0.5	0.48	0.0	
26.25	 	0.6	0.73	0.9	ļ
26.26	1.9	0.2	0.07	0.3	0.34
26.27	4.8	0.6	1.49		0.34
26.28	2.1	0.5	1.52		
26.29	<1	0.31	0.26		
26.30	4.4	1	0.76		
26.31	2	0.3	0.76	<u> </u>	
26.32	1.6	0.3	0.05	0.6	
26.33	4		0.06	0.23	
26.34	7		0.06	0.25	
26.35	4.5				
26.36	1.9		0.05	0,3	
26.37	<1		0.07	0.09	
26.38	<1				
26.39	3.1				
27.01		0.00	0.47		
		0.06	0.47		
27.02	5.1	0.5	1.1		
27.03 27.04	6.3	>10 0.1	0.56		
27.05	8.2		0.27		
27.06		0.04	0.3		
27.07	1 5 5	0.08	0.31		
27.08	5.5	2	0.57		
27.09	9.3	0.6	0.75		
28.01	4.2	0.5	0.36		
	12	0.3	0.46		0.3
28.02	1.9	0.08	0.44		3.71
28.03	7.4	0.07	0.29		
28.04	7.5	0.3	0.3		
28.05	6.7	0.1	0.12		1.39
28.06	17	0.6	0.56		
28.07	47	3	>10		
28.08	4.6	0.4	0.37		
28.09	3.1	0.5	0.36		
28.10	20	3	1.85	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
28.11	4.2	0.5	0.63		
28.12	3.2	0.3	0.43		0.1
28.13	7.8	0.1	0.55	0.29	
28.14	3	0.1	1.44		
28.15	10	0.5	0.69		
28.16	11	0.11	1	0.6	
28.17	15	0.16	1.9		
28.18	9.1	>10	2.03		
28.19	3.7	0.5	0.14		
28.20	4.4	2	0.4		
28.21	1.3	0.1	0.23		
28.22	1.3	0.1	0.3		
28.23	5.9	0.5	0.28		
28.24	2.9	0.2	0.09		2.57
28.25	3.9	0.04	0.13		
28.26	6.6	0.2	0.57		
28.27	2.4	0.3	0.42	0.5	
28.28	5.2	0.4	0.52	11	
28.29	11	0.4	0.36		
28.30	2.3	0.9	0,11		

- 170 -

28.31	7.4	0.06	1.06	
29.01	13	0.7	2.2	0.09
29.02	3.3	0.7	1.1	
29.03	5.6	0.1	0.99	
30.01	22	0.2	0.89	
30.02	12	0.2	0.47	
30.03	19	0.5	0.68	
30.04	25	0.3	0.99	
30.05	8.5	2	0.29	
30.06	15	1	1.03	
30.07	8.8	0.6	0.47	
31.01	30	>10	1.6	
31.02	31	0.28	0.29	0.42
32.01	4.1	0.1	0.29	
32.02	5.9	0.05	0.37	0.12
33.01	2.5	0.08	0.25	
33.02	5.2	0.06	0.25	0.1
34.01	8	0.1	0.37	0.28
34.02	11	0.08	1.17	
34.03	33	0.19	2.25	
34.04	13	>10	1.22	
34.05	51	0.36	5.1	
34.06	14	>10	3	
34.07	27	>10	2.7	
34.08	8.7	>10	1.9	
35.01	6.8	>10	1.43	
35.02	6.1	0.7	0.23	
51.00	8.1	0.013	0.19	0.2
52.00	13	0.2	0.41	<0.08

(I)

Claims

1. A compound of formula I

wherein

each of R⁰, R¹, R²,and R³ independently is hydrogen, C₁-C₈alkyl, C₂-C₈alkenyl, C₂-C₈alkinyl, C₃-C₈cycloalkyl, C₃-C₈cycloalkylC₁-C₈alkyl, C₅-C₁₀arylC₁-C₈alkyl, hydroxyC₁-C₈alkyl, C₁-C₈alkoxyC₁-C₈alkyl, aminoC₁-C₈alkyl, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, unsubstituted or substituted C₅-C₁₀aryl, unsubstituted or substituted 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl comprising 1, 2 or 3 hetero atoms selected from N, O and S, hydroxy, C₁-C₈alkoxy, hydroxyC₁-C₈alkoxy, C₁-C₈alkoxy, unsubstituted or substituted C₅-C₁₀arylC₁-C₈alkoxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclyloxy, or unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclylC₁-C₈alkoxy, unsubstituted or substituted amino, C₁-C₈alkylthio, C₁-C₈alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₈alkylsulfonyl, C₅-C₁₀arylsulfonyl, halogen, carboxy, C₁-C₈alkoxycarbonyl, unsubstitued or substituted sulfamoyl, cyano or nitro; or

R⁰ and R¹, R¹ and R², and/or R² and R³ form, together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached, a 5 or 6 membered carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring comprising 0, 1, 2 or 3 heteroatoms selected from N, O and S;

R⁴ is hydrogen or C₁-C₈alkyl;

each of R⁵ and R⁶ independently is hydrogen, C₁-C₈alkyl, C₁-C₈alkoxyC₁-C₈alkyl, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, C₁-C₈alkoxy, halogen, carboxy, C₁-C₈alkoxycarbonyl, unsubstituted or substituted carbamoyl, cyano, or nitro; and

each of R⁷, R⁸, R⁹, and R¹⁰ independently is C₁-C₈alkyl, C₂-C₈alkenyl, C₂-C₈alkinyl, C₃-C₈cycloalkyl, C₅-C₈alkyl, C₅-C₁₀arylC₁-C₈alkyl, hydroxyC₁-C₈alkyl, C₁-C₈alkyl, aminoC₁-C₈alkyl, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, unsubstituted or substituted C₅-C₁₀aryl, unsubstituted or substituted 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl comprising 1, 2 or 3 hetero atoms selected from N, O and S, hydroxy, C₁-C₈alkoxy, hydroxyC₁-C₈alkoxy, C₁-C₈alkoxy, haloC₁-C₈alkoxy, unsubstituted or substituted C₅-C₁₀arylC₁-C₈alkoxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclylC₁-c₈alkoxy, or unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclylC₁-

 C_8 alkoxy, unsubstitued or substituted amino, C_1 - C_8 alkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_8 alkylsulfonyl, C_5 - C_{10} arylsulfonyl, halogen, carboxy, C_1 - C_8 alkoxycarbonyl, unsubstitued or substituted carbamoyl, unsubstituted or substituted sulfamoyl, cyano or nitro; wherein R^7 , R^8 and R^9 independently of each other can also be hydrogen;

or R⁷ and R⁸, R⁸ and R⁹, and/or R⁹ and R¹⁰ form together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached, a 5 or 6 membered carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring comprising 0, 1, 2 or 3 heteroatoms selected from N, O and S;

A is C or N; and salts thereof.

- 2. A compound of formula I according to claim 1, wherein
- each of R⁰ or R² independently is hydrogen, C₁-C₈alkyl, hydroxyC₁-C₈alkyl, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, unsubstituted or substituted C₅-C₁₀aryl, unsubstituted or substituted 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl comprising 1 or 2 hetero atoms selected from N, O and S, C₁-C₈alkoxy, haloC₁-C₈alkoxy, C₅-C₁₀aryloxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclyloxy, unsubstituted or substituted amino, C₁-C₈alkylsulfonyl, halogen, unsubstituted or substituted carbamoyl, unsubstituted or substituted sulfamoyl;
- R¹ is hydrogen, C₁-C₂alkyl, hydroxyC₁-C₂alkyl, haloC₁-C₂alkyl, unsubstituted or substituted C₅-C₁₀aryl, unsubstituted or substituted 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl comprising 1 or 2 hetero atoms selected from N, O and S, C₁-C₂alkoxy, haloC₁-C₂alkoxy, C₅-C₁₀aryloxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclyloxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclyloxy, unsubstituted or substituted sulfamoyl;
- R³ is hydrogen, C₁-C₈alkyl, hydroxyC₁-C₈alkyl, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, unsubstituted or substituted 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl comprising 1 or 2 heteroatoms selected from N, O and S, C₁-C₈alkoxy, substituted amino, C₁-C₈alkylsulfonyl, C₅-C₁₀arylsulfonyl, halogen, carboxy, substituted or unsubstituted carbamoyl, unsubstituted or substituted sulfamoyl; or
- each pair of adjacent substituents R^0 and R^1 , or R^1 and R^2 , or R^2 and R^3 is -CH₂-NH-CO-, -CH₂-CH₂-CO-NH-, -CH₂-CO-NH-, -CH₂-NH-SO₂-, -CH₂-CH₂-NH-SO₂-, -CH₂-CH₂-NH-SO₂-, -CH₂-CH

R⁴ is hydrogen or C₁-C₈alkyl;

R⁵ is hydrogen; C₁-C₈alkyl, halogen, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, cyano or nitro;

R⁶ is hydrogen;

- each of R⁷ and R⁹ independently is hydrogen, C₁-C₈alkyl, hydroxyC₁-C₈alkyl, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, unsubstituted or substituted C₅-C₁₀aryl, unsubstituted or substituted 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl comprising 1 or 2 hetero atoms selected from N, O and S, C₁-C₈alkoxy, haloC₁-C₈alkoxy, C₅-C₁₀aryloxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclyloxy, unsubstituted or substituted amino, C₁-C₈alkylsulfonyl, halogen, unsubstituted or substituted carbamoyl, unsubstituted or substituted sulfamoyl;
- R⁸ is hydrogen, C₁-C₈alkyl, hydroxyC₁-C₈alkyl, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, C₅-C₁₀aryl, unsubstituted or substituted 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl comprising 1 or 2 hetero atoms selected from N, O and S, C₁-C₈alkoxy, haloC₁-C₈alkoxy, C₅-C₁₀aryloxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclyloxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclylC₁-C₈alkoxy, unsubstituted or substituted amino, C₁-C₈alkylsulfonyl, halogen, unsubstituted or substituted carbamoyl, unsubstituted or substituted sulfamoyl, cyano, or nitro; and
- R¹⁰ is C₁-C₈alkyl, hydroxyC₁-C₈alkyl, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, C₁-C₈alkoxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclylC₁-C₈alkoxy, unsubstituted or substituted amino, halogen, carboxy, carbamoyl, or unsubstituted or substituted sulfamoyl; or
- each pair of adjacent substituents R⁷ and R⁸, or R⁸ and R⁹ or R⁹ and R¹⁰, is –NH-CH=CH-, CH=CH-NH-, –NH-N=CH-, –CH=N-NH-, -CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-, -CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-, -CH₂-CH₂-, -CH₂-CH₂-O-, -CH=CH-O-, -O-CH₂-O-, or -O-CF₂-O-;
 A is C or N.

3. A compound of formula I according to claim 1, wherein

- each of R⁰ or R² independently is hydrogen, C₁-C₈alkyl, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, unsubstituted or substituted 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl comprising 1 or 2 hetero atoms selected from N, O and S, C₁-C₈alkoxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclyloxy, unsubstituted or substituted amino, or halogen;
- R¹ is hydrogen, C₁-C₈alkyl, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, unsubstituted or substituted 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl comprising 1 or 2 hetero atoms selected from N, O and S, C₁-C₈alkoxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclyloxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclylC₁-C₈alkoxy, unsubstituted or substituted amino, halogen;
- R³ is hydrogen, C₁-C₈alkyl, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, unsubstituted or substituted 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl comprising 1 or 2 heteroatoms selected from N, O and S, C₁-C₈alkoxy,

substituted amino, C_1 - C_8 alkylsulfonyl, C_5 - C_{10} arylsulfonyl, halogen, carboxy, substituted or unsubstituted carbamoyl, or unsubstituted or substituted sulfamoyl; or

each pair of adjacent substituents R⁰ and R¹, or R¹ and R², or R² and R³ is -CH₂-NH-CO-, -CH₂-NH-SO₂-, -CH₂-CH₂-SO₂-, -O-CH₂-O-, or -O-CF₂-O-, and such pairs wherein hydrogen in NH is replaced by C₁-C₈alkyl;

R⁴ is hydrogen:

R⁵ is hydrogen, haloG₁-C₂alkyl, or nitro;

R⁶ is hydrogen;

- each of R⁷ and R⁹ independently is hydrogen, C₁-C₈alkyl, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, unsubstituted or substituted C₅-C₁₀aryl, unsubstituted or substituted 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl comprising 1 or 2 hetero atoms selected from N, O and S, C₁-C₈alkoxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclyloxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclylC₁-C₈alkoxy, unsubstituted or substituted or substituted carbamoyl, or unsubstituted or substituted sulfamoyl;
- R⁸ is hydrogen, C₁-C₈alkyl, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, C₅-C₁₀aryl, unsubstituted or substituted 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl comprising 1 or 2 hetero atoms selected from N, O and S, C₁-C₈alkoxy, haloC₁-C₈alkoxy, C₅-C₁₀aryloxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclyloxy, unsubstituted or substituted amino, halogen, unsubstituted or substituted sulfamoyl, or nitro; and
- R¹⁰ is C₁-C₈alkyl, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, C₁-C₈alkoxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclylC₁-C₈alkoxy, unsubstituted or substituted amino, or halogen; or
- each pair of adjacent substituents R⁷ and R⁸, or R⁸ and R⁹ or R⁹ and R¹⁰, is –NH-CH=CH-, -CH=CH-NH-, -NH-N=CH-, -CH=N-NH-, -CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-, -CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-, -O-CH₂-O-, or -O-CF₂-O-;

A is C or N.

- 4. A compound of formula I according to claim 1, wherein
- each of R⁰ or R² independently is hydrogen, piperazino, N-methylpiperazino or 1-methyl-4piperidyloxy;
- R¹ is hydrogen, piperazino, N-methylpiperazino, morpholino, 1-methyl-4-piperidinyloxy, 3-morpholinopropoxy or 2-morpholinoethoxy;
- R³ is sulfamoyl, methylsulfamoyl or propylsulfamoyl; or
- the pair of adjacent substituents R⁰ and R¹, or R¹ and R² is -O-CH₂-O-, or the pair of adjacent substituents R² and R³ is -CH₂-NH-CO- or -CH₂-NH-SO₂-;

- 175 -

R⁴ is hydrogen;

R⁵ is hydrogen, chloro, bromo, trifluoromethyl or nitro;

R⁶ is hydrogen;

- each of R⁷ and R⁹ independently is hydrogen, C₁-C₈alkyl, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, unsubstituted or substituted C₅-C₁₀aryl, unsubstituted or substituted 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl comprising 1 or 2 hetero atoms selected from N, O and S, C₁-C₈alkoxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclyloxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclylC₁-C₈alkoxy, unsubstituted or substituted or substituted carbamoyl, or unsubstituted or substituted sulfamoyl;
- R⁸ is hydrogen, C₁-C₈alkyl, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, C₅-C₁₀aryl, unsubstituted or substituted 5 or 6 membered heterocyclyl comprising 1 or 2 hetero atoms selected from N, O and S, C₁-C₈alkoxy, haloC₁-C₈alkoxy, C₅-C₁₀aryloxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclyloxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclylC₁-C₈alkoxy, unsubstituted or substituted amino, halogen, unsubstituted or substituted sulfamoyl, or nitro; and
- R¹⁰ is C₁-C₈alkyl, haloC₁-C₈alkyl, C₁-C₈alkoxy, unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclylC₁-C₈alkoxy, unsubstituted or substituted amino, or halogen; or
- each pair of adjacent substituents R⁷ and R⁸, or R⁸ and R⁹ or R⁹ and R¹⁰, is –NH-CH=CH-, -CH=CH-NH-, -NH-N=CH-, -CH=N-NH-, -CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-, -CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-, -O-CH₂-O-, or -O-CF₂-O-;

A is C or N.

- 5. A compound of formula I according to claim 1, wherein
- each of R⁰ or R² independently is hydrogen, piperazino, N-methylpiperazino or 1-methyl-4-piperidyloxy;
- R¹ is hydrogen, piperazino, N-methylpiperazino, morpholino, 1-methyl-4-piperidinyloxy, 3-morpholinopropoxy or 2-morpholinoethoxy;

R³ is sulfamoyl, methylsulfamoyl or propylsulfamoyl; or

the pair of adjacent substituents R⁰ and R¹, or R¹ and R² is -O-CH₂-O-, or the pair of adjacent substituents R² and R³ is -CH₂-NH-CO- or -CH₂-NH-SO₂-;

R⁴ is hydrogen;

R⁵ is hydrogen, chloro, bromo, trifluoromethyl or nitro;

R⁶ is hydrogen;

each of R⁷ and R⁹ independently is hydrogen, methyl, isopropyl, trifluoromethyl, phenyl, o-, mor p-methoxyphenyl, piperidino, piperazino, N-methylpiperazino, morpholino, methoxy,

- ethoxy, isopropoxy, phenoxy, 3-morpholinopropoxy, 2-morpholinoethoxy, 2-(1-imidazolyl)ethoxy, dimethylamino, fluoro, morpholinocarbonyl, piperidinocarbonyl, piperazinocarbonyl or cyclohexylcarbamoyl;
- R⁸ is hydrogen, methyl, piperidino, piperazino, N-methylpiperazino, morpholino, methoxy, ethoxy, trifluoromethoxy, phenoxy, 1-methyl-4-piperidyloxy, 3-morpholinopropoxy, 2-morpholinoethoxy, 3-(N-methylpiperazino)-propoxy, methylamino, fluoro, chloro, sulfamoyl or nitro; and
- R¹⁰ is methyl, butyl, methoxy, ethoxy, 2-(1-imidazolyl)ethoxy, methylamino, dimethylamino or fluoro: or
- the pair of adjacent substituents R^7 and R^8 or R^8 and R^9 is -O-CH₂-O- or the pair of adjacent substituents R^9 and R^{10} is -NH-CH=CH-, -CH=N-NH-, -CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-, -CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-or -O-CF₂-O-;

A is C or N.

WO 2004/080980

6. A compound of formula I according to claim 1, wherein each of \mathbb{R}^0 , \mathbb{R}^1 or \mathbb{R}^2 is hydrogen;

R³ is sulfamoyl, methylsulfamoyl or propylsulfamoyl;

R⁴ is hydrogen;

R⁵ is chloro or bromo;

R⁶ is hydrogen;

- each of R⁷ and R⁹ independently is hydrogen, methyl, isopropyl, trifluoromethyl, phenyl, o-, mor p-methoxyphenyl, piperidino, piperazino, N-methylpiperazino, morpholino, methoxy, ethoxy, isopropoxy, phenoxy, 3-morpholinopropoxy, 2-morpholinoethoxy, 2-(1-imidazolyl)ethoxy, dimethylamino, fluoro, morpholinocarbonyl, piperidinocarbonyl or cyclohexylcarbamoyl;
- R⁸ is hydrogen, methyl, piperidino, piperazino, N-methylpiperazino, morpholino, methoxy, ethoxy, trifluoromethoxy, phenoxy, 1-methyl-4-piperidyloxy, 3-morpholinopropoxy, 2-morpholinoethoxy, 3-(N-methylpiperazino)-propoxy, methylamino, fluoro, chloro, sulfamoyl or nitro; and
- R¹⁰ is methyl, butyl, methoxy, ethoxy, 2-(1-imidazolyl)ethoxy, methylamino, dimethylamino or fluoro; or
- the pair of adjacent substituents R⁷ and R⁸ or R⁸ and R⁹ is -O-CH₂-O-, or the pair of adjacent substituents R⁹ and R¹⁰ is -NH-CH=CH-, -CH=N-NH-, -CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-, -CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-or -O-CF₂-O-;

A is C or N.

- 7. The compound of formula I according to claim 1, wherein each of R⁰, R¹ or R² is hydrogen, R³ is methylsulfamoyl, R⁴ is hydrogen, R⁵ is bromo, R⁶ is hydrogen, each of R⁷ and R⁸ is methoxy, R⁹ is hydrogen, and R¹⁰ is methyl, and A is C or N.
- 8. The compound of formula I according to claim 1, wherein each of R⁰, R¹ or R² is hydrogen, R³ is methylsulfamoyl, R⁴ is hydrogen, R⁵ is bromo, R⁶ is hydrogen, each of R⁷ and R⁸ is hydrogen, and the pair of adjacent substituents R⁹ and R¹⁰ is -CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-, and A is C or N.
- 9. The compound of formula 2-{5-Chloro-2-[4-(3-methylamino-pyrrolidin-1-yl)-phenylamino]-pyrimidin-4-ylamino}-N-isopropyl-benzenesulfonamide.
- 10. A process for the production of a compound of formula I according to claim 1, comprising reacting a compound of formula II

$$R^{1}$$
 R^{5}
 R^{5}
 R^{5}
 R^{6}
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
(II)

wherein R^0 , R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , and R^6 are as defined in claim 1, and Y is a leaving group, with a compound of formula III

$$H_2N$$
 R^7
 R^8
 R^9
 R^{10}
 R^{10}
 R^{10}
 R^{10}

wherein R^7 , R^8 , R^9 and R^{10} are as defined in claim 1;

and, if desired, converting a compound of formula I, wherein the substituents have the meaning as defined in claim 1, into another compound of formula I as defined in claim 1;

- 178 -

and recovering the resulting compound of formula I in free from or as a salt, and, when required, converting the compound of formula I obtained in free form into the desired salt, or an obtained salt into the free form.

- 11. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 9, as active ingredient together with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable diluents or carriers.
- 12. The use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 9 for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment or prevention of neoplastic diseases and immune system disorders.
- 13. A combination comprising a therapeutically effective amount a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 9 and one or more further drug substances, said further drug substance being useful in the treatment of neoplastic diseases or immune system disorders.
- 14. A method for the treatment of neoplastic diseases and immune system disorders in a subject in need thereof which comprises administering an effective amount of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 9 or a pharmaceutical composition comprising same.
- 15. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 9 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment or prevention of a disease which responds to inhibition of focal adhesion kinase or/and IGF-1 Receptor.
- 16. The use according to claim 15, wherein the disease to be treated is selected from proliferative disease.
- 17. The use according to claim 16, wherein the proliferative disease to be treated is selected from a tumor of, breast, renal, prostate, colorectal, thyroid, ovarian, pancreas, neuronal, lung, uterine and gastro-intestinal tumours as well as osteosarcomas and melanomas.
- 18. The use according to claim 15, wherein the disease to be treated is an immune disease.

WO 2004/080980 PCT

19. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 9 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment or prevention of inflammatory and/or an immune disorder.

- 179 -

PCT/EP2004/002616

- 20. Use according to claim 19 wherein the inflammatory and/or immune disorder is selected from transplant rejection, allergy and autoimmune disorders mediated by immune cells including T lymphocytes, B lymphocytes, macrophages, dendritic cells, mast cells and eosinophils.
- 21. The use according to any one of claims 14 to 19, wherein the compound is 2-[5-Bromo-2-(2-methoxy-5-morpholin-4-yl-phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 22. The use according to any one of claims 14 to 19, wherein the compound is selected from 2-[5-chloro-2-(2-methoxy-4-morpholin-4-yl-phenylamino)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-N-methyl-benzamide, N²-(4-[1,4']Bipiperidinyl-1'-yl-2-methoxy-phenyl)-5-chloro-N⁴-[2-(propane-1-sulfonyl)-phenyl]-pyrimidine-2,4-diamine and 2-{5-Chloro-2-[2-methoxy-4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenylamino]-pyrimidin-4-ylamino}-N-isopropyl-benzenesulfonamide, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.



A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 7 C07D239/48 C07D405/12

A61K31/506

A61K35/00

CO7D403/12 A61P37/00

CO7D401/12 A61P29/00

CO7D401/14

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

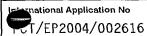
Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 7 C07D

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, CHEM ABS Data, BEILSTEIN Data, WPI Data

	ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of	the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No
Х	WO 03/018021 A1 (AMGEN INC., 6 March 2003 (2003-03-06) page 186, line 15 - page 189, examples 67,69,70,236-240,251	line 8;	1-22
X	EP 1 054 004 A1 (YAMANOUCHI P CO., LTD., JAPAN) 22 November 2000 (2000-11-22) table 3, Ex.7; table 5, Ex.8, 1; table 9; compounds 121-124	39,40. claim	1-14
X Furth	ner documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	χ Patent family members are listed	l in annex.
° Special ca 'A' docume consid 'E' earlier of filing d 'L' docume which citation 'O' docume other n 'P' docume	tegories of cited documents: ent defining the general state of the art which is not ered to be of particular relevance document but published on or after the international ate in which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or is cited to establish the publication date of another or other special reason (as specified) ent referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or	*T* later document published after the into or priority date and not in conflict with cited to understand the principle or the invention of the cannot be considered novel or cannot involve an inventive step when the decannot be considered to involve an indocument is combined with one or ments, such combination being obviding the art.	ternational filing date the ham the application but theory underlying the claimed invention to be considered to ocument is taken alone claimed invention the claimed invention the step when the the core other such docu- bus to a person skilled
° Special ca "A" docume consid "E" earlier of filing d "L" docume which citation "O" docume other n "P" docume later th	tegories of cited documents: ent defining the general state of the art which is not ered to be of particular relevance document but published on or after the international ate in the which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or is cited to establish the publication date of another or other special reason (as specified) entering to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or neans int published prior to the international filing date but	*T* later document published after the into or priority date and not in conflict with cited to understand the principle or the invention of particular relevance; the cannot be considered novel or cannot involve an inventive step when the document of particular relevance; the cannot be considered to involve an indocument is combined with one or ments, such combination being obvidin the art.	ternational filing date h the application but heory underlying the claimed invention by the considered to ocument is taken alone claimed invention hventive step when the hore other such docu— bus to a person skilled
° Special ca 'A' docume consid 'E' earlier of filing d 'L' docume which citation 'O' docume other n 'P' docume later th	ent defining the general state of the art which is not ered to be of particular relevance locument but published on or after the international attempts of the state of the state of another or other special reason (as specified) ent referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or means and prior to the international filing date but an the priority date claimed	*T* later document published after the interpretation or priority date and not in conflict with cited to understand the principle or the invention *X* document of particular relevance; the cannot be considered novel or cannot involve an inventive step when the divident of particular relevance; the cannot be considered to involve an indocument is combined with one or ments, such combination being obvious in the art.	ternational filing date h the application but heory underlying the claimed invention by the considered to ocument is taken alone claimed invention hventive step when the hore other such docu— bus to a person skilled



Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages GHOSH D ET AL:	Relevant to claim No.
GHOSH D ET AL:	
	1 12
"2,4-BIS(ARYLAMINO)-5-METHYLPYRIMIDINES AS ANTIMICROBIAL AGENTS" JOURNAL OF MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY, vol. 10, no. 5, March 1967 (1967-03), page 974, XP001000379 ISSN: 0022-2623 table I; compound V	1-13
GHONEIM K M ET AL: "SYNTHESIS AND EVALUATION OF SOME 2-, 4- AND 2,4-DI-SUBSTITUTED-6-METH YLPYRIMIDNE DERIVATIVES FOR ANTIMICROBIAL ACTIVITY" JOURNAL OF THE INDIAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY, THE INDIAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY, CALCUTTA, IN, vol. 63, no. 10, October 1986 (1986-10), pages 914-917, XP000985005 ISSN: 0019-4522 compounds 2A,2B,2D	1-13
GHOSH D: "2,4-BIS(ARYLAMINO)-6-METHYL PYRIMIDINES AS ANTIMICROBIAL AGENTS" JOURNAL OF THE INDIAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY, vol. 58, no. 5, May 1981 (1981-05), pages 512-513, XP000918018 ISSN: 0019-4522 table I; compound VIII	1-13
WO 01/60816 A1 (AMGEN INC., USA) 23 August 2001 (2001-08-23) page 18, line 22 - line 27; claims 1,19-24; examples 36,37	1-22
WO 00/39101 A (BREAULT GLORIA ANNE ; PEASE JANET ELIZABETH (GB); ASTRAZENECA UK LTD () 6 July 2000 (2000-07-06) page 2, line 1 - line 9; claims 1,12	1–22
WO 97/19065 A (CELLTECH THERAPEUTICS LTD ; DAVIS PETER DAVID (GB); MOFFAT DAVID FESTU) 29 May 1997 (1997-05-29) page 1, line 35 - page 2, line 4; claim 1	1-22
WO 01/65655 A (HYDE DOUGLAS) 7 September 2001 (2001-09-07) page 2, line 1 - line 9; claim 1	1–22
WO 03/078404 A1 (NOVARTIS AG., SWITZ.; NOVARTIS PHARMA G.M.B.H.) 25 September 2003 (2003-09-25) claims 1,4-10	1–22
	ANTIMICROBIAL AGENTS" JOURNAL OF MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY, vol. 10, no. 5, March 1967 (1967-03), page 974, XP001000379 ISSN: 0022-2623 table I; compound V GHONEIM K M ET AL: "SYNTHESIS AND EVALUATION OF SOME 2-, 4- AND 2,4-DI-SUBSTITUTED-6-METH YLPYRIMIDNE DÉRIVATIVES FOR ANTIMICROBIAL ACTIVITY" JOURNAL OF THE INDIAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY, Vol. 63, no. 10, October 1986 (1986-10), pages 914-917, XP000985005 ISSN: 0019-4522 compounds 2A,2B,2D GHOSH D: "2,4-BIS(ARYLAMINO)-6-METHYL PYRIMIDINES AS ANTIMICROBIAL ACENTS" JOURNAL OF THE INDIAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY, vol. 58, no. 5, May 1981 (1981-05), pages 512-513, XP000918018 ISSN: 0019-4522 table I; compound VIII WO 01/60816 A1 (AMGEN INC., USA) 23 August 2001 (2001-08-23) page 18, line 22 - line 27; claims 1,19-24; examples 36,37 WO 00/39101 A (BREAULT GLORIA ANNE; PEASE JANET ELIZABETH (GB); ASTRAZENECA UK LTD () 6 July 2000 (2000-07-06) page 2, line 1 - line 9; claims 1,12 WO 97/19065 A (CELLTECH THERAPEUTICS LTD; DAVIS PETER DAVID (GB); MOFFAT DAVID FESTU) 29 May 1997 (1997-05-29) page 1, line 35 - page 2, line 4; claim 1 WO 01/65655 A (HYDE DOUGLAS) 7 September 2001 (2001-09-07) page 2, line 1 - line 9; claim 1 WO 03/078404 A1 (NOVARTIS AG., SWITZ.; NOVARTIS PHARMA G.M.B.H.) 25 September 2003 (2003-09-25)

T/EP2004/002616

C (Caption	ation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	FC1/EP2004/002616
Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Oategory	olidion of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the jetevant passages	Helevall to claim No.
P,X	WO 2004/002964 A1 (YAMANOUCHI PHARMACEUTICAL CO., LTD., JAPAN) 8 January 2004 (2004-01-08) page 75; example 3; table 20	1-13
P,X	WO 03/030909 A1 (BAYER CORPORATION, USA) 17 April 2003 (2003-04-17) examples 12,104,106,110	1-14
P,Y	WO 03/063794 A2 (RIGEL PHARMACEUTICALS, INC., USA) 7 August 2003 (2003-08-07) claim 1	1-13
	210 (continuation of second sheet) (January 2004)	

Information on patent family members

hternational Application No T/EP2004/002616

					CI/ LI &	2004/002616
Patent document cited in search report		Publication date		Patent family member(s)		Publication date
WO 03018021	A1	06-03-2003	US EP	2004063705 1427421		01-04-2004 16-06-2004
EP 1054004	A1	22-11-2000	AU US WO	1507199 6432963 9931073	B1	05-07-1999 13-08-2002 24-06-1999
WO 0160816	A1	23-08-2001	AU CA CN EP HU JP US US	3704101 2400447 1429222 1257546 0301117 2003532635 2003199534 2002052386	A1 T A1 A2 T A1	27-08-2001 23-08-2001 09-07-2003 20-11-2002 29-12-2003 05-11-2003 23-10-2003 02-05-2002
WO 0039101	A	06-07-2000	AU AU BR CA CN EP WO JP NO NZ US ZA	763091 1874300 9916590 2352896 1335838 1140860 0039101 2002533446 20013038 512118 6593326 200104413	A A1 T A1 A1 T A A B1	10-07-2003 31-07-2000 23-10-2001 06-07-2000 13-02-2002 10-10-2001 06-07-2000 08-10-2002 22-08-2001 29-08-2003 15-07-2003 29-08-2002
WO 9719065	А	29-05-1997	AU DE DE EP ES WO US	7631496 69627179 69627179 0862560 2195020 9719065 6235746 5958935	D1 T2 A1 T3 A1 B1	11-06-1997 08-05-2003 29-01-2004 09-09-1998 01-12-2003 29-05-1997 22-05-2001 28-09-1999
WO 0165655	A	07-09-2001	US AU WO CA EP EP US	6376770 3354901 0165655 2401436 1260006 1376800 2003124905	A A2 A1 A2 A1	23-04-2002 12-09-2001 07-09-2001 07-09-2001 27-11-2002 02-01-2004 03-07-2003
WO 03078404	A1	25-09-2003	NONE			
WO 2004002964	A1	08-01-2004	NONE			
WO 03030909	A1	17-04-2003	NONE			
WO 03063794	A2	07-08-2003	US WO WO WO US	2004029902 03063333 03061449 03063390 03063391 2003137264	A1 A1 A2 A2	12-02-2004 31-07-2003 31-07-2003 31-07-2003 31-07-2003 24-07-2003

Information on patent family members



2003137263 A1	24 27 222
2003137203 A1 2003142982 A1 2003170033 A1 2004014382 A1	24-07-2003 31-07-2003 11-09-2003 19-02-2004
	2003170033 A1